

OHIO A RAGING TORRENT AT CAIRO: FLOODS CARRY DEATH

Thousands in Danger Zone in Flight When Levees Go and Water Wall Sweeps Unchecked in Many Towns

CAIRO, Ill., April 2.—The highest stage of the Ohio river ever recorded here was reached tonight when the river gauge showed 54.4 feet. This exceeds the former high water mark by 3 of a foot. The river is still rising and the town is in a state of expectancy never before experienced here. Reports of flood damage in other cities were received here nearly every hour, but it was impossible to verify these reports from Cairo.

One of the most thrilling stories to reach here tonight was brought by Capt. S. A. Martin and Capt. H. A. Jamieson of the Sixth regiment, Missouri national guard. They had been rescued in a launch from a section of the levee which had broken away at Birds Point, Mo., just below here. They declared 36 of their men were on a section of the levee 200 yards long and 10 feet wide, which was floating down the Mississippi.

Commander McMunn of the Illinois naval reserves at once secured a steam launch and set out to rescue the Missouri soldiers. The Sixth Missouri regiment was on duty at Birds Point, which has been threatened by flood waters for several days.

TWO ARE KILLED IN BURLINGTON WRECK

Seven Others Badly Injured When Trains Collide at Wakeley, Wyo.

SHERIDAN, Wyo., April 2.—Two men were killed and one fatally hurt and seven others badly injured this afternoon when two Burlington passenger trains collided head-on at Wakeley, five miles east of here.

The dead: WALTER TAYLOR, Sheridan, route agent for the Adams Express Co.; BUMP MOBBERRY, Tacoma, Wash. The injured: G. A. Hart, freight auditor Burlington; Sheridan; hips crushed, serious; Gus Holden, engineer westbound train, leg and hand crushed, will die; W. J. Stine, Sheridan; feet smashed, serious; Steve Bupppe, Monarch, both legs smashed, serious; C. E. Robinson, Denver; left foot mangled, back wrenched.

Sam Rosenfield, East Street, New York; both legs injured, right hand and wrist mangled. J. C. Page, Walla, Walla, Wash.; right foot mangled, left ankle hurt. T. L. Taylor, Owensboro, Ky.; left knee injured and back sprained. S. D. Cox, Hampton, Neb.; legs smashed, right wrist cut, head mangled. Engineer Miller of the eastbound train is alleged to have failed to obey his orders to take the siding at Wakeley to allow the westbound train to pass, and the latter crashed into his train.

The smoking car on the eastbound train was telescoped completely and it was here that practically all of the dead and injured were found. Both trains were badly wrecked. A relief train with doctors and nurses went out from this city and brought the injured to the hospitals here.

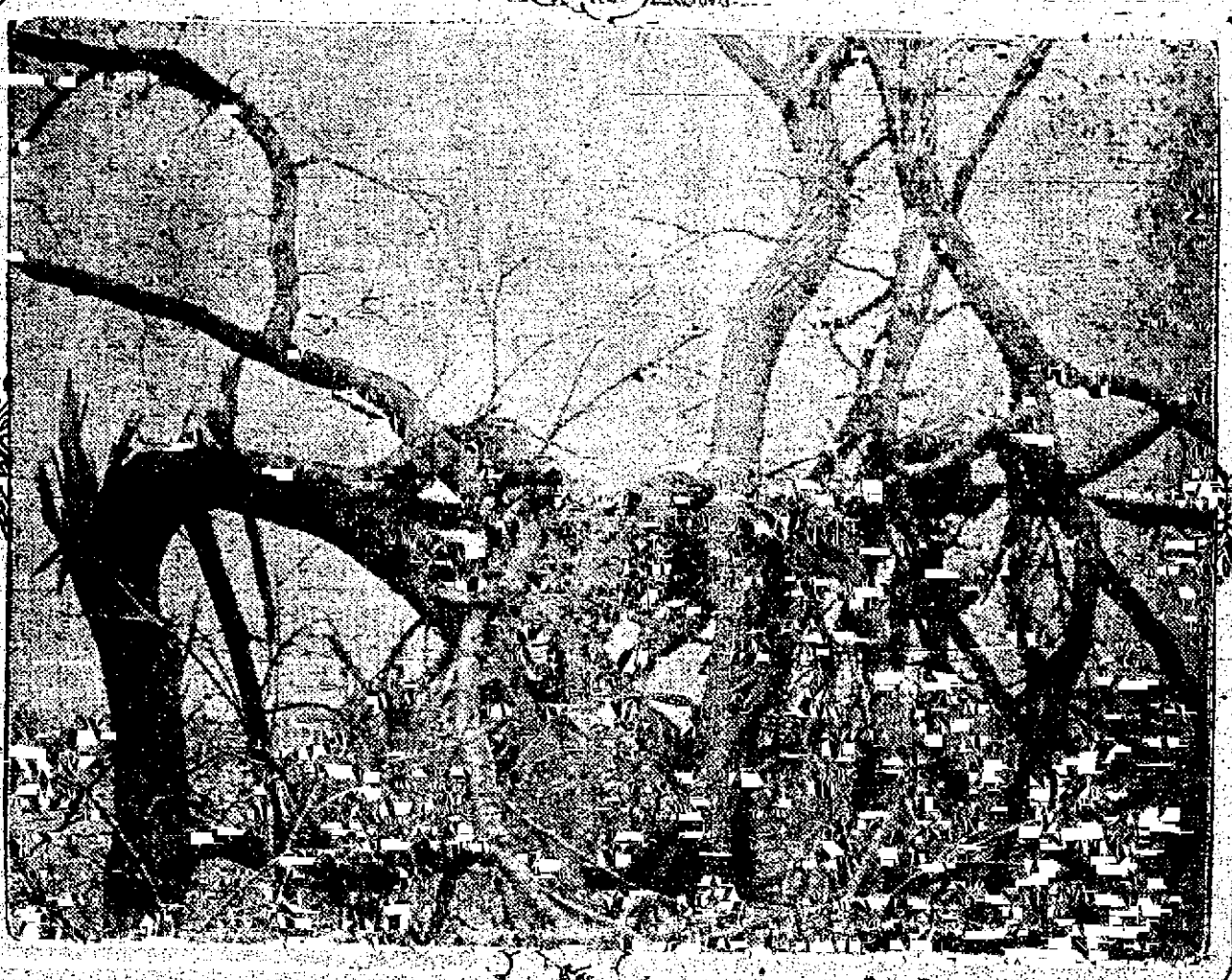
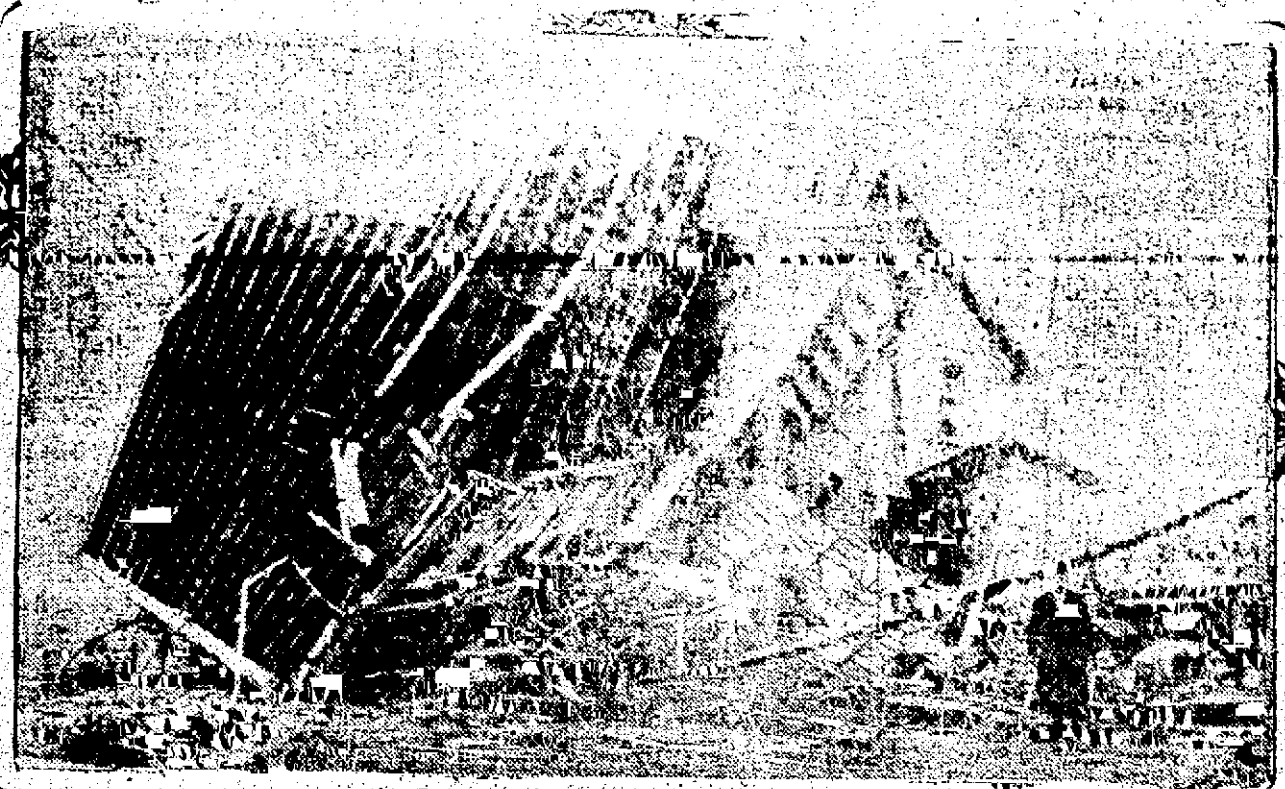
CRIMINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST STATE ROADS

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The investigation by Commissioner Harlan of the interstate commerce commission into the practice of Colorado railroads of giving free transportation has brought sensational results. Criminal indictments of large shippers and the offending carriers have been returned. Commissioner Harlan personally conducted an investigation and in his own characterization of the situation, he "developed violations of the law on an extraordinary scale."

Mr. Harlan says in a preliminary report handed down today that "in one month over a single railroad 7,000 trips were made on passes. Not only shippers who controlled routing of traffic in any appreciable quantity were favored at all, but even public officials, careless alike of duty, morals and danger, accepted, even demanded, the favors of the carriers."

The record shows that judges, state officials, members of the legislature, city and county officials, including mayors and aldermen, have made general use of passes. Not only has this been the case, but the record

SOME FREAKS OF THE OMAHA TORNADO



The accompanying photographs, made immediately after the tornado of Easter Sunday tore through Omaha, illustrate the havoc which played by the terrible wind storm. Above is shown a handsome suburban residence, just outside of Omaha, toppled from its foundations. Below is shown the body of Frank Jamieson, aged 24, of Chicago, before it had been removed from the tree in Bensenville, where it had been whirled by the tornado. Copyright by International News Service.

POWERS TO COMPEL MONTENEGRO TO GIVE UP MOST PRECIOUS FRUITS OF LONG WAR

With Scutari in Her Grasp Little Country Is to Be Awed by Great Demonstration

LONDON, April 2.—Just as Montenegro has scored her first real success by getting a foothold at Tatabosch, the key to Scutari, the warships of the powers are gathering along the coast to compel her to give up the most precious fruits of five months' fighting.

After a series of desperate engagements, the Montenegrins, assisted by the Serbians, practically are in command of Tatabosch. Simultaneously with the arrival of the news came the further information that Austrian warships are anchored off Antivari and that British and Italian warships are on their way to join them for the purpose of making a demonstration which is approved by all the powers, not excepting Russia.

Should the demonstration prove ineffective, it is said, the Montenegrin ports of Antivari and Dubocina will be occupied. When the Montenegrin trouble is out of the way, it is likely that the powers will have to deal with Servia. Servia has informed the British minister that it was impossible to withdraw her troops from Scutari, as Servia is bound to Montenegro until peace has been signed, and that any drawing back at the present time would be the death knell of the Balkan alliance.

Servia, too, is reported to be preparing for the permanent occupation of Durazzo. This action would be directly contrary to the decision of the powers. Elsewhere matters are moving smoothly. An agreement, practically

has been reached with regard to the boundary between Turkey and Bulgaria, although Bulgaria is guarding against any step in the peace negotiations and is moving virtually the whole of her Adriatic army to Tatabosch. The captured town will be left in possession of the Serbians.

A partial agreement also is reported as having been arranged between Bulgaria and Roumania, the latter getting Silistria.

These bomb threats were all picked up from a series of hotel notices, "flaming up the mountain side under a murderous fire from the Turkish guns, they on the other hand, withdrew her troops from Scutari, as Servia is bound to Montenegro until peace has been signed, and that any drawing back at the present time would be the death knell of the Balkan alliance."

TWO MORE DIE FROM INJURY IN TORNADO

Mayor of Omaha Sets Aside Saturday and Sunday as Cleanup Days

OMAHA, April 2.—Easter Sunday's tornado claimed two more victims today. Cyril H. Russell, aged 62 years, injured the night of the disaster by falling timber, died from the effects of his wounds in a local hospital. The other death was that of the five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ludington. The little girl had been convalescing from an attack of scarlet fever and exposure after the storm hastened her death.

Mayor James C. Dahlman issued a proclamation declaring Saturday and Sunday, April 5 and 6, volunteer cleanup days. He also urged all mercantile firms to grant their employees a holiday Saturday so that their services might be employed in the proposed cleanup of the devastated district.

OFF ON VISIT, FAMILY IS KILLED IN PRARIE FIRE

FAIRVIEW, Okla., April 2.—Grant Leslie, his wife and their seven-year-old son perished in a prairie fire that swept out of a nearby county yesterday. Their bodies were found today.

Leslie and his family started from Fairview home at a point eight miles from Fairview, Okla. The fire overtook them before they reached their destination.

Asks Punishment of Mexican Who Shot and Killed American

WASHINGTON, April 2.—An investigation by the American embassy at Mexico City into the killing of Albert H. Lawrence, an American citizen, has developed the information that Lawrence was shot Monday night by one of his employees at Potosi, in the state of Vera Cruz. The embassy has demanded that the Mexican government arrest and punish whoever is responsible for the murder.

WILSON TO REMOVE TARIFF FROM RAW WOOL AND SUGAR

Attitude of Senate Matter of Conjecture; Abolition of Duty Means Loss of About \$53,000,000 in Revenue Annually

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Removal of all tariff from raw wool has been agreed upon between President Wilson and members of the house committee on ways and means as the result of conferences that ended today. The present plan, which will have the unanimous endorsement of the Democratic members of the committee, provides that wool shall be placed on the free list and for which the free wool members of the house have fought for two years.

The concession to President Wilson and the free wool advocates takes the place of the 15 per cent duty which the committee had agreed upon. This, in turn, was a reduction from the 20 per cent duty of the Democratic-Kothen negotiation which passed the house last summer but failed to become a law. The free wool agreement, it is claimed by the Democrats tonight, is expected to bring Secretary of State Bryan into full accord with the tariff revision program.

The free wool Democrats have pressed their fight before President Wilson at conferences in which Representatives Harrison of New York and Caffery of Illinois, both members of the ways and means committee, have been the leading figures. Representative Harrison, backed by Mr. Bryan, made an ardent fight in the last congress to secure endorsement of the free wool policy.

The understanding arrived at today is that the ways and means committee will complete its bill with the free wool provision incorporated and with a unanimous report from its Democratic members, and that the president will make known his thorough accord with it. The reception that may be given the free wool plan by the senate remains still a matter of conjecture.

To Meet Smith and Stone. President Wilson is to meet Senator Simmons, chairman of the Finance committee, and Senators Hoke Smith and Stone tomorrow night, and it is expected that the attitude of the senate then will be made clear.

Under the existing law, wool carries a duty of approximately 11 cents per pound, or about 40 per cent when figured on the ad valorem basis. It is estimated that the abolition of the duty will cause a loss of approximately \$53,000,000 to the present government. But Democratic tariff leaders claim it will bring about a substitution of a new tariff.

These kindred questions, the president has not yet decided absolutely, but from what he told his cabinet today there was a well defined impression of his inclinations.

The president seems enough to revision by a single bill. He thinks the income tax question can only be decided after an agreement has been reached on tariff rates. He believes that sugar should go on the free list, but is open to conviction on that point.

Would Destroy Industry. The president has been hearing arguments that people in Louisiana could reduce their business to meet the new conditions imposed by the removal of the tariff on sugar. But Colonel Robert Ewing, national committee man from Louisiana, has been presenting the other side of the question and when he left the White house (Continued on Page Two.)

P. B. STEWART BUYS CALIFORNIA ESTATE

Prominent Local Broker and Progressive Pays \$60,000 for 96 Acres

Philip B. Stewart, prominent Colorado Springs broker and a leader in the Progressive party in Colorado, having been its candidate before the primaries for governor last fall, has purchased 96 acres of land near Santa Barbara, Calif., where he intends to build a beautiful country estate. A tract of 46 acres, known as Somerville, and another tract adjoining were included in the purchase, the price for the two being \$60,000. With his brother-in-law, William H. Cowles, publisher of the Spokesman-Review of Spokane, who purchased 14 acres, he intends to make a handsome appointed estate, using landscape gardening to carry out his plans.

Mr. Stewart left Colorado Springs for a visit on the coast several months ago. He will retain his residence here, having an attractive residence at 1225 Wood avenue.

HOUSE OF COMMONS IS DIVIDED OVER BILL

LONDON, April 2.—In discussing a bill to circumvent "hunger strikes" by suffragettes, Reginald McKenna, the British home secretary, urged the house of commons today not to attach too much importance to the "describable state of suffering caused by forcible feeding."

"Futility," he said, "is the keynote of the militant suffragette propaganda. Alternately the suffragettes speak the public by the violence of their outcries and attempt to elicit sympathy by publishing tales of their sufferings in prison."

But these prisoners have declared war against society and the government is responsible for law and order. Mr. McKenna said that the proposed law, which provides for the temporary conditional discharge of prisoners whose detention is undesirable or on account of ill health, would give him a power which would make forcible feeding unnecessary.

The home secretary explained that under the existing law, only three courses are open to those responsible for prisoners who begin a hunger strike. They either must be released, forcibly fed, or food placed in their cells, and the prisoners allowed to die if they do not take it.

"At the present time," said the home secretary, "we have no power to release prisoners without permitting their sentences altogether. If the new bill is passed, we can release on ticket of leave prisoners whose health is suffering from want of food."

Charles A. McNulty, a Liberal member, opposed the bill. He said legislation would be wholly unnecessary if the government would extend its treatment to the question of woman suffrage.

James Keir Hardie, the labor leader, moved the rejection of the bill, declaring that the government was itself responsible for the militant campaign. Lord Robert Cecil, Unionist, opposed the bill on the ground that it would not abolish forcible feeding. Asked what his remedy would be Lord Robert replied: "Deportation," but when asked as to how he would prevent the women from going on hunger strike during the voyage, he gave no explanation.

Mr. Hardie's motion to reject the bill was defeated by a vote of 100 to 68, and the second reading of the measure then was carried, 225 to 43.

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Wedding Rings

Are not the only kind we sell. We show diamond rings \$25 upward.

The Johnson Jewelry Co.

SULZER TELLS BARNES TO KEEP HANDS OFF

ALBANY, N. Y., April 2.—Governor Sulzer accused William Barnes, Jr., chairman of the Republican state committee, tonight of having instigated the resolution offered yesterday by Senator Brown requesting the senate judiciary committee to determine what, if any action should be taken by the senate of the legislature in relation to a published letter in which the governor was quoted as having made a proclamation promising to sign the "full crew" bill.

"If Boss Barnes does not keep off of the legislature and keep his hands off the governor, I will get after Mr. Barnes," declared the governor. "Barnes is the man who instigated the resolution. He is a part of the inviolable government. He has no business meddling with the legislature. There would be a howl if Mr. Murphy came here and went into Senator Wagner's room and drew resolutions against the governor. I want Mr. Barnes to keep away from the capitol. He is the Republican boss. The people do not want bosses up here. The people are the bosses now."

AMERICAN INDUSTRY IS JUST AWAKENING

NEW YORK, April 2.—American industry long has been a sleeping giant and is but now awakening; the country is just reaching out to take her place in the commercial arena of the world, in the opinion of William C. Redfield, secretary of commerce, who addressed the graduating class of the New York Trade school tonight.

"ICE!!!"



Let the "El Paso" wagon supply you this season. Ours is made from distilled water.

El Paso Ice and Coal Co.
Telephone 44.

PEARY URGES THREE POLAR EXPEDITIONS

ROME, April 2.—Pearl Admiral Robert E. Peary, speaking today before the International Geographical congress, urged that three Antarctic expeditions be undertaken—one directly to the South pole, a second around the pole and a third to cross it. He expressed the hope that the United States would initiate these expeditions or that some other country could do so, as the polar regions afforded room for the activities of all nations. Admiral Peary said he would give his support and experience in the carrying out of such expeditions, but would not participate personally as in his opinion, younger men were needed.

OHIO A RAGING TORRENT

(Continued From Page One.)
blocks in the city would be out of water.
Lieutenant S. B. Buckner, Jr., U. S. A., and two non-commissioned officers of the regular army, accompanied the steamer Rapids and every power boat they could get today and with three barges started for Cairo. This was done in accordance with orders from the war department.
Lieutenant Buckner said today that relief work was well organized. Small wooden buildings have been erected hastily on the western edge of the city and are occupied as the water rises. Late today there were rations available for 10,000 persons for 10 days.

Despite conditions here, relief work for a large district will be directed from Paducah. Relief work will be started at Brookport and Smithland, both reported seriously affected by the flood. The former is cut off from communication except by boats. Water is four feet deep in parts of Smithland.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 2.—Hundreds of thousands of dollars are needed to relieve suffering among the flood refugees in Indiana according to the report of the general relief committee made public late today. Three thousand families have lost all or part of their home furnishings and an average of at least \$100 will be required for each family, the committee reported. Hundreds of men are needed to clear away the drift left by the flood. Plans for raising money to be made available immediately to the sufferers were discussed and it was decided to start popular subscriptions and designate places for receiving contributions.

Appeals from other cities in the state, said Joseph C. Schatz, one of the investigators for the committee. "The flood victims are helpless. They need money and need it immediately. The committee is trying to hold their jobs and let the women clean up the homes. The latter is a disheartening task for which many women are not physically fitted. Give them money immediately so they can discard their water-soaked belongings. That will give them a new heart."

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The Ohio flood having reached its crest at Cincinnati and started to recede, Mayor Normandy, in charge of the relief operations at that place, made further plans to day to cope with the situation as the great waves into the lower Ohio valley and the Mississippi.

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STATE LEGISLATURE ADJOURNS APRIL 15

DENVER, April 2.—After having passed a resolution to adjourn sine die April 15, both branches of the legislature today got down to cleaning out routine matters and making way for the several important measures now under consideration by them. Several bills of minor importance were passed on third reading by the house and senate.

The conference committee, which had recalled the mine inspection bill at Governor Ammons' request, cut the salaries of mine inspectors materially, also at the governor's request. The chief inspector's salary was cut from \$4,500 a year to \$3,000, and each of the deputies' salaries was reduced from \$3,000 to \$2,100 a year.

The conference committee, passing the public utilities bill announced tonight that it would be ready to report in the morning.
The committee appointed by the legislature to investigate and audit the treasurer's office will report tomorrow. The committee found that under Treasurer Kneeland's administration the office handled \$14,000,000 at an expense of nine-tenths of 1 per cent, and that the treasurer drew checks for amounts ranging from 15 cents to \$15,000. The books balanced exactly. Articles of incorporation were filed with the secretary of state today by the Colorado Power company, capitalized at \$20,000,000. The cost for filing was \$16.15. The new company takes over the properties of the Northern, Central and Eastern Colorado Power companies. The same officers were announced for the new company.

tonight at several big distillery warehouses in the western section of the city which are in danger of collapse. The receding waters have disclosed also weakened foundations under houses in the eastern end of the city, and the police tonight are patrolling that section in boats.

Western Kentucky points continued to report rising water. Owensboro, Henderson and Wickliffe were centers of refuge for inhabitants of the lowlands who are fleeing before the crest of the flood.

COLUMBUS, O., April 2.—The total number of bodies recovered in the west side debris left by the receding floods in the Scioto river had climbed tonight to 40, according to official morgue records. Coroner Benkert, who has made a wide investigation among families, some members of which are missing, said that he estimated that at least 125 bodies would be recovered. Of the 80 bodies, all but three have been identified.

CAIRO, Ill., April 2.—Shortly before midnight Col. S. C. Tripp was informed from Springfield that a group of about 100 men was under way, and that the three main residents were in danger. They were reported to be clinging to house-tops waiting to be rescued. A supply of food and men will be sent there on the boats and barges in charge of Major Buckner, U. S. A., directly after their arrival here. These boats are expected here any minute.

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BELIEVE SUFFRAGETTES TRIED TO BURN CHURCH

LONDON, April 2.—Although there is no direct evidence against them the suffragettes generally are credited with the attempt made in Birmingham to burn the church at St. James' Heath tonight. As the organist was entering the church tonight he found a cupboard ablaze. The fire quickly was extinguished.

American and Anglo-American women continue to invade the American embassy to urge action for the release of Miss Zelle Emerson from Holloway jail. They invariably accept the explanation that the embassy has no power to interfere as long as Miss Emerson is treated as an English prisoner.

The National league, which opposes woman's suffrage, has met with considerable success in its campaign for the repeal of the franchise. It has received up to now \$100,000, which \$15,000 has been subscribed by the Rothschilds. Several subscriptions of \$5,000 have been received, including a check from A. W. Astor.

WE WON'T BREAK WINDOWS, SAYS 'GENERAL' ROSALIE

KINGSTON, N. Y., April 2.—General Rosalie Jones, who led the marching suffragettes to Albany and Washington, was one of the chief speakers at a meeting tonight of Kingston's chamber of commerce.

"Your windows are safe," she told her hearers, "and so far as I am concerned every window in the United States is safe. It is not the spirit of the English suffragettes that actuates us, but the spirit and enterprise which actuated our forefathers in dumping their Boston harbor—taxation without representation."

LAST THING HE DID

Los Angeles Herald.
There had been an explosion in a powder mill, according to a story told by Congressman Tucker of Colorado, and the proprietor, who was away on a pleasure trip, hurried home to make an investigation.



Oxfords for Men

Get ready to enjoy yourself this summer. Take advantage of these warm spring days. Men's Oxfords made by J. & M., by Ralston and by Douglas, prices

\$3.50 and higher

Robbins

POWERS TO COMPEL

(Continued From Page One.)
fight ensued, lasting an hour and ending in victory for the Montenegrins, who lost 300 men killed and wounded.

The tactics followed, particularly in regard to the use of bomb-throwers, were similar to those adopted in the capture of Adrianople. But in the advance on Adrianople the soldiers who cut and divided the wire entanglements surrounding the forts were clad in cuirasses and provided with shields.

At Tashketch the rough mountain-side made it necessary for the Montenegrins to dispense with all impediments.

CETTINJE, April 2.—Four Austrian warships arrived in Montenegro waters this morning. They are anchored about 10 miles off shore between Saut and Dulcigno.

LONDON, April 2.—Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, informed the house of commons today that as Montenegro has resumed the attack on Scutari contrary to the will of the European powers, the latter had decided to proceed with the naval demonstration off the Montenegrin coast. Two British warships, he said, were ready to participate.

PARIS, April 2.—The French government decided today to take part in the naval demonstration on the Montenegrin coast. Action will be taken, however, only after Russia has given her definite approval and has asked France to represent her. The decision of the French government has been communicated to Russia.

Heinzes Reconciled at Wife's Deathbed

NEW YORK, April 2.—Mrs. Bernice Golden Heinze, wife of E. Augustus Heinze, from whom she recently was granted an interlocutory decree of divorce, died late today in her apartment on upper Broadway, of nephritis. With the knowledge yesterday that the end was near, the dying woman begged that Mr. Heinze be sent for. He came hurriedly and they were reconciled. Her husband remained at her side to the last.

BROADWAY CAFES FIGHT EARLY CLOSING ORDER

NEW YORK, April 2.—Disgruntled restaurant proprietors of the Great White Way flocked to District Attorney Whitman's office today to protest against Mayor Gaynor's 1 o'clock closing order and to point out Mr. Whitman's past tales of money paid for all-night licenses and police protection. Mr. Whitman is investigating the charges. According to some of the proprietors from \$500 to \$5,000 dependent upon the size and importance of the place, has been paid to collectors for their services in securing all-night licenses.

POLICE HELD FOR MURDER

LOS ANGELES, April 2.—James I. Murphy, formerly a Minneapolis policeman, and his niece, Miss Estelle Moore, entered pleas of not guilty when arraigned today for the alleged murder of Mrs. Irene Mattis Smith, who was shot through the heart last night. They were remanded without bail.

H. M. FLAGLER BETTER

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 2.—A special from West Palm Beach reported tonight at 8 o'clock says: "Henry M. Flagler's condition is considered much improved tonight and physicians are now hopeful that he will recover."

FURNITURE WORTH \$3.95 INSURED FOR \$127,500

ALBANY, N. Y., April 2.—Two small pictures, an oil stove and other household "furniture," all told worth \$3.95, were shown to members of the legislative committee on insurance tonight by Fire Commissioner Joseph Johnson of New York, as the best proof of the necessity of passing a law to require a previous inspection of property and a sworn statement of the applicant before a fire insurance policy could be issued.

Using the same methods as the "firebugs" of the so-called "arson trust," Commissioner Johnson explained that the New York fire department had been able to insure the property valued at \$3.95 for a total of \$127,500 by taking out 130 policies.

Commissioner Johnson said he had had the greatest difficulty in convincing the people of New York of the existence of the "arson trust" until he resorted to the methods used by the "firebugs."

Mr. Johnson declared that foreign countries "have no arson cases because they do merely the simple thing required in this bill."

TASK OF CHURCH

(Continued From Page One.)
age, the poor, the sick and the vicious. These are often the victims of unjust social conditions as well as individual delinquencies."

Grills Houses Correction.
The history of the institutions of correction, he said, "is one of the most shameful. Usually the effect upon inmates is to make them worse instead of better, and that instead of being as their name implies—institutions of correction—they have served to lower and degrade."

"The program of the church should be one of prevention mainly, instead of cure. We are developing a social science and through it we are facing, at last the fundamental causes of poverty, vice and crime. Those who are outlining methods of progress can no longer be brushed aside as idle dreamers. One of the results of this enlightenment is that the church has been challenged to demonstrate its efficiency in the removal of the social causes of evil."

"The trouble heretofore with the church has been that it has lacked the faith for a program of social transformation. The great hope for the future of the church is that it is becoming awakened to the necessity of Christianizing the social order. Seeing that the task of securing the right relations between men in all the affairs of life is not only its duty but its privilege."

Talks on Local Phases

"Colorado Springs is not an industrial center and, fortunately, has not the industrial problems that arise in other places. Tuberculosis is an industrial disease contracted by men from working under improper conditions, and this city as a community is suffering from the evils that obtain elsewhere. The burden that we have in caring for these unfortunate."

"We are all members of one family, and what affects one affects the other. Naturally, disease contracted in one section will spread to another, either through transportation or infection. It is the duty of Colorado Springs to have a health officer who shall give all his time to the public health, and not one who is dependent upon private practice for a large share of his private income. There being no more important social function than the safeguarding of the health of all."

"The field of the church is essentially human, and not commercial. We must raise the standards of marriage, so that every child may be assured the right beginning in life, with the inheritance that gives proper physical development and right moral tendencies."

Referring to industrial conditions, he said: "It is a menace to society for children to be pushed out into the world at an early age to earn a living. In the large cities statistics show that only 60 per cent of the children get as far as the eighth grade. The result is stunted mentally, with a consequent inability to arise above a very low level of efficiency in life."

"The church must see to it that industry is not carried on at the cost of human life. As it is today, the industrial worker is cut off nearly life as the result of occupational diseases and injury in factories and has been ascertained that professional men like the age of 55 years and industrial workers to the age of 25."

"Thou Shalt Not Kill"

"We must apply the commandment, 'Thou shalt not kill,' to modern industry. The aims of modern industry, from the capitalist standpoint, is profit at the lowest cost of production. From the standpoint of the laborer, it is the highest possible wage for the least result of these conflicting attitudes is industrial warfare. To eliminate this rivalry and antagonism of purpose it is necessary that the church insist upon a democratic organization of industry. We can never have industrial peace until the workers in every industry can determine the conditions of their labor."

Socialization of Industry

"We must bring back joy to the laborer in his work so that men shall find pleasure in the tasks they are doing, and work shall cease to be the curse it often is today. The socialization of industry is the only method by which we can do this, and thus open the door of life to all and make possible the high or life of individual development to which the church bids all aspire."

Great Laboratory Finds Antidote for Blood Poison

Wonderful Results Now Being Accomplished by a Herbal Extract from the Swift Laboratory in Atlanta.



The ancient and destructive treatment so long in use for blood poison is now banished forever. No longer will mercury, iodides and arsenic destroy human kind. The great Swift Laboratory at Atlanta is making a powerful herbal extract that is unquestionably one of the greatest medical discoveries of all times. This wonderful preparation is now on sale in nearly every drug store throughout the country under the name of S. S. S. Its action is marvelous. Some of the effects of blood poison cured are mucous patches in the mouth, ulcers on the tongue, lips, in the nose and throat, copper colored spots, eczema, scurvy, rheumatism, scrofulous sores and ulcers, and every degree and stage of blood poison.

The fame of S. S. S. has become almost world-wide. It has given perfect health to those who years ago had given up all hope. It has been a revelation to hundreds of physicians who enthusiastically welcome the remedy that can banish mercury and other poisons.

There are thousands of people who would like to know more about the wonderful discoveries of all times. This wonderful preparation is now on sale in nearly every drug store throughout the country under the name of S. S. S. Its action is marvelous. Some of the effects of blood poison cured are mucous patches in the mouth, ulcers on the tongue, lips, in the nose and throat, copper colored spots, eczema, scurvy, rheumatism, scrofulous sores and ulcers, and every degree and stage of blood poison.

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SIMPLE CEREMONIES AT J. P. MORGAN'S FUNERAL

Body Taken From Rome Yesterday, Will Be Brought to United States on Steamer Sailing Saturday

ROME, April 2.—The Eternal city gave its last farewell tonight to J. Pierpont Morgan, whose body was placed aboard a train for Havre. It will be transported to the United States by a steamer, probably the France, sailing for New York Saturday. The German emperor sent a message of condolence to Mrs. Morgan, as follows:

"Accept the expression of my sincerest sympathy in your great bereavement. Your husband's death is a loss not only for you, your family and your country, but to his many friends in all parts of the world who never will forget him."

The funeral procession by the depot was impressive in its simplicity. The hearse was followed by carriages in which rode Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, the American ambassador, Thomas J. O'Brien, the staff of the embassy, the attending physician, the Rev. Dr. Nelson and a few friends. Municipal guards acted as escorts. The people in the streets raised their hats as the cortege passed. The coffin was placed on a special car, covered with black velvet draperies with silver fringe. The floral tributes from members of the family, the German emperor, the municipality of Rome and the American ambassador were placed around the coffin.

Wreath From Aix les Bains

Shortly before the departure of the train, the French consul arrived, bringing a beautiful silver wreath from the city of Aix les Bains. It bore the French tricolor and an appropriate inscription. George Post Wheeler, secretary of the American embassy, was the only one of the party to remain until the train drew out.

The physicians who were in attendance on Mr. Morgan issued the following statement today:

When Mr. Morgan left New York he was a very tired man, physically and mentally. Digestion and nutrition were impaired. It was hoped that his usual trip to Egypt would be of great benefit, giving him rest and building up his nervous force, especially as he had no organic disease. His appetite, however, failed and consequently his strength and weight did not improve. Mr. Morgan contracted a severe chest ailment, which he never shook off. A state of mental depression and feebleness developed. He arrived in Aix in a very rundown condition, but during three weeks in Aix he improved mentally and physically. His powers of concentration and memory showing no impairment. The trip to Rome did not fatigue him, and he continued to gain slowly for 10 days. A week before his death his strength began to fail. He was put to bed Wednesday afternoon, March 26. He became delirious and extreme exhaustion followed. This continued until Sunday evening, when he passed this world of care. He died at 12:05 p. m. Monday.

(Signed)
GIUSEPPE BASTIANELLI,
VALERIO STALLER,
GEORGE A. DIXON.

FLORENCE, Italy, April 2.—The train with Mr. Morgan's body aboard arrived here at 11:45 o'clock tonight. It was met by the American consul and representatives of the municipal authorities, who offered their services to Mr. and Mrs. Satterlee. The train proceeded at midnight.

PARIS, April 2.—All the usual formalities respecting the transportation of bodies through France have been waived by the French foreign office in connection with the late J. Pierpont Morgan, at the request of the French ambassador to Italy. A special train is to be made up at Dijon and will arrive at Paris Friday. It will pass around the city on the circular railway in order to join the line running to Havre without the necessity of transferring the coffin from one train to another.

Mr. Morgan's pet dog of the imperial Chinese breed, without which he never traveled and, which he kept as his constant companion in his apartments, has remained in its kennel since his death, refusing to eat and displaying evident signs of distress.

WILSON TO REMOVE TARIFF

(Continued From Page One.)
yesterday he had laid the case in full before Mr. Wilson.

Following on his conference last night with Mr. Underwood, the first thing the president did today was to send for Colonel Dwinia. He canvassed the possibility of getting a common agreement on the sugar question. The Louisiana national committee told the president that the business of the sugar growers of his state with millions of dollars invested would be destroyed if sugar entered free, but that they were willing to stand a 25 per cent cut. Mr. Wilson agreed to study the subject further.

BELGIAN PRINCESSES TO LOSE \$14,000,000 ESTATE

BRUSSELS, April 2.—The appeal court rendered its decision today in the suit brought by the daughters of the late King Leopold for the entire longo property left by their father, valued at \$14,000,000. The princesses in addition to losing their case, are mulcted in the courts.

Recently the princesses rejected the proposals for the minister of justice that they accept \$7,500,000 of their share. The property will now go to the Belgian state and the Niederfulbach foundation.

There are 813,756 more native than foreign-born residents in New York.

CHILDREN WHO ARE SICKLY

Children who are sickly and the welfare of their children should never be without a box of Mother Gray's Sweet Powder for Children, for use throughout the season. They break up colds, relieve feverishness, constipation, teething disorders, headache and stomach troubles. Feed your children for 25 years. THE BROWN POWDER NEVER FAILS. Sold by all Drug Stores. Don't accept any substitute. Sample mailed FREE Address: A. S. Oimsted, Le Roy, N. Y. Adv.

BROWN'S
Branchial
Troch-S
The Cough Remedy
Convenient and Effective. Used for over 40 years and still unrivaled. 25c. Box \$1.00. Sample free.
JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.



CLOTHES STYLES? The very newest of course. FABRICS? The best to be obtained. TAILORING? Faultlessly perfect. These are the fundamental points of ADLER-ROCHESTER and GORTON'S Clothes. Eighteen to Thirty five.

Carlson's
(Collect Dress for Men.)



Public School Children Saw and Taked Crawford Paintings

Some of the youngest public school children went with their teachers to the exhibition of the paintings by Mr. Ethelbert Crawford yesterday afternoon, and they were much interested in what they saw.

An artistic and Catholic devotion with familiarity, and the children, like some of the rest of us, were concerned in the beginning of their artistic pilgrimage with some of the unessential things.

They had some arguments about the dates. "Here is one that is marked 1913," said one small connoisseur. "Wax it, and I can't see that's a 2, as plain as anything." The first contender was loath to give up his point, seeming to feel that a picture of last year's model was a little bit out of date. But the figure plainly was 2, and in the end he had to give in.

"Well, it is a pretty picture, anyway," he said. "These pictures aren't nearly as large as some, are they?" one little girl said. And the shrill chorus answered, "Oh no, there was some in the first ones we went to see that was lots and lots bigger than these." And the little girl, with the voice of Optimism, said, "But I think there are more of these."

It was when the group had passed the eastern pictures and came to the familiar mountains that their appreciation manifested itself.

"Oh, look, here is Mount Cutler, all covered with snow. I have seen it when it looked just like that," and there it was, all right, and there the North Canon—Gee, ain't that good?" "My favorite is that one of the Utes on the warpath."

Mr. Crawford was present, fortunately, and someone told the children he was. They thought, as one of them said, "The must be a pretty great man, to have painted all those nice pictures." And when they had made the rounds of the gallery, the polite children, they decided the exhibition they had seen to tell him they had enjoyed it. So they came up, each one with a courteous little hand-out-stretched, and they told him of their enjoyment. Mr. Crawford, who said it was the pleasantest incident of the whole week, shook hands with each one, and said, "Come again," and the children trooped out, proud of the fact that they had seen, spoken to and shaken hands with a real artist who could paint a great many pictures, even if some of them were pretty small.

It was the right motive for all conduct. One of the interesting things scheduled for today is the program of the American Music Society, to be given tonight at the home of Dr. and Mrs. A. A. Blackman, and made up of the works of Frederick Ayres, Colorado Springs' well-known composer. A few of the friends of the composer have been invited to hear the program, and they will be interested in the rendition of the numbers of the program, which are as follows: Suite for two violins and piano; Moszkowski; Mrs. Briscoe, Mrs. Howe and Mrs. Faust.

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Compositions of Frederick Ayres

(a) Prayers for a Mother's Birthday. Words by Henry Van Dyke. (b) Tomlin's Lullaby. (c) Words by Kipling. Mrs. John Speed Tucker. Mrs. Manning at the organ.

Piano on Cheyenne Indian Themes

Baritone Song Cycle—Songs of the Seneca Wolves. Words by Kipling. (a) Night Song in the Jungle. (b) Hunting Song in the Jungle. (c) Morning Song in the Jungle. (d) Death Song. The Battle.

Mr. George Hennis

Miss James at the piano. Organ—Mr. Nelson Brett. (a) Oh, Mistress Mine. (b) Tell Me Where Is Fancy Bred. The Oblation. Words by Shakespeare. Mrs. John Speed Tucker.

Mrs. J. Dawson Hawkins at the piano

Americana. Dedicated to Miss James. Miss James.

Archaeological Address Tonight

The secretary of the Colorado Springs Society of the Archaeological Institute of America, calls attention to the address which is to be given before the society and friends in Pershing hall at a quarter past eight o'clock tonight on the subject, "The Pictographic Scripts of the Ancients and Their Relation to Our Own Phonetic Symbols."

In this lecture Professor Hill-Tout traces the history and development of pictography from the earliest times down to our modern alphabets—from the cave sketches and stone carvings of the cavemen of Europe, through the formation of our own phonetic symbols, incidentally dealing with the results of recent archaeological research in its bearings upon the antiquity of man and his primitive cultures. His slides will give illustrations of picture writings, gathered from all parts of the world, examples of the hieroglyphic systems of the ancients and of the recently discovered Minoan scripts of Crete which many epigraphical scholars regard as the true source of the Greek and Latin alphabets, and through them of our own. They also include copies of the Rosetta stone and the Behistun tablet, which respectively furnished the keys that unlocked for us the long lost knowledge of the ancient civilizations of Egypt and Mesopotamia; the Moabite Stone, the Sileam inscription, little inscriptions and other interesting historic documents of the ancient world not commonly accessible to the general reader.

The lecture has proven very popular wherever given.

Woman's Union Meeting

The regular meeting of the Woman's union of the First Congregational church will be held Friday afternoon in the Parish House, beginning at 2:30 p. m. The meetings usually begin in the morning and last all day, but this time it was decided to hold an afternoon and evening session, that all the members of the congregation might be able to meet the Rev. Frank L. Moore, who, with his wife, will come down from Denver to have a part in the meeting.

The program will be: 2:30 p. m.—Business session. 4:00 p. m.—Devotional singing. 4:20 p. m.—Home mission department. Address by the Rev. Frank L. Moore of Denver. 5:00 p. m.—Foreign missionary department. Dr. J. H. Smith's address, "China's New Woman." 6:00 p. m.—Supper, to which all are invited. 7:00 p. m.—Social hour and reception to the Rev. and Mrs. Moore.

The arrangements for the meeting are in charge of the Young Women's auxiliary, and it is hoped that the attendance may be good.

Miss Turner Will Leave

Miss Genevieve Turner, one of the well-known and very popular dramatic readers of Colorado Springs, will leave today for Los Angeles, where she will make her home, at least for several months. Miss Turner will be missed on the club and church programs of the city, since there is hardly

You Will Do Well

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Prompt Pharmacy Co.

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Southwest Corner Cascade and Huerfano

an organization before which she has not appeared, and her willingness to respond to an appeal for help has always been refreshing. The dramatic sketch, "The Spirit of 1848," given that week by the members of Zion Lutheran Church, Daughters of the American Revolution, was as successful as it was largely through her work. In planning and directing the other members of the party, however, the best wishes of her friends will go with her as she leaves for New York, and they will hope that she may soon be here again to take her old place in the activities of the city.

The Boulder Street Presbyterian church will meet at 10 o'clock with Mrs. C. C. Osborn, 529 North Cedar street. A cordial invitation is extended to all to be present.

Informal Bridge Party

Miss Irma Gilliam was hostess a pleasant little afternoon bridge party yesterday afternoon at her home, 315 East Caramilla street. A delicious luncheon was served at the close of the games. Those who were present were Mrs. Arthur Crissey, Mrs. F. H. Perkins, Mrs. Boardman, Mrs. Walton, Mrs. Laura H. Reynolds, Mrs. David H. Elliot and Miss Graves.

In Honor of Miss Allen

Mrs. David Watson gave a bridge party yesterday afternoon at her home, 505 East San Miguel street, in honor of Miss Hazel Allen. The prize of the afternoon was won by Miss Addie Hemenway. The color scheme of red and white was carried out in the decorations, and in the fact that was served later in the afternoon. Mrs. Manfred Allen and Mrs. A. A. Blackman were seated at the pretty tea table and poured the tea, and Miss Margaret Ritter, Miss Elizabeth Woodward and Miss Cowgill served. The guests were:

Miss Allen, Mrs. Manfred Allen, Mrs. Harold Colvocoresses, Mrs. Alfred A. Blackman, Mrs. Kinsey Hale, Mrs. Ellis Spelman, Mrs. Will Howard Swan, Mrs. Edgar J. Nelson, Mrs. J. Alfred Ritter, Mrs. J. Alfred Ritter, Jr., Mrs. E. C. Westcott, Mrs. S. B. Waldron, Mrs. L. F. Lawton, Mrs. J. Raymond Lowell, Mrs. Pennington, Mrs. Ida Blackman, Miss Elaine Havens, Miss Mildred Koons, Miss Evelyn Lennox, Miss Kampl, Miss Cora Kampff, Miss Cowgill, Miss Ritter, Miss Woodward, Miss Louise Nichols, Miss Hester Frost, and Miss Addie Hemenway.

Socialist Women Meet Today

The ladies' committee of the Socialist local will meet this afternoon at 2 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Colver, 2506 North Cascade avenue. All ladies are invited to be present.

S. S. Club Friday

The regular meeting of the S. S. club will be held Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. S. N. Broadfoot, 423 North Nevada avenue.

Church Meetings Today

Section one of the Ladies Aid society of the First Methodist church will meet at 2 o'clock this afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. M. Smith, 230 East Dale street. The assisting hostesses will be Mrs. C. B. Wood, Mrs. J. F. Johnson and Mrs. D. W. Smith. The Woman's Missionary society of

FRENCH AVIATOR KILLED

AMIENS, France, April 2.—A military aviator, Raymond Champs, was killed today. He had just arrived from the front and made an error of judgment in landing. The machine tilted and the aviator was thrown out.

The ground rain and snowfall of the United States is estimated to weigh six billion tons.

U. S. IS FIRST POWER TO RECOGNIZE NEW REPUBLIC

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The United States government has decided to recognize the Chinese republic. Secretary Bryan conferred with President Wilson for nearly an hour today at the White house, completing the details. A note is being prepared at the state department to be addressed to China through the Chinese minister here.

Whether it will be presented before the meeting of the constituent assembly next Tuesday or is intended to reach the Chinese government on that date has not been disclosed, but the mere presentation of the note to the Chinese minister and resumption of formal international relations with the Chinese minister are regarded as tantamount to recognition.

The United States government is anxious to show its friendliness toward China, and although there have been rumors that other nations might recognize China before the United States does, it was believed in official circles here that the United States would be found first to show faith in the new republic.

No formal announcement is expected from the administration here until the Chinese government is in receipt of the American government's note.

In the request of the secretary of state, members of most of the foreign embassies and legations in Washington appeared this afternoon at the state department and were received individually by Mr. Bryan. Among them were representatives of Brazil, Japan, Great Britain, Russia, Portugal, France, Germany, The Netherlands, Belgium, Sweden, Peru, Denmark, Mexico, Austria-Hungary and Spain. The calls lasted but a few minutes in each case and Secretary Bryan and his visitors, by agreement, declined to make any statement as to the object of the visits.

A noticeable fact, however, was the absence of the Chinese minister and it was concluded that in order to prevent a repetition of the criticism in foreign capitals caused by the recent Chinese loan statement, the state department, in this instance has given due notice of its intentions regarding China to all interested powers before publication thereof.

It was admitted at the department that a formal statement of the attitude of the administration toward the new Chinese government would be given to the press in the course of a few days, and there is ground for the belief that without immediately recognizing China, assurance has been conveyed to Tuan Shi Kai's government, and the world powers have been notified that such recognition will be extended, after the first Chinese congress has assembled and organized next Monday.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 2.—The news that the United States government would officially recognize the republic of China caused wild rejoicing today in San Francisco's Chinatown. The Mongolian population of the city took a half holiday to celebrate, hoisting flags and bunting, with the Stars and Stripes entwined with the colors of the new republic.

WICKERSHAM PROMISED TO BE FAIR, SAYS FROST

CHICAGO, April 2.—Assertions that former Attorney General George W. Wickersham, in the fall of 1908, had promised him fair play, were made today by Albert C. Frost, on trial with four others before Federal Judge Landis for alleged Alaskan land frauds.

The testimony relative to Wickersham was introduced as a result of the reading of an opinion of the former attorney general in an Oregon land case trial where subsequent developments, it was alleged, showed that the government attorneys had persuaded witnesses to swear falsely in the interest of the prosecution.

"I was on my way to London," testified Frost, "when I heard that the government was questioning the validity of coal claims in the Chitinausk valley. I stopped off at Washington and through Senator Cullom made arrangements to meet Mr. Wickersham. I told the attorney general fully and honestly the status of the coal claims. I assured him that all the claims were taken out for the use and benefit of the locators who took out the papers, and for no one else. I told him action by the government against me would do me much injury and be unfair. I offered to interrupt my trip and testify before any grand jury."

"Mr. Wickersham's answer was that I need have no concern about my investigation and to continue my trip to London. He said he would write to Assistant Attorney General Townsend and direct him to stop the prosecution of the case against me if he (Townsend) found the facts to be as I had stated. He suggested that I also write to Townsend, which I did, and I have no doubt that Mr. Wickersham also wrote to him."

The answer of Townsend, who is conducting the prosecution of the case here, was that he had not found the facts as Frost had stated them to him and to the attorney general.

Professor Ferdinand Brunot of Paris is establishing a museum of voices on graphophone disks with a view to preserving the language of today for future generations.

Women to Remedy the Social Waste

"While I lived near the stockyards in Chicago, I saw how the poor people lived," said Dr. Harry F. Ward, who spoke before the members of the Woman's club and their friends yesterday afternoon. "Not only was the smell of the slaughter house everywhere, but the whole black smoke hung over the dense community, and it killed the little spears of grass in our yards, and the poor little flowers we tried to raise. It killed our children, too. But the smoke from the yards was not the worst feature. The garbage from the aristocratic settlements on the South Side was brought out and dumped near us. When the wind was in one direction we smelled the stockyards; when it came from the other way we had the garbage; and just because we were for the most part poor ignorant foreigners we were compelled to stand whatever they chose to do to us. And that is, I think, a bird's-eye view of what Society has done for the poor and ignorant, poisoning their lives, until the poison has spread through all our civilization, and now we are forced to seek some remedy."

Dr. Ward, in speaking to the women in the afternoon, spoke particularly of the subject of "Social Waste" as it is applied to them. The three great factors in social waste, he said, were poverty, disease and vice, and he emphasized the special phases of each one of these. He spoke of the necessity of child labor, because of poverty, and the great loss the world would suffer from the fact that the children of this generation were too many of them, forced to work when they should be developing mind or body, to be ready for the work that lies ahead.

In speaking of disease, the speaker made the statement that the economic loss to the world from preventable disease was \$1,600,000,000 yearly, and declared that the tremendous

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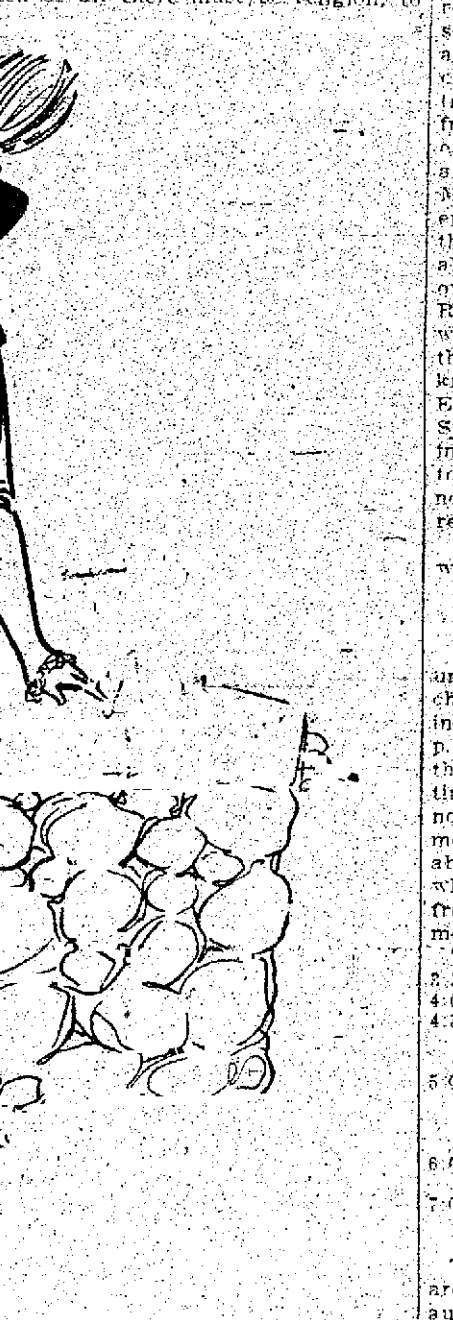
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A model for corduroy is shown in this drawing. For home dressmaking this material is much to be recommended as for some reason it seems peculiarly adapted to the hiding of amateur finishing and under even moderately skillful handling comes forth with a smartness equalled by no other material. The model shown is a very simple one with center box-pleat occupying blouse and skirt, the latter untrimmed except for the row of satin buttons on the pleat. The blouse has a wide collar of heavy self-tone satin and yoke of fine shadow lace. On either side of the center pleat is a band of self-tone silk passementerie. The long sleeves are trimmed with the satin-covered buttons. Tie and girdle of satin.

AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS

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The Pearls
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Lace Curtains

Laundered by us look so much nicer than when cleaned at home that it is real economy to have us launder them.

50 Cents Per Pair.

The Pearl

The Laundry That Uses IVORY SOAP
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CANVAS GLOVES

ALL SIZES
Patronize Home Industry
OUT WEST TENT AND
AWNING CO.
113 1/2 N. Tejon.

Sewed Soles

Shoe Hospital
25 E. Huerfano St.

EFFICIENCY OF STOKERS

SUBJECT TO DISCUSSION

NEW YORK, April 2.—Mechanical stokers used on locomotives of some railroads were under discussion all day today by witnesses for the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers in the arbitration proceedings between the firemen and 54 eastern railroads.

Witnesses, after witness testified that the stokers lightened the work of the firemen not at all and in some cases increased it. These witnesses testified in rebuttal to evidence introduced previously by the railroads.

George D. Blackburn, a fireman on the Pennsylvania Lines west of Pittsburgh, said the firemen on those lines had often "shaded" their reports of time in order to make it seem that the stokers had been more efficient than they actually were. The exaggerations, he said, had been made in some instances at the request of the engineers. The practice was discontinued, he added, when officials of the road admonished the firemen to give the stokers no more credit than was due.

SUFFRAGISTS LOSE

HARTFORD, Conn., April 2.—Connecticut women suffragists lost their fight for equal suffrage today when the house voted 160 to 74 to accept the unfavorable report of the committee on constitutional amendments. The question of direct election of United States senators is the order of the day for April 8. There is believed to be considerable sentiment in favor of the measure.

BURDENS LIFTED

From Colorado Springs Backs—Relief Proved by Lapse of Time. Backache is a heavy burden. Nervousness, dizziness, headache, Rheumatic pain, urinary ills. All wear one out. Often effects of kidney weakness. No use to cure the symptoms. Relief is but temporary if the cause remains.

If it's the kidneys, cure the cause. Doan's Kidney Pills are for kidney ills. Read about your neighbor's case. Here's Colorado Springs testimony. The kind that can be investigated. Mrs. E. N. Edgcomb, 1724 Grant Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo., says: "I had trouble with the kidney, nervousness and believing that I was cured by weak kidneys. I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills. They made a complete cure. Another of our family had similar trouble and Doan's Kidney Pills cured her. The public endorsement I gave Doan's Kidney Pills some years ago still holds good."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—And take no other.

Studebaker

"Rough hauling?"
"I don't mind. This is a Studebaker Wagon"

—that's why I bought it. I noticed that men were using the Studebaker wherever the work was hard—hauling steel girders in the city, logs in the woods, stone in the quarry.

"My work is hard and I know it. My wagon is on my payroll and must earn its salary. That's why I bought a Studebaker. I can't afford to buy a cheaper one."

"Get in touch with a Studebaker dealer, he's a good man to know."

Farm Wagons
Delivery Wagons
Buggies

Trucks
Contractors' Wagons
Runabouts

Dump Wagons
Surreys
Harems

See our Dealer or write us.

STUDEBAKER South Bend, Ind.

NEW YORK CHICAGO DALLAS KANSAS CITY DENVER
MINNEAPOLIS SALT LAKE CITY SAN FRANCISCO PORTLAND, ORE.

Wedding Rings

Are not the only kind we sell. We show diamond rings \$25 upward.

The Johnson Jewelry Co.

SULZER TELLS BARNES TO KEEP HANDS OFF

ALBANY, N. Y., April 2.—Governor Sulzer accused William Barnes, Jr., chairman of the Republican state committee, tonight of having instigated the resolution offered yesterday by Senator Brown requesting the senate judiciary committee to determine what, if any, action should be taken by the senate of the legislature in relation to a published letter in which the governor was quoted as having made a pre-election promise to sign the "full crew" bill.

"If Boss Barnes does not keep out of the senate and keep his hands off the legislature, I will get after Mr. Barnes," declared the governor. "Barnes is the man who instigated that resolution. He is a part of the trouble-making government. He has no business meddling with the legislature. There would be a howl if Mr. Murphy came here and went into Senator Wagner's room and drew resolutions against the governor. I want Mr. Barnes to keep away from the capitol. He is the Republican boss. The people do not want bosses now."

"Even if I had promised I would sign the 'full crew' bill, it would be all right. Governor Hughes and others promised they would sign certain bills if they could get them passed. There is nothing wrong in that. I notice Governor Fildes signed a full crew bill yesterday over in New Jersey. Between the railroads and the people, I am with the people. In my opinion, one human life is worth more than a train of freight cars."

Senator Brown denied that Mr. Barnes had any part in drafting this resolution.

AMERICAN INDUSTRY IS JUST AWAKENING

NEW YORK, April 2.—American industry long has been a sleeping giant and is just now awakening. The country is just reaching out to take her place in the commercial arena of the world, in the opinion of William C. Redfield, secretary of commerce, who addressed the graduating class of the New York Trade school tonight.

"The great corporations that carry on this business are adjusting themselves to meet the will of the people," Secretary Redfield said. "They begin to realize that their security lies in service and in that alone. The men within the mill are admitted on every hand to be of far greater value than the mill itself, and profits are deemed wrong that spring from repression of the workers. The industries of America are shaking off the shackles, and face serenely the prospects of competition before which many of them have cowered in the past."

"The production of our steel mills abroad at the rate of \$1,000,000 daily. We are exporting the output of our factories to the extent of almost \$5,000,000,000 a year. Great as this total is, it is of greater import when we compare it with the past. The rate of increase in our foreign trade in manufactures of all kinds during the present fiscal year, thus far, is at the rate of about \$500,000 a day. In manufactures ready for consumption, our foreign trade has increased in the eight months ending with February, by \$1,000,000. We are more than holding our own in the foreign field."

"ICE!!!"



Let the El Paso wagons supply you this season. Ours is made from distilled water.

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Telephone 44.

PEARY URGES THREE POLAR EXPEDITIONS

ROME, April 2.—Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary, speaking today before the International Geographical congress, urged that three Antarctic expeditions be undertaken—one directly to the South pole, a second around the pole and a third to cross it. He expressed the hope that the United States would initiate these expeditions, or that some other country could do so, as the polar regions afforded room for the activities of all nations. Admiral Peary said he would give his support to such expeditions, but would not participate personally as, in his opinion, younger men were needed.

UNIO A KAGING 'LOKRENT'

(Continued From Page One.)

blocks in the city would be out of water.

Lieutenant S. B. Buckner, Jr., U. S. A., and two noncommissioned officers of the regular arm commanded the steamer Rapids and every power boat they could get today and with three barges started for Cairo. This was done in accordance with orders from the war department.

Lieutenant Buckner said today that relief work was well organized. Small wooden buildings have been erected hastily on the western edge of the city and are occupied as the water rises. Late today there were rations available for 10,000 persons for 10 days.

Despite conditions here, relief work for a large district will be directed from Paducah. Relief work will be started at Brookport and Smithland, both reported seriously affected by the flood. The former is cut off from communication except by boats. Water is four feet deep in parts of Smithland.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 2.—Hundreds of thousands of dollars are needed to relieve suffering among the flood refugees in Indiana, according to the report of the general relief committee, made public late today. Three thousand families have lost all or part of their house furnishings and an average of at least \$100 will be required for each family, the committee reported. Hundreds of men are needed to clear away the fifth left by the flood. Plans for raising money to be made available immediately to the suffering were discussed and it was decided to start popular subscription and designate places for receiving contributions.

"We are not guessing at these statistics," said Joseph C. Schaef, one of the investigators for the committee. "The flood victims are helpless. They need money and need it immediately. The men are trying to hold their jobs and let the women clean up the homes. The latter is a disheartening task for which many women are not physically fitted. Give them money immediately so they can discard their water-soaked belongings. That will give them a new heart."

Appeals from other cities by the state poured in on Governor Ralston today. Terre Haute sent a committee asking that \$75,000 be appropriated to help rebuild the houses devastated by the tornado, which preceded the floods. Peru and Logansport also asked state aid. The governor said he would ask the National Red Cross to send an investigator to learn just what help was needed.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The Ohio flood having reached its crest at Cincinnati and started to recede, Major Normyle, in charge of the relief operations at that place, made further plans to day to cope with the situation as the crest moves into the lower Ohio valley and the Mississippi.

"We are looking for trouble in the lower Ohio valley," said Major Normyle, in a report received by Major Wood, chief of staff of the general army, who returned today with Secretary Garrison from a trip into the flood area.

In order to keep relief measures ahead of the flood, Major Normyle said he had ordered provisions, tents and army flood relief experts into Carthageville, Charleston and New Madrid, Mo.; Hickman, Columbus and Wickliffe, Ky.; Dyersburg and Louisville, Tenn.; Helena, Ark.; as well as Memphis, Tenn.

Major Logan, an advance agent, Major Normyle's report added, "will get all possible information and will station officers and noncommissioned officers where they can do the best work in anticipation of trouble which will soon come throughout the valley."

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 2.—As a result of the rapid rise of the Yellow-stone river here, many families living in the lower parts of the city, have left their homes and taken refuge in the highland.

Charles King, a wealthy stockman of this city, is marooned at his ranch 15 miles from here, with water up to the second story of the house, and floating so swiftly there is little hope of rescue.

Word also has been received that Joseph Davitt, a rancher, and several others are marooned near the town of Savages, on an island that rapidly is being inundated.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., April 2.—A party of 25 members of Company B of the Fifth Infantry left tonight at 7:45 for Maywood to help in the work of protecting the levees near that town.

The Mercedista levee and drainage district embrace 5,000 acres of land. The water now is within four inches of the levee top, and if the river goes much higher, or if a strong wind blows from the south, the levee is almost sure to go out. Forty families who lived within the drainage district have fled to high ground.

Across from Mercedista, on the west side of the Illinois river, is the McGhee district, embracing 25,000 acres of land. Nearly all families there have moved out and the levee there may break at any time.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 2.—The Ohio river was falling here tonight at the rate of a little more than one-tenth of a foot in 12 hours, and at 7 o'clock the stage was 34.9. A fall of one-tenth of a foot since 7 o'clock this morning. Salvage corps were keeping watch

STATE LEGISLATURE ADJOURNS APRIL 15

DENVER, April 2.—After having passed a resolution to adjourn sine die April 15, both branches of the legislature today got down to clearing out routine matters and making way for the several important measures now under consideration by them. Several bills of minor importance were passed on third reading by the house and senate.

The conference committee, which had recalled the mine inspection bill at Governor Ammons' request, cut the salaries of mine inspectors materially. Also at the governor's request, the chief inspector's salary was cut from \$4,500 a year to \$3,000, and each of the deputies' salaries was reduced from \$3,000 to \$2,700 a year.

The conference committee, passing upon the public utilities bill, announced tonight that it would be ready to report in the morning.

The committee appointed by the legislature to investigate and audit the treasurer's office, will report tomorrow.

The committee found that under Treasurer Kneib's administration the office handled \$14,000,000 at an expense of nine-fortieths of 1 per cent, and that the treasurer drew checks for amounts ranging from 13 cents to \$15,000. The books balanced exactly. Articles of incorporation were filed with the secretary of state today by the Colorado Power company, capitalized at \$20,000,000. The cost for filing was \$4.015. The new company takes over the properties of the Northern, Central and Eastern Colorado Power companies. The same officers were announced for the new company.

tonight at several distillery warehouses in the western section of the city, which are in danger of collapse. The receding waters have disclosed also weakened foundations under houses in the eastern end of the city, and the police tonight are patrolling that section in boats.

Western Kentucky points continued to report rising water. Owensboro, Henderson and Wickliffe were centers of refuge for inhabitants of the lowlands who are fleeing before the crest of the flood.

COLUMBUS, O., April 2.—The total number of bodies recovered in the west side debris left by the receding floods in the Scioto river had climbed tonight to 80, according to official morgue records. Coroner Benkert, who has made a wide investigation among families, some members of which are missing, said he estimated that at least 125 bodies would be recovered. Of the 80 bodies, all but three have been identified.

CAIRO, Ill., April 2.—Shortly before midnight Col. S. O. Tripp was informed from Springfield, that Brookport, Ky., near Paducah, was under water, and that the lives many residents were in danger. They were reported to be clinging to house tops waiting to be rescued. A supply of food and men will be sent there on the boats and barges in charge of Major Buckner, U. S. A., directly after their arrival here. These boats are expected here any minute.

BELIEVE SUFFRAGETTES TRIED TO BURN CHURCH

LONDON, April 2.—Although there is no direct evidence against them the suffragettes generally are credited with the attempt made to burn St. Jude's Free church at Hampstead Heath tonight. As the organist was entering the church tonight he found a cupboard ablaze. The fire quickly was extinguished.

American and Anglo-American women continue to invade the American embassy to urge action for the release of Miss Zelle Emerson from Holloway jail. They invariably accept the explanation that the embassy has no power to interfere as long as Miss Emerson is treated as an English prisoner. Mrs. Emerson is seeking a personal interview with Home Secretary Reginald McKenna.

The National league, which opposes women's suffrage, has met with considerable success in its campaign for funds. The league already has received upwards of \$100,000 of which \$15,000 has been subscribed by the Rothschilds. Several subscriptions of \$5,000 have been received, including a check from W. W. Astor.

WE WON'T BREAK WINDOWS, SAYS 'GENERAL' ROSALIE

KINGSTON, N. Y., April 2.—"General" Rosalie Jones, who led the marching suffragettes to Albany and Washington, was one of the chief speakers at a meeting tonight at Kingston's chamber of commerce.

"Your windows are safe," she told her hearers, "and so far as I am concerned every window in the United States is safe. It is not the spirit of the English suffragettes that actuates us, but the spirit and principle which actuated our forefathers in dumping tea into Boston harbor in defiance of representation."

"How in the world did it happen?" he asked the foreman of the mill as he viewed the wreck. "Who was it blamed?"

"Well, you see, sir," replied the foreman, "it was this way: Bill went into the mixing room, probably thinking of something else, and struck a match in mistake. He—"

"Struck a match!" exclaimed the proprietor in amazement. "I should have thought that would have been the last thing on earth he'd do!"

"It was, sir," was the calm rejoinder of the foreman.

LAST THING HE DID

Los Angeles Herald.

There had been an explosion in a powder mill, according to a story told by Congressman Buckner of Colorado, and the proprietor, who was away on a pleasure trip, hurried home to make an investigation.

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Oxfords for Men

Get ready to enjoy yourself this summer. Take advantage of these warm spring days. Men's Oxfords made by J. & M. by Ralston and by Douglas, prices

\$3.50
and higher

J. & M. by Ralston
ON...A...C...A...A...

POWERS TO COMPEL

(Continued From Page One.)

fight ensued, lasting an hour and ending in victory for the Montenegrins, who lost 300 men killed and wounded. They alter tier of entrenchments had to be taken, but the troops of the southern division, under General Marichovich, to whom the task had been assigned, overcame all obstacles.

The tactics followed, particularly in regard to the use of bomb throwers, were similar to those adopted in the capture of Adrianople. But in the advance on Adrianople the soldiers who cut and divided the wire entanglements surrounding the forts were clad in gas masks and provided with shields.

At Taraboch the rough mountain side made it necessary for the Montenegrins to disperse with all impediments.

CETTINJE, April 2.—Four Austrian warships arrived in Montenegro waters this morning. They are anchored about 10 miles off shore between Antivari and Dulcigno.

LONDON, April 2.—Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, informed the house of commons today that as Montenegro has resumed the attack on Serbia contrary to the will of the European powers, the latter had decided to proceed with the naval destruction off the Montenegrin coast. Two British warships, he said, were ready to participate.

Heinzes Reconciled at Wife's Deathbed

NEW YORK, April 2.—Mrs. Bernice Golden Heinze, wife of F. Augustus Heinze, from whom she recently was granted an interlocutory decree of divorce, died today in her apartment at Upper Broadway, of nephritis. With the knowledge yesterday that the end was near, the young woman begged that Mr. Heinze be sent for. He came at her call and there was a reconciliation. Her husband remained at her side to the last.

The Heinzes were married in 1910. A son was born to them in December, 1911, and a year later Mrs. Heinze sued for divorce, a decree being granted last year. She was an actress, and before her marriage to Mr. Heinze had been the wife of Charles H. Henderson, a broker, from whom she obtained a divorce in 1906.

BROADWAY CAFES FIGHT EARLY CLOSING ORDER

NEW YORK, April 2.—Disgruntled restaurant proprietors of the Great White Way blocked to District Attorney Whitman's office today to protest against Mayor Gaynor's 1 o'clock closing phase and to pour into Mr. Whitman's ears tales of money paid for all-night licenses and police protection. Mr. Whitman is investigating the charges. According to some of the proprietors from \$500 to \$5,000 dependent upon the size and importance of the place, has been paid to collectors for their services in securing all-night licenses.

POLICE HELD FOR MURDER

LOS ANGELES, April 2.—James L. Murphy, formerly a Minneapolis policeman, and his niece, Miss Estelle Moore, entered pleas of not guilty when arraigned today for the alleged murder of Mrs. Irene Mattis Smith, who was shot through the heart last night. They were remanded without bail.

H. M. FLAGLER BETTER

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 2.—A special from West Palm Beach received tonight at 8 o'clock says: "Henry M. Flagler's condition is considered much improved tonight and physicians are now hopeful that he will recover."

The Philadelphia Housekeeper's league will become an incorporated body.

FURNITURE WORTH \$3.95 INSURED FOR \$127,500

ALBANY, N. Y., April 2.—Two small pictures, an oil stove and other household "furniture," all told worth \$3.95, were shown to members of the legislative committee on insurance tonight by Fire Commissioner Joseph Johnson of New York, as the best proof of the necessity of passing a law to require a previous inspection of property and a sworn statement of the applicant before a fire insurance policy could be issued.

Using the same methods as the "robbers" of the so-called "arson trust," Commissioner Johnson explained that the New York fire department had been able to insure the property valued at \$3.95 for a total of \$127,500 by taking out 136 policies.

Commissioner Johnson said he had had the "greatest difficulty" in convincing the people of New York of the existence of the "arson trust" until he resorted to the methods used by the "robbers."

Mr. Johnson declared that foreign countries "have no arson cases" because they do merely the simple thing required in this bill.

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Great Laboratory Finds Antidote for Blood Poison

Wonderful Results Now Being Accomplished by a Herbal Extract from the Swift Laboratory in Atlanta.



The ancient and destructive treatment so long in use for blood poison is now banished forever. No longer will mercury, iodides and arsenic destroy human kind. The Great Swift Laboratory at Atlanta is making a powerful herbal extract that is unquestionably one of the greatest medical discoveries of all times. This wonderful preparation is now on sale in nearly every drug store throughout the country under the name of S. S. S. Its action is marvelous. Some of the effects of blood poison cured are mucous patches in the mouth, ulcers on the tongue, ulcers in the nose and throat, copper colored blotches, eczema, articular rheumatism, scrofulous sores and ulcers, and every degree and stage of blood poison.

The fame of S. S. S. has become almost world-wide. It has given perfect health to those who years ago had given up all hope. It has been a revelation to hundreds of physicians who enthusiastically welcome the remedy that can banish mercury and other poisons.

There are thousands of people who would like to know more about the wonderful medical discoveries of all times. This wonderful preparation is now on sale in nearly every drug store throughout the country under the name of S. S. S. Its action is marvelous. Some of the effects of blood poison cured are mucous patches in the mouth, ulcers on the tongue, ulcers in the nose and throat, copper colored blotches, eczema, articular rheumatism, scrofulous sores and ulcers, and every degree and stage of blood poison.

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CLOTHES STYLISH? The very newest of course: FABRICS? The best to be obtained. TAILORING? Faultlessly perfect. These are the fundamental points of ADLER-ROCHESTER and GORTON'S Clothes.

Eighteen to Thirty five.

The Pearl
AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS
Cash or Credit
202 1/2 N. Tejon. Opp. North Park

Lace Curtains
Laundried by us look so much nicer than when cleaned at home that it is real economy to have us launder them.

50 Cents Per Pair.
The Pearl
The Laundry That Uses IVORY SOAP
Phone M. 1065. 15 W. Bijou St.

CANVAS GLOVES
ALL SIZES
Patronize Home Industry
OUT WEST TENT AND AWNING CO.
113 1/2 N. TEJON.

Sewed Soles
Shoe Hospital
25 E. Huerfano St.

EFFICIENCY OF STOKERS
SUBJECT TO DISCUSSION

NEW YORK, April 2.—Mechanical stokers used on locomotives of some railroads were under discussion all day today by witnesses for the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen in the arbitration proceedings between the firemen and 54 eastern railroads.

Witness after witness testified that the stokers lightened the work of the firemen not at all and in some cases increased it. These witnesses testified in rebuttal to evidence introduced previously by the railroads.

George D. Blackburn, a fireman on the Pennsylvania Lines west of Pittsburgh, said the firemen on those lines had often "shined" their reports of trips in order to make it seem that the stokers had been more efficient than they actually were. The exaggerations, he said, had been made in some instances at the request of the engineers. The practice was discontinued, he added, when officials of the road admonished the firemen to give the stokers no more credit than was due.

BURDENS LIFTED

From Colorado Springs, Backs—Relief Proved by Lapse of Time.
Backache is a heavy burden. Nervousness, dizziness, headache, Rheumatic pain, urinary ills. All wear one out. Often effects of kidney weakness. No use to cure the symptoms. Relief is but temporary if the cause remains.
If it's the kidneys, cure the cause. Doan's Kidney Pills are for kidney ills.
Read about your neighbor's case. Here's Colorado Springs testimony. The kind that can be investigated.
Mrs. E. N. Edgcomb, 1224 Grant Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo., says: "I had trouble with the kidney secretions and believing that it was caused by weak kidneys, I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills. These made a complete cure. Another of our family had similar trouble and Doan's Kidney Pills cured her. The public endorsement I gave Doan's Kidney Pills, some years ago still holds good."
For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.
Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

U. S. IS FIRST POWER TO RECOGNIZE NEW REPUBLIC

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The United States government has decided to recognize the Chinese republic. Secretary Bryan conferred with President Wilson for nearly an hour today at the White house completing the details. A note is being prepared at the state department to be addressed to China through the Chinese minister here.

Whether it will be presented before the meeting of the constituent assembly next Tuesday or is intended to reach the Chinese government on that date has not been disclosed, but the presentation of the note to the Chinese minister and resumption of formal international relations with the Chinese minister are regarded as tantamount to recognition.

The United States government is anxious to show its friendship toward China, and although there have been rumors that other nations might recognize China before the United States does, it was believed in official circles here that the United States would be found first to show faith in the new republic.

No formal announcement is expected from the administration here until the Chinese government is in receipt of the American government's note.

At the request of the secretary of state, members of most of the foreign embassies and legations in Washington appeared this afternoon at the state department and were received individually by Mr. Bryan. Among them were representatives of Brazil, Japan, Great Britain, Russia, Portugal, France, Germany, The Netherlands, Belgium, Sweden, Peru, Denmark, Mexico, Austria-Hungary and Spain. The calls lasted but a few minutes in each case and Secretary Bryan and his visitors, by agreement, declined to make any statement as to the object of the visits.

A noticeable fact, however, was the absence of the Chinese minister—and it was concluded that in order to prevent a repetition of the criticism in foreign capitals occasioned by the recent Chinese loan statement, the state department in this instance has given notice of its intentions regarding China to all interested powers before publication thereof.

It was admitted at the department that a formal statement of the attitude of the administration toward the new Chinese government would be given to the press in the course of a few days, and there is ground for the belief that without immediately recognizing China, assurance has been conveyed to Yuan Shi Kai's government, and the world powers have been notified that such recognition will be extended after the first Chinese congress has assembled and organized next Monday.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 2.—The news that the United States government would officially recognize the republic of China caused wild rejoicing today in San Francisco's Chinatown. The Mongolian population of the city took a half holiday to celebrate, hoisting flags and bunting, with the Stars and Stripes entwined with the colors of the new republic.

WICKERSHAM PROMISED TO BE FAIR, SAYS FROST

CHICAGO, April 2.—Assertions that former Attorney General George W. Wickersham, in the fall of 1908, had promised him fair play, were made today by Albert C. Frost, on trial with four others before Federal Judge Langanis for alleged Alaskan land frauds.

The testimony relative to Wickersham was introduced as a result of the reading of an opinion of the former attorney general in an Oregon land case trial, where subsequent developments, it was alleged, showed that the government attorneys had persuaded witnesses to swear falsely in the interest of the prosecution.

"I was on my way to London," testified Frost, "when I heard that the government was questioning the validity of certain claims in the Matanuska valley. I stopped off at Washington and through Senator Cullum made arrangements to meet Mr. Wickersham. I told the attorney general fully and honestly the status of the coal claims. I assured him that all the claims were taken out for the use and benefit of the locators who took out the papers, and for no one else. I told him action by the government against me would do me much injury and be unfair. I offered to interrupt my trip had testimony before any grand jury."

"Mr. Wickersham's answer was that I need have no concern about the investigation and to continue my trip to London. He said he would write to Assistant Attorney General Townsend and direct him to stop the prosecution of the case against me if he (Townsend) found the facts to be as I had stated. He suggested that I also write to Townsend, which I did, and I have no doubt that Mr. Wickersham also wrote to him."

The answer of Townsend, who is conducting the prosecution of the case against me, was that he had not found the facts as Frost had stated them to him and to the attorney general.



SOCIETY
Public School Children Saw and Liked Crawford Paintings

Some of the youngest public school children went with their teachers to the exhibition of the paintings by Mr. Ethelbert Crawford yesterday afternoon, and they were much interested in what they saw.

With familiar acquaintance and familiarity, and the children, like some of the rest of us, were concerned in the beginning of their artistic pilgrimage with some of the unessential things.

They had some arguments about the dates. "Here is one that is marked 1913," said one small companion. "Now it isn't! Can't you see that it's as plain as anything?" The first contender was loath to give up his point, seeming to feel that a picture of last year's model was a little bit out of date. But the figure plainly was 2, and in the end he had to give in.

"Well, it is a pretty picture anyway," he said.

"These pictures aren't nearly as large as some are they?" one little girl said. And the small chorus answered: "Oh no, there was some in the first ones we went to see that was lots and lots bigger than these." And the little girl with the voice of Optimism said: "But I think there are more of these."

Women to Remedy the Social Waste

While I lived near the stockyards in Chicago, I saw how the poor people lived," said Dr. Harry F. Ward, who spoke before the members of the Woman's club and their friends yesterday afternoon. "Not only was the smell of the slaughter house everywhere, but the dense black smoke hung over the whole community, and it killed the little spears of grass in our yards, and the poor little flowers were tried to rise. It killed our children, too. But the worst feature, the garbage from the aristocratic settlements on the South Side was brought over and dumped near us. When the wind was in one direction it smelled the stockyards, when it came from the other way we had the garbage, and just because we were for the most part poor ignorant foreigners we were compelled to stand whatever they chose to do to us. And that is, I think, a bird's-eye view of what Society has done for the poor and ignorant, poisoning their lives, until the poison has spread through all our civilization, and now we are forced to seek some remedy."

Dr. Ward, in speaking to the women in the afternoon, spoke particularly of the subject of "Social Waste" as it is applied to them.

The three great factors in social waste, he said, were poverty, disease and vice, and he emphasized the special phases of each of these. He spoke of the necessity of child labor because of poverty, and the great loss the world would suffer from the fact that the children of this generation were too many of them, forced to work when they should be developing mind or body, to be ready for the work that lies ahead.

In speaking of disease, the speaker made the statement that the economic loss to the world from preventable disease was \$1,000,000,000 yearly, and declared that the tremendous waste of life through preventable disease was a crime in any community.

And he said that women suffered most from this evil, as from all the others. "Let the men of a community figure out the exact monetary loss from sickness," he said. "The women know what it means in pain and labor to care for the sick, and to see them die."

Men are more apt to look at the money side. Women must look at the humanitarian and religious aspects of the matter. Health is a purchasable commodity. You can buy as much of it as you like, and the women must see to it that enough money be spent to safeguard the health of every community.

Of vice, Dr. Ward said that the main cause, as it was in fact of every other evil, was the organized liquor traffic. All kinds of crime can be traced to this one source, and until the profits can be taken from the sale of it, and the evil stamped out, we cannot look for complete reform.

Speaking of the social evil, the speaker said that women, the greatest sufferers, must in the end strike the decisive blow against it. Thirty-six thousand girls were recruited annually by the white slavers, and if girls were to be saved, women must give their help to the task of finding the way.

There are three main reasons for the spread of this evil, Dr. Ward holds. Occupational reasons, low wages, long hours, monotonous labor, and lack of pleasures, in the place of the gifts, and the same conditions applied to men. In that low wages make it impossible to marry early and hard work tends to brutalize them. The second group of reasons have to do with recreation, improper or suggestive recreation, or no recreation at all to fill the hours that are not devoted to work. The last group is family causes, the lack of proper training of children in the family. And because the family training is so apt to be inadequate, the community is forced to step in and help.

The remedy for all these evils is to remove profit from vice and to provide proper industrial conditions. Given these, the church and the school and the home must cooperate. And back of all there must be religion, to

It was when the group had passed the eastern pictures and came to the familiar mountains that their appreciation manifested itself.

"Oh look, here is Mount Center all covered with snow—I have seen it when it looked just like that." And then it was without any show and the North Canon—Gee, isn't that good?" "My favorite is that one of the Utes on the warpath."

Mr. Crawford was present, fortunately, and someone told the children he was. They thought, as one of them said, "he must be a pretty great man, to have painted all these nice pictures." And when they had made the rounds of the gallery, like polite children they decided it was due the man who had furnished the exhibition they had seen in tell him they had enjoyed it. So they came out, each one with a courteous little hand-out, stretched, and they told him of their enjoyment. Mr. Crawford, who said it was the pleasantest incident of the whole week, shook hands with each one, and said, "Come again," and the children trooped out, proud of the fact that they had been spoken to and shaken hands with a real artist, who could paint a great many pictures, even if some of them were pretty small.

One of the interesting things scheduled for today is the program of the American Music society, to be given tonight at the home of Dr. and Mrs. A. A. Blackman, and made up of the works of Frederick Ayres, Colorado Springs' well-known composer. A few of the friends of the composer have been invited to hear the program, and they will be interested in the rendition of the numbers of the program, which are as follows:

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You Will Do Well

If in need of elastic hosiery, trusses, crutches, shoulder braces or abdominal supports, to look our stock over. We guarantee the quality, the price and the fit to be satisfactory.

Prompt Pharmacy Co.
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until the right music for all conditions.

American Music Society Tonight

One of the interesting things scheduled for today is the program of the American Music society, to be given tonight at the home of Dr. and Mrs. A. A. Blackman, and made up of the works of Frederick Ayres, Colorado Springs' well-known composer. A few of the friends of the composer have been invited to hear the program, and they will be interested in the rendition of the numbers of the program, which are as follows:

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an organization before which she has not appeared, and her willingness to respond to an appeal for help has always been refreshing.

"The Spirit of 1912," given last week by the members of Zion's like chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, was as successful as it was largely through her work. In training and directing the other members of the cast, and in taking one of the leading parts herself. The best wishes of her friends will go with her as she leaves for new fields, and they will hope that she may soon be here again to take her old place in the activities of the city.

In Honor of Miss Allen

Mrs. David Wasson gave a bridge party yesterday afternoon at her home, 508 East San Miguel street, in honor of Miss Hazel Allen. The guests of the afternoon were Miss Addie Hemenway. The color scheme of red and white was carried out in the decorations, and in the tea that was served later in the afternoon. Mrs. Manfred Allen and Mrs. A. A. Blackman were seated at the pretty table and poured the tea, and Miss Margaret Ritter, Miss Elizabeth Woodward and Miss Cowell served. The guests were:

Miss Allen, Mrs. Manfred Allen, Mrs. Harold Colvocoresses, Mrs. Alfred A. Blackman, Mrs. Kinsley Hale, Mrs. Elsie Spackman, Mrs. Will Howard Swan, Mrs. Edgar T. Nason, Mrs. J. Alfred Ritter, Mrs. J. Alfred Ritter, Jr., Mrs. E. C. Woodward, Mrs. S. B. Waldron, Mrs. L. F. Lawton, Mrs. J. Raymond Lowell, Mrs. Pennell, Miss Elnora Havens, Miss Mildred Koons, Miss Evelyn Lennox, Miss Kamp, Miss Cora Kamp, Miss Cox, Miss Ritter, Miss Woodward, Miss Louise Nichols, Miss Hester Frost, and Miss Addie Hemenway.

Socialist Women Meet Today

The ladies committee of the Socialist local will meet this afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. Colver, 2006 North Cascade avenue. All ladies are invited to be present.

S. S. Club Friday

The regular meeting of the S. S. club will be held Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. S. N. Doughter, 323 North Nevada avenue.

Church Meetings Today

Section one of the Ladies Aid society of the First Methodist church will meet at 2 o'clock this afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. M. Christ, 318 East Dale street. The assisting hostesses will be Mrs. C. E. Wood, Mrs. J. F. Johnson and Mrs. Dwinell.

The Women's Missionary society of the United States is estimated to weigh six trillion tons.

The regular Street Presbyterian church will meet at 2 o'clock with Mrs. J. F. Johnson, 323 North Cedar street. A cordial invitation is extended to all to be present.

Informal Bridge Party

Miss Irma Gillilan was hostess at a pleasant little afternoon bridge party yesterday afternoon at her home, 315 East Cascade street. A delicious luncheon was served at the close of the games. Those who were present were Mrs. Arthur Crissey, Mrs. Elsie H. Perkins, Mrs. Boardman, Mrs. Wallen, Mrs. Laura H. Reynolds, Mrs. David H. Elliot and Miss Graves.

The society editor requests that all news intended for this column should reach her before 6 o'clock on the evening before it is to appear. It can be given either personally or by telephone, Main 215, but it is necessary that it should reach her before that time.

Demonstration today at Dwinell Hardware store, on Chisnamel Ready-to-use Graining, Staining and Varnishing process. Just the thing for spring house cleaning. We teach you to be an expert in five minutes.

NEW MAYOR TO BEGIN BY CLEANING EAST ST. LOUIS

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., April 2.—Mayor-elect Chamberlin of this city announced today that his inauguration day, May 1, will mark the beginning of a moral cleanup of the town.

"That day," said the mayor-elect, "will be moving day for the gamblers. Gambling has been rampant in East St. Louis, but I propose to get after the gamblers by appointing a police board that will do the work."

Mr. Chamberlin said that he could sack five courts, the social evil but he indicated that for the present he did not propose to close the saloons on Sunday.

FRENCH AVIATOR KILLED

AMIENS, France, April 2.—A military aviator, Sergeant Phinoux, was killed today. He had just arrived from Rheims and made an error of judgment in landing. The machine tilted and the aviator was thrown out.

The annual rain and snowfall of the United States is estimated to weigh six trillion tons.



CORDUROY FROCK

A model for corduroy is shown in this drawing. For home dressmaking this material is much to be recommended as for some reason it seems peculiarly adapted to the lifting of amateur finishing and under even moderately skillful handling comes forth with a smartness equaled by no other material. The model shown is a very simple one with center box pleat occupying blouse and skirt, the latter untrimmed except for the row of satin buttons on the shadow lace. On either side of the center pleat is a band of self-tone silk passementerie. The lace sleeves are trimmed with the satin-covered silk. Tie and girde of satin.



"Rough hauling?" "I don't mind. This is a Studebaker Wagon"

—that's why I bought it. I noticed that men were using the Studebaker wherever the work was hard—hauling steel girders in the city, logs in the woods, stone in the quarry.

"My work is hard and I know it. My wagon is on my payroll and must earn its salary. That's why I bought a Studebaker. I can't afford to buy a cheaper one."

"Get in touch with a Studebaker dealer, he's a good man to know."

See our Dealer or write us.
STUDEBAKER South Bend, Ind.
NEW YORK CHICAGO DALLAS KANSAS CITY DENVER
MINNEAPOLIS SALT LAKE CITY SAN FRANCISCO PORTLAND ORE.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

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THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1913.

COLORADO CITY DRY

COLORADO CITY'S first election under the commission form of government has made the town dry by a vote so decisive that it ought to set at rest any doubt caused by the closeness of the contest two years ago. At that time the drys won by a margin so narrow that a court decision was necessary to settle the question, and unfortunately this decision was delayed until about two months ago.

At that time the saloon keepers and their friends gave a surprising exhibition of meekness and resignation. They declared that they would make no further effort to keep the town wet, but would accept the verdict as final. However, it was not many days until they were out with petitions to resubmit the question at the next election.

Now they know—ought to know—the real state of public feeling in Colorado City with respect to saloons. The dry majority of 104 is decisive. It means the elimination of the saloons for another two years, but it does not mean that they can never come back. This is most emphatically a matter in which eternal vigilance is the price of safety. Colorado City in the past has been far picking for the saloon crowd and the vicious element with which it is allied, and they will not give up without repeated contests. Whenever they see a chance to win they will be out in force again with the time-worn argument about the benefits of the booze business as a promoter of prosperity.

There are plenty of other towns in Colorado and elsewhere that have found the expulsion of the saloon the most effective means of promoting prosperity of the real, substantial kind, and if Colorado City has a fair chance it will be no exception.

NEWSPAPER INFLUENCE

WE take it for granted that The Gazette will be pardoned an expression of personal pride in the outcome of Tuesday's election. Every cause and candidate espoused by this paper triumphed; every one opposed by it lost. Judge McKesson's victory is the most convincing mark of public confidence received by a candidate for mayor in many years, for he leads his nearest rival by a plurality of 853, and his margin over Mayor Avery, who was regarded as his most formidable opponent, is 930.

The defeat of the restaurant amendment which had been repeatedly denounced by The Gazette, is attained by a vote of more than three to one. The Sunday amusement ordinance, also opposed by this paper, is beaten by a substantial majority, while the preferential voting amendment, which The Gazette alone supported, is carried by about 1,000. The bond refunding proposals safely carried, which puts an end to this vexed question.

It is good to be on the winning side, and it is still better to know that every candidate and proposal won because of sheer merit.

THE FARMING TRADE

COLORADO SPRINGS merchants would do well to cultivate still more the feeling of good will and reciprocity that exists between this city and the farming country throughout Eastern El Paso County and adjoining counties. The farm demonstration excursions, run by the railroads and in which local business men participated, the aid given to the farmers by Springs men last year, the bigger yields of the farming country, and the parcels post ought all contribute toward a closer relationship between the ranchman and the business men of this city.

Let the parcel post be the means of more trade between Eastern El Paso and Colorado Springs. The Eastern mail order houses flood the country with exhaustive catalogues, and nine times out of ten the purchaser is dissatisfied. The article in question may not be up to its description, or a long delay may ensue in its arrival, numerous causes of dissatisfaction exist.

Colorado Springs is the natural trade center of the farming territory to the east. Implements, food, supplies, feed, clothing, etc., may be bought here with a great deal less delay and with more general satisfaction than if purchased in the East. The farmer knows that when he makes his purchases here, he is dealing with reliable business firms who will stand back of their guarantee. Then, again, prices here on the whole compare favorably with those of Eastern mail order establishments.

The proposed resumption of operations on the Elizabeth branch of the Colorado and Southern Railroad would aid materially in bringing Colorado Springs in closer touch with the farming territory.

The local business men should go after this trade.

RECEIVING RECOGNITION

THAT the women of Colorado are taken more seriously, and their qualifications for public office given more consideration than at any previous time during the comparatively long period of woman's rights in this state, is evidenced by the returns from Tuesday's election. Women played an important part in many localities, and of 12 candidates for municipal office, only one, at Rifle, was defeated. In addition to the victories of the three women candidates in Colorado Springs, Colorado City and Manitou, two women were elected at Loveland, and one each at Idaho Springs, Montrose, Victor, Goldfield, Telluride and Glenwood Springs.

THE FLORENCE CRITTENDEN HOME

ONE of the most worthy institutions in the state is the Florence Crittenden Home in Denver. Its rescue work among the girls is not at all confined to Denver, but extends throughout Colorado, and indeed, no little work is done on behalf of former residents of this city.

The Denver Home was established 20 years ago, and a remarkable amount of good has been accomplished by those in charge. Aside from its humanitarian principles, the institution has proved a great success from the economic standpoint. The girls are trained to earn their own living, and when they leave the home they are self-sustaining and do not become a burden on the state.

Because of lack of funds the Denver Associated Charities has withdrawn its subscription, and a deficit exists. A number of prominent men and women of Colorado Springs have been named to constitute the local advisory board. They will represent local interests on the state board, and an effort is being made to obtain subscriptions from philanthropic individuals, as well as from churches and other organizations.



FROM OTHER PLANS

A NEW SCHOOL FUNCTION.
From the New York Evening Post.
Another step in the raising over by the school of functions once regarded as belonging to the home is reported from Chicago, where each high school is to have a "clean of girls." This does not mean that the girls are to be clean, but that they are to be clean in their habits. The Chicago newspaper cites "the dominance of many modern mothers, their self-confident attitude, the finality of their conversation with the boys or young men who are their companions, their addition to such unpretty habits as gum-chewing, in public places, and makes the solemn reflection, 'Many a young girl has suffered terribly because she lacked a wise friend upon whom she could freely call for advice.' Well, advice on the most delicate subjects is today not only to be had freely, but hardly to be avoided. Yet the home being a moral bankrupt, where shall we turn for the training of character and to that patient, best of all, the public school? The latter, to be sure, is short through with criticism, but however inefficient it may be, we are sure that it must be better in the highest things of life than the home can possibly be. The old time will have to be revised to read: 'A boy's best friend is his teacher.'

THE SCHOLAR TO THE FORE.
From the New York Tribune.
The appointment of Professor Frank J. Goodnow at Columbia University, as adviser to the Chinese government to aid in the reform of its constitution as a tribute to aid to American scholarship and to American institutions. It may also suggest to many minds how little place there has been in American politics for men of Professor Goodnow's type.

The scholar in general politics is an almost unknown quantity in the practical land. Our learned president must be taken as the exception that proves the rule. The case of such a man as Professor Goodnow is far more typical. His influence upon other scholars and upon the students who have sat under him has been large. Also his services as an expert have from time to time benefited this city in its charter revisions and aided the nation through the economic commission appointed by President Taft. But the real contribution of our scholars Professor Goodnow has never entered the field of active politics.

Is it possible that the example of President Wilson will change this national habit? No doubt it is too soon to say. But we think there is a growing realization in the country at large that it has failed to take full advantage of some of its most expert and talented minds in the nation.

POCKETS FOR THE LADIES

It did not escape the attention of an observant reporter, assigned recently to describe an opening display of costumes, that the women attracted to the exhibit showed only an "qualified interest" in one of the newest features of the gowns, namely the pockets. This circumstance calls for something more than passing notice. As far back as the history of woman's costumes can be traced, the appearance or rather, the presence, for appearance and presence are two very different things in this regard, of pockets in their gowns has always been regarded by the ladies with considerable respectation. Through generations and, perhaps, centuries, they have noted that when the companion they were with, the possession of a pocket that "can be

found, silence is usually the response. So frequently have husbands been rebuffed in this respect that belief to the effect that women do not like to have their pockets found has become traditional among them.

The present instance is pointed out by the observant reporter that the pockets in the exhibit of the newly made and stylish gowns under consideration, "were placed" just like a man's, and were of satisfactory size. More than this, "as a compromise with femininity, the one on the right was edged with a ruffle of lace." Nevertheless, "the 'ladies' having looked the gowns all over, was reluctant and noncommittal on the pockets.

Just how to account for this characteristic, men are at a loss. There is a floating theory on the subject, however. It is held by some that if, for any reason, a woman deems it necessary to have a pocket, she prefers to keep it a secret or to have it so placed that not only her husband, but herself, will be unable to find it save at great expenditure of time and trouble. This it is thought by some, enables her to hand over everything she cannot carry in her bag to her husband, whose pockets are always used as storerooms on excursions. It is also thought that it relieves her from looking for street-car fare or railroad tickets when he is alone. It is conjectured, and sometimes believed, that she thinks it is a way of knowing that the man who has her husband would quickly reverse the established order and "load on her." But all this is pure theory; pure conjecture. One would not be disposed to give it a second thought if it were not for the testimony of a certain house to an observant reporter. "There certainly is some reason why the ladies are strangely reserved with regard to pockets."

"ABILITY RATHER THAN WEALTH"

From the Philadelphia Inquirer.
According to a statement recently made by Mr. McCombs, the Democratic national chairman, and who, it is presumed, can speak for the president with some degree of authority, Mr. Wilson "has determined to pick out, diplomatic representatives solely on a basis of ability rather than wealth."

Such a plan is all very well in theory, and it would greatly benefit the country if it could be carried out. But the great trouble is that under existing conditions, it is almost impossible. As everyone presumably knows, and as the president must know, a diplomat who ranks as an ambassador of minister to any of the important European nations cannot live on the salary he receives for his services and uphold the dignity of the country as its representative.

In proportion to the importance of the positions they assume, the men who fill these posts receive ridiculously salaries, while their expenses are necessarily very large. In fact, the remuneration in some instances is no more than sufficient to meet house rent. The country has been fortunate for the most part in securing the services of representatives who were able and who have been willing to shoulder the expense for the honor that the office brings, but the situation is anything but a pleasing one. What chance does the man who has ambition and ability, but who has not the bank account of a millionaire, have under such conditions?

Unless Congress is willing to do as other nations do—provide permanent quarters for its ambassadors and ministers and grant sufficient salaries to maintain them—wonder that President Wilson will be forced to follow established custom and pick out men who, while they may have ability, must first have wealth.

A SANDSTORM, OBVIOUSLY.
From the Saturday Evening Post.
"I felt like an old house in a storm that has been built upon the sands."

THE INSPIRED COMPOSITOR

From the Buffalo Courier.
"Lord Winter at that time," she continued, "was an unusually handsome young man of twenty-four, a favorite at court, and the spoiled pet of all the ladies of his sex."

QUELQUE APPRECIATION

From the Toledo Blade.
Napoleon's seven weeks' festival service in St. Paul's M. E. church, conducted by the pastor, Rev. Charles Bennett, closed with 125 conversions and 104 accessions to the membership. As an expression of appreciation Rev. Bennett was given a purse of \$150. The offering was an innovation, and came as a surprise to the pastor.

PENDULUMS

By RUTH CAMERON.

When we try too hard for some one thing, it occasionally happens that we defeat our purpose by the blind intensity of our desire.

In no direction is this so true as in the bringing up of children.

Over-indulgence is not the only way to spoil a child. Over-intensity in trying to make a child develop desirable qualities sometimes results in making a child go to opposite extremes.

Most of us are pendulums by nature. The more violently we are pushed in one direction, the more violently we ultimately swing in the other.

An acquaintance of mine who is the mother of a very pretty little girl of 16, is excessively anxious that her daughter shall be very quiet and refined in her intercourse with the other sex.

Of course, that is a natural desire of any mother, but in this woman it is a mania, and drives her to an excess of severity. She is always scolding this lively little girl for some outburst of her natural vivacity. She is always forbidding her some pleasure in which her companions are freely permitted to join.

And, of course, the harvest of such severity is reaping for her sad reaping. Her daughter is rapidly growing discontented. If she cannot have a good time with her friends openly, she will have it secretly. And, as everyone knows, the pleasures that must be enjoyed by stealth are the most dangerous and fascinating. The walk home from school with her boy friend would be the most natural thing in the world if it were permitted, but it becomes a guilty adventure when it is forbidden fruit. The step from plotting things like this to plotting less harmless adventures is not a long one, and I am told this little girl has already taken it.

If this is true, I firmly believe the mother had only her mistake to blame. The girl's docility and inappropriateness are the violent swing of the pendulum, which has been pushed out of its orbit in one direction and balanced itself by swinging too far in the other.

In another family the mother's excessive fear of fire, and her insistence upon needless precautions, have driven her whole family to the opposite extreme. I never saw anyone so careless about fire as one of her sons who now has a home of his own.

Again, a mother who tries to dominate every moment of her children's lives, and with what they should eat, drink, wear, read, study, enjoy, is now struggling with an ultra-independent daughter, who resents even suggestions as to what she shall do.

The mother does not realize that she is dealing with the swing of the pendulum, but that is just what it is.

Moderation is a splendid quality in any relation of life, but in none more so than in that of the parent. As the twig is bent the tree inclines, but be careful you don't bend it so hard as to get it all out of shape.

Oakland, Cal.

By GEORGE FITCH,
Author of "At Good-Old Siwash"

Oakland is one of the few cities in history that have been built by an earthquake.

Earthquakes are, as a rule, extremely unhealthy for cities and depress the bank clearings and real estate quotations to an alarming degree. But Oakland's patron saint, rabbit's foot and first friend is the earthquake which dashed its neighbor, San Francisco in 1906.

Oakland is situated on the rambling pile and was all stretched out of shape trying to maintain metropolitan airs. Two days after the earthquake it had 30,000 people. Unfortunately the census didn't come along in time to pre-



"Debates between the relative merits of Oakland and San Francisco climates."

serve all of this population in the census records, but in 1910 Oakland still had 150,000 people and was growing fast.

It is extremely difficult to persuade any Oaklander to say a harsh word about earthquakes.

Oakland is situated on the rambling and extensive bay of San Francisco and was originally founded by people who wanted some relief from the climate of the other side. Oakland uses Mt. Tamalpais and the coast hills for a windbreak and claims to have a climate 475 per cent better than San Francisco. This, however, is not conceded across the bay. The debate between the relative merits of Oakland and San Francisco climates has now been in progress for half a century and shows no sign of settlement.

Oakland was named from the great live oaks which still line some of its residence streets. It is filled with people who have the science of living pleasantly down to an extremely fine point and it claims to have as many rose-covered porches as Portland, Oregon. Its people are a hardy sea-faring race who have traveled the six stormy miles by ferry to San Francisco night and morning so often that they only smile when they cross the English channel.

(Copyrighted by George Mathew Adams)

HORSE THIEVING A NEW YORK INDUSTRY

From the New York Evening World.
From reports made by truckmen and tradesmen, it appears that New York among its other metropolitan glories, may boast of being the largest horsethief center in the world. Since this year began upward of 120 horses and a good many wagons have been conveyed away by enterprising men, and few of them have ever been recovered by their mourning owners.

The abstraction of a horse and wagon, or a team and truck, from the owner appears to be about the easiest thing in the town's activities. The thief has no foil at all. He merely gets up into the driver's seat while the driver is absent, gives the horse a clip of the whip or a cluck of the tongue, and the intelligent and active animal proceeds to take himself and vehicle out of sight forever.

Texas, with all its stray ponies, hardly loses as many dollars, worth of horseflesh in a month as we do in a week. In some districts of the city the activities of the thieves are greater than others, but hardly any district is overlooked wholly. The rustlers are as impartial as can be expected of men not specially pledged to impartiality. Disconsolate owners, with a strict police guard stationed at every bridge and ferry to prevent the stolen horses being taken from Manhattan. They think they would not be so good as feel the loss so keenly if they knew that the horses, though lost to them, were still on the island.

NEW SENATE SECRETARY

James M. Baker of South Carolina has been appointed secretary to the United States senate. This position pays \$6,500 a year, only \$1,000 less than the salary of a senator. Mr. Baker is a university graduate in law, and has served for some time as a librarian in the senate. He had the backing of senator Ben Tillman for the position.

Thinking women all over the country are agreeing that better dress standards for women must be secured and just how this shall be brought about is not yet apparent. To the minds of many people it is purely a matter of

(Continued on Page Six)

High School Records

The Girl Graduate, Her Own Book.....\$1.50
My Golden School Days.....75c
School Girl Days.....\$1.50
The Girl Graduate—De Luxe Edition.....\$3.00

HARDY'S
16 N. Tejon

IN THE EARLY DAYS

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY

APRIL 3, 1883.

The city election passed off quietly. The entire Prohibition ticket headed by J. F. Humphrey for mayor was elected with the exception of Hart, the candidate for city marshal, who was defeated by John Beall, the independent candidate. The total vote was 709.

The county commissioners granted a petition signed by Frank F. Castello and others for the opening of a county road from Buie creek to Florissant.

The Citizens ticket headed by C. W. Barker for mayor was elected in Manitou.

Water was turned into some of the city irrigating ditches for the first time of the season.

Manager Brower reported that the telephone system was constantly increasing. There were then 140 instruments in use and a larger switchboard was soon to be installed in the central office.

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY

APRIL 3, 1893.

The house accepted the senate amendments to the woman suffrage bill, and it was announced it would go to the vote of the people.

Irving W. Bonbright and Arthur A. Cornduff, having secured the offices in the Hagerman block formerly occupied by Proudfoot, Edsall & Coffin, began business under the firm name of Irving W. Bonbright & Company.

Charles Norton and Estella Jones, both colored, were arrested in Manitou, charged with having stolen \$2.89 in cash from the house where they had been employed in Phillipsburgh, N. Y.

THE HASKIN LETTER

THE MODERN WOMAN

IX—WOMEN AND CLOTHES

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN.

The American woman is credited with being the most extravagant being on earth as regards her clothing.

The arrival of an American business regarded as far more important by the women of Europe than that of any reigning sovereign. Even royalty has not such unlimited sums of money at its disposal, and certainly is not so reckless regarding its expenditures. The expenditures of the Empress Josephine for many years were considered record-breaking in feminine extravagance of toilette, but there are American women who each year exceed the \$50,000 which Napoleon provided for her allowance. When one woman is taxed \$50,000 duty upon her own articles brought over from Europe in a single year, in addition to the \$100,000 may be readily accounted for.

When a single hat brought over to this country is sold at a loss for the sum of \$250, it would seem that extravagance had almost reached the climax although the dealers each season tell of new extremes. The trousseau of a bride a generation ago was supposed to be liberal in the extreme if it cost \$2,000. Now it is possible to expend that sum for the wedding dress alone if the finest grade of lace is used, while \$50,000 will not provide a trousseau especially noteworthy for its elegance. When hand-embroidered night dresses are made for a thousand dollars apiece, the old allowance of a hundred dollars for the bride's lingerie which was extravagant a generation ago, seems almost ridiculous to the fashionable belle of today.

Difference in Cost of Clothes.

The difference between the cost of women's clothing and that of men has afforded the joke writers material for many bits and yet it is almost unbelievable. A well known couplet not yet included in the multitudes of lines returned from Europe last year with their season's outfit of clothes. The man who is considered one of the best dressed men of the country, paid out upon \$240 worth of new clothing. His wife had \$10,000 worth, the chief part of which was in gowns, although her hat alone cost more than her husband's entire outfit. Yet gauged by the expenditures of her associates this woman did not spend any more than her sense of obligation to her position in society demanded.

The greatest increase in the cost of living in many families is the larger sum required for clothing. A woman who used to dress so well upon an allowance of \$50 a year that her gowns attracted favorable comment, now spends ten times that sum and is dressing plainly in comparison with her associates. The first appearance of spangled clothes upon the New York stage, worn by Amazons, attracted attention for their extravagant brilliancy. Now thousands of American matrons wear spangled gowns of even greater extravagance which attract no attention because they are no longer unusual.

Many of the extravagance in the clothes of fashionable women might be condoned because of the money which it keeps in circulation, were it not for the hardships it imposes upon the women of smaller means, especially the working woman. There is no class distinction in clothing in America. Every one wears as nearly as possible the styles of the social leaders and the more elaborate their costumes the greater the strain upon those who desire to emulate them. There is no pleasant class among Americans who clothe themselves comfortably after the same styles as their ancestors, in many instances wearing clothing bequeathed to them. This is often a hardship which the women resent but it is forced upon them by modern social conditions.

Wore Her Grandmother's Cloak.

The story is told of the life of a struggling Methodist preacher who was rebuked by the presiding elder because he did not give more personal attention to the education of his

children instead of sending them to public school and kindergarten at an early age. She was reminded of the example of the famous Susanah Wesley, who had personally instructed each of her numerous offspring. "That is quite true," rejoined the modern woman. "But we are told that Susanah Wesley wore for many years, without alteration, the cloak which was bequeathed to her by her grandmother. If I were to appear in my husband's church wearing my grandmother's cloak, unless I had carefully altered it to suit modern fashion, I would speedily be reminded that I was not keeping up the dignity of my husband's position by presenting a proper appearance. I own children, and I am compelled to see to it, usually in order that they as well as myself may present as good an appearance as the families in my church who have larger means."

The average woman experiences no keener distress than the knowledge that her clothes are below the standards of her associates, although many women are strong-minded enough to try to ignore it. At a recent scientific gathering held in Washington, attended by the leading scientists of the country and their wives, a well-known society woman remarked: "There is nothing more pathetic to me than the evening gowns of most of these women. You can see by their faces that they are cultured, refined women, whose world is not the world of beautiful things, yet some of them have been sacrificing everything to the scientific achievements of their husbands. Many of these dresses formed a part of bridal trousseaus and have been carefully preserved ever since. The painstaking effort put forth in a vain endeavor to bring them up to a prevailing style makes my heart ache. Only a woman can understand the aching hearts underneath some of these partially rejuvenated dresses and it seems wrong, somehow, that such things have to be."

Keeping Up With Fashion.

While undoubtedly the women in the professional classes do suffer from the present extravagant standards of dress, the greatest martyrs are the "poor working girls" who have not the resources of the "other women" to help them. Each new fad which is adopted by the society woman is copied in cheaper materials for her poorer sister. The cheaper the material, the greater the tax its purchase may be upon the poor woman who acquires it for her hard-earned money. An article in which she will have little service, and which she will soon discard for something calling for an equal tax upon her slender resources. The same money invested in good durable garments would yield so much greater physical comfort if they only had the fashionable appearance necessary to her happiness.

Great industries are built upon the imitation of elegances which the perverted taste of many American women now seems to demand. Brocaded velvets, which might cost hundreds of dollars from the silk looms of Europe, are being produced in the New England cotton mills for the smallest fraction of the cost of the originals. All kinds of jewels are now manufactured in cheap glass while the manufacture of imitation lace has grown into an industry representing millions of dollars annually in this country. These imitations are never durable. Their frequent renewal has been the undoing of many working girls who will put all they can earn or obtain credit for into openwork lingerie at 50 cents a set, willow blouses at \$1.68, imitation silk dresses at \$4.48, and yet always be in need of the warm, comfortable clothing their health demands.

Thinking women all over the country are agreeing that better dress standards for women must be secured and just how this shall be brought about is not yet apparent. To the minds of many people it is purely a matter of

(Continued on Page Six)

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure
No other baking powder is the same in composition or effectiveness, or so wholesome and economical, nor will make such fine food.

Royal is the only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

What the Press Agents Say

BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS

Colorado Springs playgoers will soon have a chance to see "Bunty Pulls the Strings." Graham Moffat's famous play of Scotch village life in the '80's, which has been so tremendously successful in New York, London, Chicago and other large cities, "Bunty Pulls the Strings" was first produced in London, at the Haymarket theater, more than two years ago, and is still running at that famous playhouse. Considerably over a year ago the play was produced in New York at the Comedy theater, by William A. Brady, with an all-Scotch cast and proved to be a great success in the metropolis of the western hemisphere as it was in London. The New York run ended just a few weeks ago.

Because of its success, "Bunty" naturally has been the most talked of play in America. Professional critics and the public alike have hailed it as the greatest comedy of our day. Such are its innocuous and charming that it has compelled comparisons with "The Little Minister" and other works of James Matthew Barrie. Many people at first believed, in fact, that it was Dr. Barrie who really wrote "Bunty" under a nom de plume. But it is no more than just to dispute the conviction, while acknowledging the completion, for "Bunty Pulls the Strings" really was written by Graham Moffat, a former Scotch actor. "Bunty" raised him from comparative obscurity to international fame. Today he is acknowledged as one of the greatest of playwrights, and there is a big demand for the products of his pen. He has been deluged with orders for more Scotch comedies. His second effort, "A Scare of the Pen," recently was produced in London and New York.

Manager Nye announces that "Bunty Pulls the Strings" will be at the Grand Opera house on Tuesday night, April 2. Denies the engagement will be one of the most notable of the theatrical season in this city.

COAL MINE STRIKE IS BROKEN, OFFICIALS SAY

Officials of the Pike's Peak Fuel company operating the coal mines at Pike View, five miles north of the city, claimed last night that the backbone of the strike was broken. They said that 70 of the 140 men who went out on a strike for higher pay returned to work yesterday morning at the old scale, and that the remainder who are still out will not be given their former places. The men asked for a 10 per cent increase in pay, it is understood. There has been no disturbance at the mine.

News of Local Courts

A charge of larceny against C. Limsky was dismissed yesterday in the district court. Limsky was accused of stealing appliances for switch lamps, supposedly from the Denver & Rio Grande railroad. Inability to establish ownership of the property resulted in his dismissal.

J. W. OSBORNE INJURED BY FALLING TIMBER

J. W. Osborne, a bridge contractor working on the Colorado Midland bridge near the Iron Springs in Manitou, was injured about the ribs yesterday afternoon when a small timber fell on him. He was taken to St. Francis hospital. The extent of his injuries will not be known until today.

SOCIALISTS HOLD MEETING

George D. Brewer, associate editor of the Appeal to Reason, spoke at a meeting at the court house last night. The meeting was held under the auspices of the local organization of the Socialist party. Brewer has been organizer for that party for a number of years.

CORRETT AND HIS YARNS

PROVE HIT AT EMPRESS

By H. H. F.
James J. Corbett, former champion pugilist of the world, legitimate actor of real merit, vaudeville headliner on the big circuits of both this country and Europe, genial good fellow and man of the world, is the foremost attraction at the Empress this week. He appears in a series of stories, most of which are on himself, and he tells them with a rare good humor and camaraderie that wins the approval of the audience, even without the prestige of this wonderful athlete's record in the realm of boxing. Followers of the fight game now or 20 years ago, and everyone who can enjoy a good story well told, will enjoy Mr. Corbett's act at the Empress this week.

Second only to Gentleman Jim in entertaining ability is the veteran vaudeville star, Allan MacDonald. Some musician, too, is the laughter-starting Grant, and with a fund of humor and extemporaneous small talk he manages to keep the audience in a roar of laughter, and well deserves the repeated accolades that he receives. Not so fortunate are Pierce and Mazee. Their act brings into prominence that oft-repeated saying, "How wonderful an organ is the human nose." Benefit of this important agent, neither of this team could appear, because they use it entirely in both their singing and talking. Several attractive changes of costumes that made are the most attractive parts of the act.

Campbell and MacDonald, two typical Scotch names, is the stage billing of a young man and young woman who first sing an Indian song, followed by an Irish melody and ending in a Scotch song and dance, which I have on the word of a native son of old Scotland whom I chanced to see, to be the real thing. It is a good act in itself, and a welcome relief from the monotonous acrobatic act with which nearly every vaudeville show is opened.

George Palmer Moore and Florence Elliott contribute a rapid-fire farce termed "A Matrimonial Substitute," which concerns the adventures of a venturesome piano salesman in the wrong flat. Good snappy work on the part of Miss Elliott makes an enjoyable skit out of rather meager material.

Huge cannon balls, torpedoes, and projectiles of apparent great weight seem more toys in the slender hands of the heavy-weight juggler, Espe. Miss Roth, a comedienne, who is both original and funny, keeps the audience in high good humor, and completes a bill that is better than usual.

Deaths and Funerals

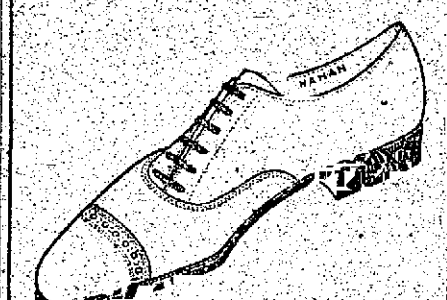
The funeral of Miss Angie Harbaugh will be held from her home, 214 South Wabash avenue, at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The Rev. Robert B. Wolfe officiating. Interment will be in Evergreen cemetery.

EMPEROR OF JAPANESE DECORATES FRISCO BOY

SAN FRANCISCO, April 2.—Duncan Fitzgerald, a schoolboy who saved a Japanese from drowning a year ago, was decorated at Redwood City today with "Kojushoko," a medal conferred by the Japanese emperor for bravery. The award was made a public ceremony and 400 American school children sang the Japanese national anthem. Captain General Ojima of San Francisco conferred the decoration.

HANAN OXFORDS

Wearers of Hanan shoes will be pleased with the big line of oxfords, we have received from this house we want to show you the CROWN last similar to cut.



In Black and Tan.
\$6.00

Imposing Funeral for King of Greece

ATHENS, Greece, April 2.—Such an imposing funeral as today marked the burial of King George of Greece was never before witnessed in modern Athens.

The procession was of great length, including a striking mingling of many eastern and western nationalities. The royal palaces of Greece and the delegations representing the courts of Europe and the states of the Eastern hemisphere joined, with deputations from European Turkey, from the islands of the Aegean sea and Asia Minor, each in distinctive national dress.

The soldiery and the clergy rivaled each other in numbers. All branches of the army and of the church being represented.

A CARD.—This is to certify that all druggists are authorized to refund your money if Foley's Honey and Tar Compound fails to cure your cough or cold. John Bennett, Frisco, states: "I have used Foley's Honey and Tar Compound as a rapidly medicine for five years and it has always given the best of satisfaction and produced good results. It will always cure a cough or cold. For children, it is indispensable on account of its pleasant taste and its freedom from opiates. Refuse substitutes. Robinson Drug Co., Adv."

GOV. OSBORNE TO BECOME ASSISTANT SECRETARY

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Former Governor Osborne of Wyoming, it was stated at the White house today, was most likely to be selected as first assistant secretary of state. He has been under consideration for some time with others whose names have not been disclosed. Information today was that Mr. Osborne was foremost in the president's mind.

One fire in every four in New York is of incendiary origin.

CRAMPS, HEADACHE, BACKACHE, Yield to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa.—"I was always tired and weak, my housework was a drag. I was irregular, had cramps so bad that I would have to lie down, also a distressed feeling in lower part of back, and headache. My abdomen was sore and I know I had organic inflammation."

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier have helped me wonderfully. I don't have these pains any more and I am all right now. There are a great many women here who take your remedies and I have told others what they have done for me."

Mrs. CHAS. MCKINNON, 1013 N. 5th St. W., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Women who are suffering from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not lose sight of these facts or doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

There are probably hundreds of thousands, perhaps millions of women in the United States who have been benefited by this famous old remedy, which was produced from roots and herbs over 30 years ago by a woman to relieve woman's suffering. If you are sick and need such a medicine, why don't you try it?

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

WHERE EVERYBODY GOES

TIMOTHY D. SULLIVAN

COLORADO SPRINGS

Impress

3 SHOWS DAILY 2:45-7:30-9:15

FRANK ROBERTSON
- RESIDENT MANAGER -

JOHN W. CONSIDINE

Beginning Wednesday Matinee, April 2nd, continuing Thursday and Friday, Matinee and Night

JAMES J. CORBETT

"THE CHIEF OF THE FIELD OF THE KING"

IN HIS LATEST LAUGHABLE AND TIMELY TRIBUTE OF NEW STORIES AND ANECDOTES OF HIS WONDERFUL CAREER

MOORE & ELLIOTT

PRESENT

"A Matrimonial Substitute"

"THE MIRTHFUL MUSIC BOX"

GRANT GARDNER

In Witty Songs and Comic Impersonations

PIERCE AND MAZEE

A Delightful Duo

CAMPBELL AND McDONALD

Delightful Singing Novelty

ESPE AND ROTH

Advanced Athletes

The Haskin Letter

THE MODERN WOMAN

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN.

(Continued From Page Four.)
education. It is related of Mrs. Martha Berry, who has devoted her life to the education of the neglected mountain girls in the south, that she was bitterly discouraged over what she regarded would be the effect of a visit of some fashionably dressed women to her school. She had endeavored to give her girls high ideals of the neatness and suitability of dress and the beauty and simplicity of well chosen clothing. The visitors were attracted in hobbles, skirts, low-necked waists of semitransparent material and monstrous hats accentuated in some instances by gaudy ties and veils. As their clothing was ready, and in keeping with the current fashion. To her great relief one of the older girls said to her after the visit, "Oh, Miss Berry, we girls felt that it was too bad that those ladies who were here this morning did not have you to teach them how to dress. It seemed too bad that they should wear such funny looking clothes and they must have been uncomfortable, too."

Where Styles Originate.
It is believed that the increasing patriotism among women will also tend to improve their judgment in these matters. The extremes of fashion which so many American women of good social position have brought over from Paris would never be worn by a European woman in good standing. American women go to Paris and see beautiful women in girdles and up on the street wearing new and extreme garments. They do not know that these beautiful women are of the demimonde and that the ultra Parisian modiste designs gowns for the American and the demimonde, classing them together. He would not think of offering them to his own countrywomen. American women are gradually becoming aware of this and the idea of wearing clothes produced in this country appeals to them as a patriotic duty and most of these American models are both beautiful and sensible. The modern American woman is demanding simpler, plainer clothing which will not require so great an outlay of her own time in placing, or have so great a strain upon the less fortunate woman who pays her the highest compliment—praise of imitation.

Within the past decade the demand for American fashions for American women has increased so enormously that the business of manufacturing American patterns now represents millions of dollars of investment. The simplicity, suitability and beauty of these have been developed so far that they are now popular in every civilized country. Patterns for original American styles of garments are now supplied with directions for their use printed in every European language. Fashions designed especially for American women are now in greater demand throughout the world than those of any other nation, not even excluding the French.

Tight Lacing Is Over.
Few persons will dispute that the modern fashions present many advantages over those of a decade ago. The day of tight lacing is over. The best present models have a waist measurement of from 24 to 26 inches instead of from 18 to 22 as was once the case. No well-dressed woman now performs gratuitously the task of street sweeping, although only a few years ago trained dresses were seen upon the street in great numbers. The bustle, like the hoop skirt, has long been relegated to oblivion and except for the

extremely narrow skirt which many women have never been guilty of wearing, the present costume upon the street, with no extra fullness to make it unnecessarily heavy and short enough to clear the ground comfortably, seems almost to have reached the maximum of comfort and utility. The average woman, the sheath skirt, the transparent waist and similar novelties are merely passing eccentricities which will not have any lasting favor, although even their short duration is deprecated in many circles. It is especially unfortunate that these novelties in styles, many of them originating in garments designed for European women of loose morals, should be worn by the American women who can least afford them. The clothes which present least protection from the cold and the hot sun, and of sensual men are, most frequently worn by young girls who can least afford the risk of illness from colds or are less able to resist insult rather than by the women of means whose social position protects them from unwelcome advances.

Tomorrow—THE MODERN WOMAN.

N.—Women and Pages.

THIRTY NEW V. M. C. A. BUILDINGS FOR CHICAGO

CHICAGO, April 2.—Thirty new Young Men's Christian association buildings involving the expenditure of \$6,000,000, will be built in Chicago within the next 10 years, according to the program for the extension of the work of the organization here, made public last night.

The program includes the erection of a hotel for transient young men, a building for a rescue department, a boys club, dormitory for the laborers of South Chicago, three students buildings for Northwestern university medical school, the University of Chicago and the west side professional schools and permanent week-end and summer camps.

WALTER HOBART DIVORCED

SAN FRANCISCO, April 2.—Walter Hobart, millionaire polo player and clubman, was divorced yesterday from his wife, formerly Miss Hannah Williams, on charges preferred by her of cruelty, intemperance, abusive language and infidelity. He did not defend the suit. In an interlocutory decree the custody of the three children, Hannah, Ruth and Walter, of whom the eldest is 18, the youngest 9 years old, were awarded to Mrs. Hobart.

New York city, in 1912, spent \$55,795,712.

CANADA PLANS PARCEL POST SYSTEM LIKE U. S.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 2.—A parcel post planned on the "zone" system, similar to that in the United States, is proposed for Canada. Postmaster General Pelletier has announced that he would introduce the necessary legislation in parliament soon.

Since the inauguration of the system in the United States, the Canadian postoffice department has handled great quantities of incoming parcel post, matter without receiving any benefit in return.

The officials here have watched the operation of the system closely and have asked the Washington postoffice department for a report on it. By this means they hope to avoid, in the formulation of the Canadian system, any mistakes the United States may have made.

M'Combs May Accept Post of Ambassador

WASHINGTON, April 2.—White house officials were unable today to throw any light on the report that Democratic National Chairman William E. McCombs had reconsidered his decision of the ambassadorship to France and was now inclined to take the post.

Mr. McCombs has for nearly a month been undecided and although on one day he had informed the White house he would accept the next day he announced his decision. Within a day or two after that, Mr. McCombs signed his resignation of reconsidering.

The White house officials today admitted they were puzzled and did not know exactly what Mr. McCombs would do.

On the day before the senate adjourned, Mr. McCombs telephoned the White house and prepared his nomination and indicated that he would like to be confirmed before the senate adjourned. Friends of the administration payed the way for confirmation of the nomination in the closing hours of the special session.

F. E. CALLOWAY APPOINTED

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Although Fuller E. Calloway, cotton mill owner of La Grange, La., has been selected for commissioner of Indian affairs, no official announcement of the appointment is expected for several days. Then the names of the new commission of the general land office, and first assistant secretary of the interior will also be announced.

To Women

Seeking Health and Strength

For those ills peculiar to women Dr. Pierce recommends his "Favorite Prescription" as

"THE ONE REMEDY"

A medicine prepared by regular graduated physician of unusual experience in treating woman's diseases—carefully adapted to work in harmony with the most delicate feminine constitution. All medicine dealers have sold it with satisfaction to customers for the past 40 years. It is now obtainable in liquid or sugar-coated tablet form at the drug store—or send 50-cent stamps for a trial box, to Buffalo.

Every woman may write fully and confidentially to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., and may be sure that her case will receive careful, conscientious, confidential consideration, and that experienced medical advice will be given to her absolutely free.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar coated, tiny granules easy to take on candy.

'THINGS DOING' AT THE EMPRESS THEATER

(ISN'T HE A DEAR)

PIERCE & MAZEE IN SONGS, STYLES AND SMILES

OUR OLD FRIEND JAMES J. CORBETT

GRANT GARDNER THE MIRTHFUL MUSIC BOX

CAMPBELL & McDONALD SINGING NOVELTY REMINDS US OF OUR 1912 PAGEANT

ESPE & ROTH WITH

MOORE & ELLIOTT IN A MATRIMONIAL SUBSTITUTE

BLONDS AND BRUNETTES ALIKE LOVE THEIR HEARTS

THE DAY'S HAPPENINGS IN SPORT CIRCLES

Edited for THE GAZETTE by E. E. Overholt

CORBETT, EX-CHAMP, HERE AT EMPRESS, TELLS MANY TALES OF OLD SCRAP DAYS

James Corbett, former world champion heavyweight prize fighter, who opened his engagement here yesterday afternoon at the Empress theater, had one of his reminiscences last night in his dressing room, and



JAMES J. CORBETT

Corbett, who was sent to New Orleans to fight Jack Kilrain, said the southern gentleman, "I am the man," replied Jim, "Why," said the colonel, "I will make you a present of \$100 if you stay six rounds with Kilrain. I don't want you or anybody else to give me anything," replied Jim, "and I will bet you \$100 that I will only stay six rounds with Kilrain, but get that decision."

Referee Changed. Corbett entered his dressing room and began to strip for the fight. As he was pulling on his boxing shoes, a rusher, Billy Muldoon, who was Kilrain's second and trainer, and said, "I am very sorry, but I have to change the referee. Kilrain is in the ring and waiting for you and the crowd is getting impatient." This was the first that Jim knew they were waiting for him.

He looked up, surprised. Then immediately he pulled off both shoes and looked at Muldoon in surprise. Muldoon thought it was all off, and Jim was going to quit, and became very irritable over it.

"Have you got a referee?" said Jim. "Oh, yes," said Muldoon. "I have the referee, and everything is all ready, and come right along."

"Why, I have not seen the referee," said Jim. "Who is he?" "Bring him in here and let me see him and talk to him,"

Wrong One Ready. Muldoon rushed out and came back in a few minutes with a man. "Who do you think he has picked out for the referee," said Jim, "but the big, fine gentleman who wanted to give me \$100 if I stayed six rounds with Kilrain."

Jim was hot, but kept his head, when he discovered this, and said again to Muldoon: "Go out and bring in the directors of the club right away. I want to talk with them. He did so, and they all rushed in. A few minutes thinking there would be no fight. When they crowded into his room, he quietly turned to the southern gentleman and said: "I understand you are one of these southern gentlemen that we have heard so much about out west. I am a gentleman," replied the colonel, straightening up in a very dignified way.

"Very well," said Corbett, "if you are a gentleman, and were to referee a fight, and either of the principals objected to you, you would immediately refuse to do so, wouldn't you?"

"I certainly would," said he. "Very well, then, I object to you as the referee of this contest, but will take any man in this room so long as he is not picked by Muldoon."

Just then a clean-looking young fellow stepped forward and said: "I will referee it for you." Jim looked at him and decided he was on the square, and accepted him immediately without any further talk.

Kilrain Overruled. Kilrain at that time claimed the Police Gazette championship of the world, and had many backers who thought he could defeat John L. Sullivan, who was at that time champion. When the bell rang to start the first round, Kilrain walked confidently, but slowly to the center of the ring, and just as he put his hands up Jim landed a good, solid, straight left-hand punch square on his nose, jumped away and laughed at him. A very serious look came over Jake's face, and Jim put another in the same place. Then he clinched him and whispered into his ear, "Gee, but you are a bum prize fighter champion." This got Kilrain's goat, immediately, and he rushed at Jim, but Jim never was there for him to hit.

In another round Kilrain made a vicious punch at Jim's ribs with his right hand. Jim stepped back quickly, lowered his left arm and caught the blow on it. Then, looking at the referee, he said: "He did not land that on my ribs; he hit my arm; didn't you see it?" This put Kilrain up in the air again, and he never hit Jim a good blow during the six rounds.

Easy Decision. When asked who the referee gave the decision to, Jim said: "He didn't have time to give one. They rushed into the ring and pulled me out by the legs and arms, lifted me on their shoulders and carried me around the hall to my dressing room."

"You have to think quickly and move quickly in the fighting game," said Jim, as he left his dressing room to do his monologue.

Physicians say that if Wood's pitch had struck Burns a half inch lower he would have been killed.

COLLEGE TO HAVE BALL LEAGUE ON CAMPUS; PRES. SLOCUM OFFERS PENNANT

Plans have been outlined at Colorado college for a campus baseball league in which the fraternities, boarding clubs and dormitories will take part. A meeting will be held this noon to arrange a schedule of games which will be played during the summer months. President Slocum has offered a pennant for the winning team and there being about eight teams in the league. The games will be played at 6 o'clock in the morning on Washington field.

MANY STAR TENNIS MEN TO TRY OUT FOR U. S. TEAM

NEW YORK, April 2.—R. D. Wrenn, president of the United States Tennis association, announced today that he had received applications from R. W. Williams, W. F. Johnson of Philadelphia, H. H. Hackett of New York, and R. D. Little, New York, to compete in the trial matches for places on the American Davis cup team. Arrangements already have been made for the trial matches, which will be held at the National Tennis Club, New York, on April 10 and 11. The trial matches will be played on the outdoor courts, and will be open to all players who are members of the association. The trial matches will be played on the outdoor courts, and will be open to all players who are members of the association.

"GUNBOAT" SMITH WINS FROM CANADIAN CHAMP

NEW YORK, April 2.—Gunboat Smith, the California heavyweight, knocked out Fred McKay of Canada, in the second round of a scheduled 10 round bout here tonight. McKay had the better of the opening round, Smith finding it difficult to reach his opponent who was taller and 20 pounds heavier. Smith weighed 185 pounds. The Californian took the aggressive in the second round and managed to land several telling blows to the body. A left hook to the jaw, and a right to the same place ended the contest after one minute and 40 seconds of fighting in the second round.

O'NEILL MADE COLONEL FOR HIS BASEBALL WORK

LINCOLN, Neb., April 2.—President N. L. O'Neill, of the Western league of baseball clubs, was appointed a colonel on the staff of Governor Morehead. It is stated, as a recognition of the work Colonel O'Neill has done for baseball and for the Western league.

IN THE WAKE OF THE NEWS

The Recruit's Alphabet. A stands for Ache that he feels in his arm. Making him wish he was back on the farm. B stands for Busher, a much hated name. He hears when exhibiting. Done in a game. C stands for Clout, which he slams out today. Also for Can, which they hand him in May. D stands for Double he clouts in his sleep. Also for Dub which he turns out to be. E stands for Eats, where recruits always shine. They all hit 300 whenever they dip. F stands for Fool who would write stuff like this. If I keep on they will can me, I wis.

Finance. A holdout was howling for barrels of dough. Ten thousand per annual session. He turned up his nose at four thousand or so. And threatened to quit the profession. "Four thousand," he answered, with scorn on his mouth. "It's pretty good pay for a porter. They can't hire me for for minor league cash." Say, ho, will you lend me a quarter?

INTERCLASS TRACK MEET AT HIGH SCHOOL ON 11TH

An interclass track meet is being arranged by Coach Boir of the high school track team, to be held April 11. Every high school boy who is athletically inclined is to be invited to the meet and will be coached for the various events. Boir believes that he can discover a lot of classy track material among men who have not been out.

Physicians say that if Wood's pitch had struck Burns a half inch lower he would have been killed.



HENRI ST. YVES

Henri St. Yves, the famous little Frenchman who made quite a reputation for himself as a marathon runner, and who has now entered the amateur game. He is plotting a bid for the Hampstead, Lond. aerodrome with brilliant success.

Baseball Yesterday

ST. LOUIS, April 2.—The St. Louis Nationals, by lifting their meek runs and taking advantage of errors and bases on balls, took the third game of the interleague series with the American club for the championship of St. Louis, this afternoon, 4 to 3. B. B. Johnson, president of the American league, was a spectator.

Score: Nationals, 4; Americans, 3. R. H. E. Nationals, 1; Americans, 2. Griner, Richard and Winger, Baumgardner, Stone, Napier, Schwenk and Agnew. Umpires, Hildebrand and Owens.

LOS ANGELES, April 2.—Coast league. Venice, 7; Los Angeles, 6. Oakland, 7; Sacramento, 6. San Francisco, 3; Portland, 2.

AMARILLO, Tex., April 2.—The Chicago White Sox regularly defeated the Amarillo team here this afternoon. Score: Sox, 4; Amarillo, 1. Umpires, Collins and Schalk. Lewis and Merritt.

At Asheville, N. C.—Philadelphia American recruits, 10; Asheville, 2. At Richmond, Va.—Boston (National), 4; Richmond (Virginia league), 3. Washington American-Brooklyn National, rain.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 2.—(College baseball). Yale, 18; New York university, 0.

KANSAS CITY, April 2.—Funched this in the first eighth and ninth innings, says the Chicago Nationals, 10 to 1 victory over Kansas City this afternoon in the second game of the series. Score: Nationals, 10; Kansas City, 1. Umpires, Granger and Brannen. Brandon, Means, Everdon and Kinslow.

CHAMPAIGN, Ill., April 2.—In the first game of the series with the University of Illinois baseball team, the Boston Americans scored a shutout today, winning 10 to 0. Manager Jake Stahl of the world's champions, a former student here, was given a tremendous reception. Collins and Wood pitched for Boston.

PHILADELPHIA, April 2.—A close and well-played game, the Philadelphia Americans defeated the local Nationals today by the score of 2 to 1. The pitching of Bush, recently acquired by the Athletics, was a feature. The Athletics also won the opening game of the spring series yesterday.

Score: R. H. E. Americans, 2; Nationals, 1. Bush and Thomas. Chalmers, Marshall, Mayer and Dooin. Killifer.

OKLAHOMA CITY, April 2.—Two hits, a sacrifice and an error gave Omaha of the Western league a 2-to-1 victory over the Tulepe team of the same league today. Tulepe is credited with four hits and Omaha 11.

NEW ORLEANS, April 2.—The Cleveland team of the American league defeated New Orleans today, 5 to 1. Collier, Green and O'Neill and Land composed Cleveland's battery.

Tommy Burns Gets Draw in Fight With New Boxer

CALGARY, Alberta, April 2.—The bout between Tommy Burns, former heavyweight champion of the world, and Arthur Polky of Chicago, Mass., here tonight resulted in a draw.

Dutch Klawitter, once with the Giants, is getting a chance to come back into fast company with the Tigers.

TRACK TRYOUTS AT COLLEGE TOMORROW

Tryouts for the Tiger track team will be held tomorrow afternoon at Washburn field, and competition promises to be the keenest that has been witnessed at Tigerville for several years. All the track men have been hard at work during the last few days putting on the finishing touches for the contest, when it will be decided as to who will wear the college colors in the big meets.

The men have all been given individual training by Coach Rothgeb and are getting into shape rapidly. The team will be shy on sprinters but has a large bunch of good men in the quarter, half-mile, mile and two-mile. While the field events are in mediocre shape, the hurdles will be well handled. It is believed the first meet is a dual clash with Denver university at Washburn field, April 26.

Smith of U. S. Is Victor in Paris

PARIS, April 2.—Jeff Smith, the American middleweight pugilist, practically knocked out the Frenchman, Adrien Hogan tonight at the Cirque du Paris. The end came in the eleventh round. When Hogan was helpless on the ropes, his seconds sprang into the ring and carried him out. The bout was scheduled for 20 rounds. Smith outboxed Hogan and dropped him to the floor several times with heavy swings. In the eleventh round, Smith landed a terrific right, which staggered the Frenchman, who stopped away, with his arms hanging at his sides, unable to offer any defense to the rain of blows. Then his seconds came to his rescue, while the spectators booed the referee for not stopping the fight.

DENVER MAN DEFEATS WEBER IN GOLF MATCH

FAIRBANKS, N. C., April 2.—Walter Fairbanks of Denver, defeated Harold Weber of Toledo in the best contest of today's round of match play in the thirteenth annual United North and South Amateur Golf championship tournament. The last three holes were halved; Fairbanks winning from the home green.

George Stoyall says 35 of the St. Louis Browns will survive the axe. However, they will all be victims of the hammer when the season gets well started in the Mount City.

TIGERS READY FOR MINERS AT 3 SATURDAY

The "Tiger" track team will be ready to take on the "Miners" for the 1913 championship series, which begins April 12 with Cutler playing Central at Pueblo and Centennial meeting the Terrers on Washburn field. Following is the schedule: April 12—Cutler at Central. Centennial at C. S. H. S. April 14—Central at Centennial. CUTLER AT C. S. H. S. April 26—C. S. H. S. at Central. Centennial at Cutler. May 10—C. S. H. S. at Centennial. May 14—C. S. H. S. AT CUTLER. May 17—Centennial at Central. May 24—Cutler at Centennial. Central at C. S. H. S. May 31—Championship game between winners of northern and southern divisions.

BOWLING NEWS

The Lucas Sporting Goods company won three games from the Colorado Springs Drug company, on the Overland alley, last night.

LUCAS SPORTING GOODS CO. Stanley, 173; 153; 140. Callahan, 152; 153; 131. Callahan, 134; 110; 184. Mielke, 165; 131; 165. Dr. Allen, 22; 1, 6; 20. \$28; \$18; \$45;—\$219.

COLORADO SPRINGS DRUG CO. Goodman, 132; 129; 171. Felle, 153; 161; 172. Salfanek, 108. Cross, 205; 113. McMillen, 187; 157; 210. Herzog, 130; 150; 132. 720; 817; 785;—2235.

"DIRECTOR GENERAL" DIES. LEXINGTON, Ky., April 2.—A letter received today from Dayton, Ohio, states that the Director General, one of the most famous trotting sires in the country died there today. The animal succumbed to pneumonia contracted during the floods of last week. He was owned by Frank McCloud and valued at \$20,000.



This monogram on the radiator stands for all you can ask in a motor car

20,000 Miles

What car will carry you that distance in greater comfort and safety, and with less trouble and expense than a Chalmers "Thirty-Six"?

It's a pretty poor car indeed that won't make a good showing in a salesman's demonstration.

But it takes a pretty good car to travel 20,000 miles and please you as well at the end as it did in the beginning.

Chalmers cars stand this test. Hundreds are driven this far every year. Some have been driven as high as 140,000 miles, and are still in daily service.

You can pay almost any price for a motor car, but even the highest priced won't carry you 20,000 miles in more comfort with greater economy, or with less mechanical attention than the medium-priced Chalmers "Thirty-Six."

No lower priced car will give you equal comfort, economy and reliability.

Long stroke motor, four-forward speed transmission, nickel steel axles, extra large brakes—these and many other features of design secure the mechanical excellence of the Chalmers.

Large valves, new style Chalmers piston rings, improved carburetor, Timken bearings throughout the running gear—these are some of the Chalmers features which make for economy.

Turkish cushions, 11-inch upholstery, long wheel base, large wheels and tires, long flexible springs—these are the things which make your Chalmers "Thirty-Six" comfortable. None more so.

Try the Chalmers "Thirty-Six" for 20,000 miles. By that time you will be agreed with us that no car at any price offers as much real automobile value for the money.

Let us give you your first Chalmers ride at your convenience.

Becher Motor Co.
Colorado Spring, Colo.
McDuffee Motor Co., Denver, Colo.
Distributors.

The G. W. Blake Auto Co.
13 and 15 North Nevada.
Telephones 131 and 132

The price of gasoline is soaring. When you consider this, just remember that the Franklin was barred out of the Quaker City Gasoline Economy run.

46.1 miles per gallon of gasoline is the world's record held by the Franklin.

The light weight Franklin with its simple system of direct air cooling is the most economical car on gasoline and it costs less for tires and all upkeep expenses.

Cripple Creek Mines

NEW YORK MARKET

CHICAGO MARKET

LEGAL NOTICES

ACACIA COMPANY ADOPTS NEW STRIKE ON ISABELLA ISABELLA ROYALTY RATE IN EMPIRE STATE SHAFT

CRIPPLE CREEK, April 2.—The Acacia Gold Mining company, of which K. MacKenzie is president and general manager, will grant reduced royalties to a concern which might take hold of the South Burns shaft of this company's estate on Bull hill, and has decided to inaugurate on that shaft the same royalty rates as are now in vogue at the Isabella mine. It is expected that this suggestion will be started up shortly. Several made application for the same some time back, and made various examinations of the property.

The South Burns shaft is located near centrally, and in the best portion of Bull hill, and through it some good veins have been opened and in the past some high-grade has been taken from the mine.

The new schedule of royalties is as follows:

- 10 per cent up to \$10 a ton.
- 15 per cent up to \$20 a ton.
- 20 per cent up to \$30 a ton.
- 25 per cent up to \$40 a ton.
- 30 per cent up to \$50 a ton.
- 35 per cent up to \$60 a ton.
- 40 per cent up to \$70 a ton.
- 45 per cent up to \$80 a ton.
- 50 per cent up to \$90 a ton.
- 55 per cent up to \$100 a ton.
- 60 per cent up to \$110 a ton.
- 65 per cent up to \$120 a ton.
- 70 per cent up to \$130 a ton.
- 75 per cent up to \$140 a ton.
- 80 per cent up to \$150 a ton.
- 85 per cent up to \$160 a ton.
- 90 per cent up to \$170 a ton.
- 95 per cent up to \$180 a ton.
- 100 per cent up to \$190 a ton.
- 105 per cent up to \$200 a ton.
- 110 per cent up to \$210 a ton.
- 115 per cent up to \$220 a ton.
- 120 per cent up to \$230 a ton.
- 125 per cent up to \$240 a ton.
- 130 per cent up to \$250 a ton.
- 135 per cent up to \$260 a ton.
- 140 per cent up to \$270 a ton.
- 145 per cent up to \$280 a ton.
- 150 per cent up to \$290 a ton.
- 155 per cent up to \$300 a ton.
- 160 per cent up to \$310 a ton.
- 165 per cent up to \$320 a ton.
- 170 per cent up to \$330 a ton.
- 175 per cent up to \$340 a ton.
- 180 per cent up to \$350 a ton.
- 185 per cent up to \$360 a ton.
- 190 per cent up to \$370 a ton.
- 195 per cent up to \$380 a ton.
- 200 per cent up to \$390 a ton.
- 205 per cent up to \$400 a ton.
- 210 per cent up to \$410 a ton.
- 215 per cent up to \$420 a ton.
- 220 per cent up to \$430 a ton.
- 225 per cent up to \$440 a ton.
- 230 per cent up to \$450 a ton.
- 235 per cent up to \$460 a ton.
- 240 per cent up to \$470 a ton.
- 245 per cent up to \$480 a ton.
- 250 per cent up to \$490 a ton.
- 255 per cent up to \$500 a ton.
- 260 per cent up to \$510 a ton.
- 265 per cent up to \$520 a ton.
- 270 per cent up to \$530 a ton.
- 275 per cent up to \$540 a ton.
- 280 per cent up to \$550 a ton.
- 285 per cent up to \$560 a ton.
- 290 per cent up to \$570 a ton.
- 295 per cent up to \$580 a ton.
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- 305 per cent up to \$600 a ton.
- 310 per cent up to \$610 a ton.
- 315 per cent up to \$620 a ton.
- 320 per cent up to \$630 a ton.
- 325 per cent up to \$640 a ton.
- 330 per cent up to \$650 a ton.
- 335 per cent up to \$660 a ton.
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- 345 per cent up to \$680 a ton.
- 350 per cent up to \$690 a ton.
- 355 per cent up to \$700 a ton.
- 360 per cent up to \$710 a ton.
- 365 per cent up to \$720 a ton.
- 370 per cent up to \$730 a ton.
- 375 per cent up to \$740 a ton.
- 380 per cent up to \$750 a ton.
- 385 per cent up to \$760 a ton.
- 390 per cent up to \$770 a ton.
- 395 per cent up to \$780 a ton.
- 400 per cent up to \$790 a ton.
- 405 per cent up to \$800 a ton.
- 410 per cent up to \$810 a ton.
- 415 per cent up to \$820 a ton.
- 420 per cent up to \$830 a ton.
- 425 per cent up to \$840 a ton.
- 430 per cent up to \$850 a ton.
- 435 per cent up to \$860 a ton.
- 440 per cent up to \$870 a ton.
- 445 per cent up to \$880 a ton.
- 450 per cent up to \$890 a ton.
- 455 per cent up to \$900 a ton.
- 460 per cent up to \$910 a ton.
- 465 per cent up to \$920 a ton.
- 470 per cent up to \$930 a ton.
- 475 per cent up to \$940 a ton.
- 480 per cent up to \$950 a ton.
- 485 per cent up to \$960 a ton.
- 490 per cent up to \$970 a ton.
- 495 per cent up to \$980 a ton.
- 500 per cent up to \$990 a ton.
- 505 per cent up to \$1,000 a ton.
- 510 per cent up to \$1,010 a ton.
- 515 per cent up to \$1,020 a ton.
- 520 per cent up to \$1,030 a ton.
- 525 per cent up to \$1,040 a ton.
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- 1,070 per cent up to \$2,130 a ton.
- 1,075 per cent up to \$2,140 a ton.
- 1,080 per cent up to \$2,150 a ton.
- 1,085 per cent up to \$2,160 a ton.
- 1,090 per cent up to \$2,170 a ton.
- 1,095 per cent up to \$2,180 a ton.
- 1,100 per cent up to \$2,190 a ton.
- 1,105 per cent up to \$2,200 a ton.
- 1,110 per cent up to \$2,210 a ton.
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- 1,180 per cent up to \$2,350 a ton.
- 1,185 per cent up to \$2,360 a ton.
- 1,190 per cent up to \$2,370 a ton.
- 1,195 per cent up to \$2,380 a ton.
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- 1,210 per cent up to \$2,410 a ton.
- 1,215 per cent up to \$2,420 a ton.
- 1,220 per cent up to \$2,430 a ton.
- 1,225 per cent up to \$2,440 a ton.
- 1,230 per cent up to \$2,450 a ton.
- 1,235 per cent up to \$2,460 a ton.
- 1,240 per cent up to \$2,470 a ton.
- 1,245 per cent up to \$2,480 a ton.
- 1,250 per cent up to \$2,490 a ton.
- 1,255 per cent up to \$2,500 a ton.
- 1,260 per cent up to \$2,510 a ton.
- 1,265 per cent up to \$2,520 a ton.
- 1,270 per cent up to \$2,530 a ton.
- 1,275 per cent up to \$2,540 a ton.
- 1,280 per cent up to \$2,550 a ton.
- 1,285 per cent up to \$2,560 a ton.
- 1,290 per cent up to \$2,570 a ton.
- 1,295 per cent up to \$2,580 a ton.
- 1,300 per cent up to \$2,590 a ton.
- 1,305 per cent up to \$2,600 a ton.
- 1,310 per cent up to \$2,610 a ton.
- 1,315 per cent up to \$2,620 a ton.
- 1,320 per cent up to \$2,630 a ton.
- 1,325 per cent up to \$2,640 a ton.
- 1,330 per cent up to \$2,650 a ton.
- 1,335 per cent up to \$2,660 a ton.
- 1,340 per cent up to \$2,670 a ton.
- 1,345 per cent up to \$2,680 a ton.
- 1,350 per cent up to \$2,690 a ton.
- 1,355 per cent up to \$2,700 a ton.
- 1,360 per cent up to \$2,710 a ton.
- 1,365 per cent up to \$2,720 a ton.
- 1,370 per cent up to \$2,730 a ton.
- 1,375 per cent up to \$2,740 a ton.
- 1,380 per cent up to \$2,750 a ton.
- 1,385 per cent up to \$2,760 a ton.
- 1,390 per cent up to \$2,770 a ton.
- 1,395 per cent up to \$2,780 a ton.
- 1,400 per cent up to \$2,790 a ton.
- 1,405 per cent up to \$2,800 a ton.
- 1,410 per cent up to \$2,810 a ton.
- 1,415 per cent up to \$2,820 a ton.
- 1,420 per cent up to \$2,830 a ton.
- 1,425 per cent up to \$2,840 a ton.
- 1,430 per cent up to \$2,850 a ton.
- 1,435 per cent up to \$2,860 a ton.
- 1,440 per cent up to \$2,870 a ton.
- 1,445 per cent up to \$2,880 a ton.
- 1,450 per cent up to \$2,890 a ton.
- 1,455 per cent up to \$2,900 a ton.
- 1,460 per cent up to \$2,910 a ton.
- 1,465 per cent up to \$2,920 a ton.
- 1,470 per cent up to \$2,930 a ton.
- 1,475 per cent up to \$2,940 a ton.
- 1,480 per cent up to \$2,950 a ton.
- 1,485 per cent up to \$2,960 a ton.
- 1,490 per cent up to \$2,970 a ton.
- 1,495 per cent up to \$2,980 a ton.
- 1,500 per cent up to \$2,990 a ton.
- 1,505 per cent up to \$3,000 a ton.
- 1,510 per cent up to \$3,010 a ton.
- 1,515 per cent up to \$3,020 a ton.
- 1,520 per cent up to \$3,030 a ton.
- 1,525 per cent up to \$3,040 a ton.
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- 1,535 per cent up to \$3,060 a ton.
- 1,540 per cent up to \$3,070 a ton.
- 1,545 per cent up to \$3,080 a ton.
- 1,550 per cent up to \$3,090 a ton.
- 1,555 per cent up to \$3,100 a ton.
- 1,560 per cent up to \$3,110 a ton.
- 1,565 per cent up to \$3,120 a ton.
- 1,570 per cent up to \$3,130 a ton.
- 1,575 per cent up to \$3,140 a ton.
- 1,580 per cent up to \$3,150 a ton.
- 1,585 per cent up to \$3,160 a ton.
- 1,590 per cent up to \$3,170 a ton.
- 1,595 per cent up to \$3,180 a ton.
- 1,600 per cent up to \$3,190 a ton.
- 1,605 per cent up to \$3,200 a ton.
- 1,610 per cent up to \$3,210 a ton.
- 1,615 per cent up to \$3,220 a ton.
- 1,620 per cent up to \$3,230 a ton.
- 1,625 per cent up to \$3,240 a ton.
- 1,630 per cent up to \$3,250 a ton.
- 1,635 per cent up to \$3,260 a ton.
- 1,640 per cent up to \$3,270 a ton.
- 1,645 per cent up to \$3,280 a ton.
- 1,650 per cent up to \$3,290 a ton.
- 1,655 per cent up to \$3,300 a ton.
- 1,660 per cent up to \$3,310 a ton.
- 1,665 per cent up to \$3,320 a ton.
- 1,670 per cent up to \$3,330 a ton.
- 1,675 per cent up to \$3,340 a ton.
- 1,680 per cent up to \$3,350 a ton.
- 1,685 per cent up to \$3,360 a ton.
- 1,690 per cent up to \$3,370 a ton.
- 1,695 per cent up to \$3,380 a ton.
- 1,700 per cent up to \$3,390 a ton.
- 1,705 per cent up to \$3,400 a ton.
- 1,710 per cent up to \$3,410 a ton.
- 1,715 per cent up to \$3,420 a ton.
- 1,720 per cent up to \$3,430 a ton.
- 1,725 per cent up to \$3,440 a ton.
- 1,730 per cent up to \$3,450 a ton.
- 1,735 per cent up to \$3,460 a ton.
- 1,740 per cent up to \$3,470 a ton.
- 1,745 per cent up to \$3,480 a ton.
- 1,750 per cent up to \$3,490 a ton.
- 1,755 per cent up to \$3,500 a ton.
- 1,760 per cent up to \$3,510 a ton.
- 1,765 per cent up to \$3,520 a ton.
- 1,770 per cent up to \$3,530 a ton.
- 1,775 per cent up to \$3,540 a ton.
- 1,780 per cent up to \$3,550 a ton.
- 1,785 per cent up to \$3,560 a ton.
- 1,790 per cent up to \$3,570 a ton.
- 1,795 per cent up to \$3,580 a ton.
- 1,800 per cent up to \$3,590 a ton.
- 1,805 per cent up to \$3,600 a ton.
- 1,810 per cent up to \$3,610 a ton.
- 1,815 per cent up to \$3,620 a ton.
- 1,820 per cent up to \$3,630 a ton.
- 1,825 per cent up to \$3,640 a ton.
- 1,830 per cent up to \$3,650 a ton.
- 1,835 per cent up to \$3,660 a ton.
- 1,840 per cent up to \$3,670 a ton.
- 1,845 per cent up to \$3,680 a ton.
- 1,850 per cent up to \$3,690 a ton.
- 1,855 per cent up to \$3,700 a ton.
- 1,860 per cent up to \$3,710 a ton.
- 1,865 per cent up to \$3,720 a ton.
- 1,870 per cent up to \$3,730 a ton.
- 1,875 per cent up to \$3,740 a ton.
- 1,880 per cent up to \$3,750 a ton.
- 1,885 per cent up to \$3,760 a ton.
- 1,890 per cent up to \$3,770 a ton.
- 1,895 per cent up to \$3,780 a ton.
- 1,900 per cent up to \$3,790 a ton.
- 1,905 per cent up to \$3,800 a ton.
- 1,910 per cent up to \$3,810 a ton.
- 1,915 per cent up to \$3,820 a ton.
- 1,920 per cent up to \$3,830 a ton.
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- 1,940 per cent up to \$3,870 a ton.
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- 1,960 per cent up to \$3,910 a ton.
- 1,965 per cent up to \$3,920 a ton.
- 1,970 per cent up to \$3,930 a ton.
- 1,975 per cent up to \$3,940 a ton.
- 1,980 per cent up to \$3,950 a ton.
- 1,985 per cent up to \$3,960 a ton.
- 1,990 per cent up to \$3,970 a ton.
- 1,995 per cent up to \$3,980 a ton.
- 2,000 per cent up to \$3,990 a ton.
- 2,005 per cent up to \$4,000 a ton.
- 2,010 per cent up to \$4,010 a ton.
- 2,015 per cent up to \$4,020 a ton.
- 2,020 per cent up to \$4,030 a ton.
- 2,025 per cent up to \$4,040 a ton.
- 2,030 per cent up to \$4,050 a ton.
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- 2,195 per cent up to \$4,380 a ton.
- 2,200 per cent up to \$4,390 a ton.
- 2,205 per cent up to \$4,400 a ton.
- 2,210 per cent up to \$4,410 a ton.
- 2,215 per cent up to \$4,420 a ton.
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- 2,475 per cent up to \$4,940 a ton.
- 2,480 per cent up to \$4,950 a ton.
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- 2,490 per cent up to \$4,970 a ton.
- 2,495 per cent up to \$4,980 a ton.
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- 2,540 per cent up to \$5,070 a ton.
- 2,545 per cent up to \$5,080 a ton.
- 2,550 per cent up to \$5,090 a ton.
- 2,555 per cent up to \$5,100 a ton.
- 2,560 per cent up to \$5,110 a ton.
- 2,565 per cent up to \$5,120 a ton.
- 2,570 per cent up to \$5,130 a ton.
- 2,575 per cent up to \$5,140 a ton.
- 2,580 per cent up to \$5,150 a ton.
- 2,585 per cent up to \$5,160 a ton.
- 2,590 per cent up to \$5,170 a ton.
- 2,595 per cent up to \$5,180 a ton.
- 2,600 per cent up to \$5,190 a ton.
- 2,605 per cent up to \$5,200 a ton.
- 2,610 per cent up to \$5,210 a ton.
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- 2,620 per cent up to \$5,230 a ton.
- 2,625 per cent up to \$5,240 a ton.
- 2,630 per cent up to \$5,250 a ton.
- 2,635 per cent up to \$5,260 a ton.
- 2,640 per cent up to \$5,270 a ton.
- 2,645 per cent up to \$5,280 a ton.
- 2,650 per cent up to \$5,290 a ton.
- 2,655 per cent up to \$5,300 a ton.
- 2,660 per cent up to \$5,310 a ton.
- 2,665 per cent up to \$5,320 a ton.
- 2,670 per cent up to \$5,330 a ton.
- 2,675 per cent up to \$5,340 a ton.
- 2,680 per cent up to \$5,350 a ton.
- 2,685 per cent up to \$5,360 a ton.
- 2,690 per cent up to \$5,370 a ton.
- 2,695 per cent up to \$5,380 a ton.
- 2,700 per cent up to \$5,390 a ton.
- 2,705 per cent up to \$5,400 a ton.
- 2,710 per cent up to \$5,410 a ton.
- 2,715 per cent up to \$5,420 a ton.
- 2,720 per cent up to \$5,430 a ton.
- 2,725 per cent up to \$5,440 a ton.</

Cripple Creek Mines

ACACIA COMPANY ADOPTS NEW STRIKE ON ISABELLA ISABELLA ROYALTY RATE IN EMPIRE STATE SHAFT

CRIPPLE CREEK, April 2.—The Acacia Gold Mining company, of which K. MacKenzie is president and general manager, will grant reduced royalties to a concern which might take hold of the South Burns shaft of this company's estate on Bull hill, and has decided to inaugurate on that shaft the same royalty rates as are now in vogue at the Isabella mine. In this way, it is expected that the south shaft will be started up shortly. Several months ago, the company was disappointed in the lease of the Isabella mine. The new schedule of royalties is as follows:

- 15 per cent up to \$10 a ton
- 20 per cent up to \$20 a ton
- 25 per cent up to \$30 a ton
- 30 per cent up to \$40 a ton
- 35 per cent up to \$50 a ton
- 40 per cent up to \$60 a ton
- 45 per cent up to \$70 a ton
- 50 per cent up to \$80 a ton
- 55 per cent up to \$90 a ton
- 60 per cent up to \$100 a ton

This has become the standard scale of royalties in this camp, and every day some property takes a step in the direction of accepting this scale as set by John T. Hawkins, general manager of the Isabella.

In the North Burns shaft, Messrs. Johnson and company, and Morrison and company are taking out some ore from the old levels of the shaft, which in the years past has produced some very rich rock. At the present time the output runs in the neighborhood of two cars a week, and the ore is of a good average grade. A new ore discovery has been made on one of the lower levels, where it is believed that the same shoot of ore mined out in the upper levels a number of years ago by Johnson and Heston has been found. It has been developed into a large body of ore. Two machines are working on it, drifting east and west, and from what can be learned, it is a first-class body of ore.

In view of the announcement that the new schedule of royalties will control the leases which may be let on the South Burns it is anticipated that the mine will be started up early. The management hopes that one company may take over the property, but in the event this is not possible, it will be surveyed into blocks and then let out, the company offering the machinery, the application for lease should be forwarded to K. MacKenzie in Colorado Springs.

EL PASO COMPANY SENDS OUT DIVIDEND CHECKS

CRIPPLE CREEK, April 2.—Dividend checks at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent a share have just been received by stockholders of the El Paso Consolidated Gold Mining company living in this city. This distribution was made by order of the board of directors at their last regular meeting, held in Denver at the time of the annual stockholders' meeting. The company has been to large expense in equipping the new shaft, but this expense is now ended.

The output for the month of March was 145 cars and the grade of the ore was even better than it has been in some time past. This is due to the fact that the large ore bodies which have long been exposed in the vicinity of the Nichols shaft are now being mined at a profit.

New strikes made recently are being opened up and mined satisfactorily. There is more ore to be mined in the El Paso mine today than at any time in the last six or eight months and every day the development work is bringing more results.

CRIPPLE CREEK, April 2.—The output from the Isabella mine for the month of March was 14 cars, while the average value was from \$8 a ton to \$40 a ton, the later ore being sent from the Kellum shaft, which is a surface strike. The output is high considering, but in April it is anticipated that it will be higher. As a matter of fact, the output has been as satisfactory as that made in any month of the last six. The royalties paid into the company were larger than the preceding months. Within the last two weeks 10 new leases have been taken in this property, and within a week there have been six applications granted. They are: McKernon and company, Huxley and company, Allison and company, McDouglas and company, Amos Kenyon and Nelson and company. The Kellum surface lease on the Emma No. 1 claim has the best grade of ore and is paying into the company treasury more money in royalties than the other leases.

A new strike has been made on the 500-foot level of the Empire State shaft at a point north and east of the shaft, where a promising flat vein has been opened. McKernon and company have made the discovery, and it is indicated that the ore will continue. The Kellum lease is one of the surface blocks located at a point 300 feet east of the Empire State shaft. The initial shipment is now being winched from the shaft, but it is expected that within the next two weeks an electric hoist will be put on the shaft in order to continue the development work more systematically.

Besides the 74 cars which were sent from the several shafts of the main estate, there were two mill lots blimed out.

There are a number of promising leases left open to be taken up shortly, and from the prospectors who make application for permission to go through the mine it is probable that they will be taken up. Activity at the Isabella is every day increasing, and it is firmly anticipated that with the new work which has been outlined, as well as general conditions, the production will be increased.

BRADSTREET'S REPORT

NEW YORK, April 2.—Special cable and telegraphic communications received by Bradstreet's shows the following changes in available supplies as compared with previous account:

Wheat, United States east of Rockies, decreased 3,000,000 bushels; United States west of Rockies, decreased 30,000; Canada, decreased 411,000; Total United States and Canada, decreased 3,411,000.

Wheat for export and in Europe, decreased 1,000,000.

Total American and European supplies decreased 3,411,000.

Corn, United States and Canada, decreased 1,411,000.

Corn, United States and Canada, increased 315,000.

GRAIN MARKET

NEW YORK, April 2.—The visible supply of grain in the United States Saturday, March 29, as compiled by the New York Produce exchange, was as follows:

Wheat, 58,995,000 bushels, decrease, 1,400,000 bushels.

Wheat in bond, 2,825,000; increased 132,000.

Corn, 11,494,000; decreased 1,311,000.

Oats, 13,115,000; increased 192,000.

Barley, 1,054,000; increased 1,000.

Rye, 2,555,000; increased 178,000.

Barley in bond, 316,000; increased 16,000.

NEW YORK MARKET

NEW YORK, April 2.—The rise in stocks was halted today. In the early trading prices were scaled down moderately, but later there was a general recovery, and the change was small.

The advance of the last 10 days, running from 5 to 10 points in many cases, had reached sufficient proportions to invite realizing sales, which were largely responsible for the action of the market.

Depression of European markets tended to check the advance here. Receiving apprehensions as to the Balkan situation, owing to the attitude of Montenegro, made it plain that the foreign situation still must be taken into consideration.

Gold money rates relaxed considerably, from the high rates of the preceding two days, and quotations for U. S. funds and commercial paper were shaded.

Corn, Rye and the local traction stocks were in demand at rising prices. The bond market was less active, movements were irregular. Total sales, par value, \$3,560,000.

Call money, 3 1/2; coupon, declined 1/4 on call.

Quotations furnished by Oils & Co.

	High	Low	Close
Am. Copper	74 1/2	73 1/2	74 1/2
Am. Sugar	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Am. Can	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2
do pfd.	98 1/2	97 1/2	98 1/2
A. T. & P.	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2
Am. Ice Sec.	27 1/2	26 1/2	27 1/2
Am. Lumber	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2
Am. Smelt	71 1/2	70 1/2	71 1/2
Am. Steel Pfd.	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2
A. T. & P.	123 1/2	122 1/2	123 1/2
Am. Tole	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Am. Wood Pfd.	71 1/2	70 1/2	71 1/2
Am. Zinc	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2
Atchafalpa	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
do pfd.	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Balt. & Ohio	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2
Beth. Steel	37 1/2	36 1/2	37 1/2
Brooklyn R. T.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Can. Pac.	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
Cent. Leath.	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Ches. & Ohio	71 1/2	71 1/2	71 1/2
C. G. W.	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
do pfd.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Chino Copper	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2
C. F. & L.	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2
Cons. Gas	134 1/2	134 1/2	134 1/2
Corn. Prod.	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
C. R. G. pfd.	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2
Dial Sec.	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Sears	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Erle	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
do 1st pfd.	46 1/2	46 1/2	46 1/2
Gen. Elec.	141 1/2	140 1/2	141 1/2
G. N. Ore	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
G. N. pfd.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
G. N. Ore	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2
Ill. Cent.	121 1/2	121 1/2	121 1/2
Insp. Copper	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Int. Met.	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Int. Union	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
K. C. S.	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
Lehigh Valley	161 1/2	160 1/2	161 1/2
L. & N.	137 1/2	137 1/2	137 1/2
Mex. Pet.	65 1/2	64 1/2	65 1/2
Miami Copper	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Mo. Pac.	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2
N. Y. Cent.	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
N. Y. Cent. & H. I.	112 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2
N. Y. Cent. & H. I.	112 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2
Nor. Pac.	117 1/2	117 1/2	117 1/2
Pennsylvania	119 1/2	119 1/2	119 1/2
P. Steel Car	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Pullman	159 1/2	159 1/2	159 1/2
Reading	164 1/2	163 1/2	164 1/2
R. F. & S.	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Rock Island	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
do pfd.	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2
So. Pac.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
S. Railway	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
do pfd.	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
Tenn. Copper	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2
Union Pacific	154 1/2	153 1/2	154 1/2
U. S. Rubber	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2
U. S. Steel	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2
do pfd.	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
U. S. S. P.	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Utah Copper	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2
Wabash	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
do pfd.	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
West. Union	70 1/2	70 1/2	70 1/2
Westinghouse	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2
Woolworth	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2

CHICAGO MARKET

CHICAGO, March 2.—A large decrease in the world's visible wheat supply gave strength to the market today. Prices made a net gain of 3/4 cent, corn closed at a net advance of 1/2 cent for 5 1/2 cent, and provisions, 7 1/2 cent lower, to 2 1/2 cent higher.

Decrease of 3,514,000 bushels in the world's visible supply caused buying activity in the wheat pit at the opening. Purchases of good lots by local speculators brought an advance of 3/4 cent in the first hour, after which the market became dull and very local in character. Some strength also was given to the market at the opening by higher cables, all the foreign markets nearly being up. Berlin and London both lower, but very local. Foreign crop advices on the whole were rather bullish, and this helped maintain firmness here.

Corn, Rye and the local traction stocks were in demand at rising prices. The bond market was less active, movements were irregular. Total sales, par value, \$3,560,000.

Call money, 3 1/2; coupon, declined 1/4 on call.

Quotations furnished by Oils & Co.

	High	Low	Close
Wheat	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2
May	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2
July	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2
Sep.	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2
Corn	55 1/2	54 1/2	55 1/2
May	55 1/2	54 1/2	55 1/2
July	56 1/2	56 1/2	56 1/2
Sep.	56 1/2	56 1/2	56 1/2
Oats	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
May	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
July	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Sep.	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Rye	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
May	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
July	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Sep.	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Barley	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
May	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
July	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Sep.	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2

COPPER QUOTATIONS

	High	Low	Close
Adventure	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
Alaska G. M.	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
Alouette	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2
American Zinc	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
B. & O. Copper	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Butte & Superior	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Calumet & Arizona	69 1/2	69 1/2	69 1/2
Cal. & Hecla	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2
Centennial	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
C. O. D.	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2
D. & W. Range	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
Daily West	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
Davis Daily	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
East Butte	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
El Paso Cons.	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
Franklin	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
Globe	8 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2
Granby	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2
Greene Cananea Cons.	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
Hancock	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Indiana	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
Iron Blossom	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
Lake Copper	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Nevada Hills	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
New Butte	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2
North Butte	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
Northern	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Old Dominion	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Pond Creek	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Quincy	71 1/2	71 1/2	71 1/2
Shannon	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Shattuck	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Superior	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Superior & Boston	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Tulahoma	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
United Fruit	171 1/2	171 1/2	171 1/2
Wolverine	61 1/2	61 1/2	61 1/2

FASTFIVE STOCK

CHICAGO, April 2.—Hogs—Receipts 30,000. Market weak to 50 cents; bulk, \$9.15@9.40; light, \$9.20@9.55; mixed, \$9.00@9.45; heavy, \$8.75@9.25; rough, \$8.75@9.00.

Cattle—Receipts 15,000. Market steady to shade up; beefs, \$10.00@10.10; Texas steers, \$9.70@9.85; western steers, \$9.80@9.85; cows and heifers, \$9.60@9.80; calves and feeders, \$9.50@9.80; calves, \$9.50@9.80.

Sheep—Receipts 16,000. Market steady to the higher; native, \$5.00@5.25; western, \$5.00@5.25; yearlings, \$5.00@5.25; lambs, native, \$5.00@5.25; western, \$5.25@5.50.

ST. LOUIS, April 2.—Cattle—Receipts 1,500 including 800 Texans. Market steady; native beef steers, \$5.75@6.00; cows and heifers, \$5.50@5.80; stockers and feeders, \$5.25@5.50; southern steers, \$5.25@5.50; cows and heifers, \$5.00@5.30; calves, \$5.00@5.50.

Hogs—Receipts 3,500. Market 3/4 cent lower; pigs and lights, \$7.00@7.50; mixed and butchers, \$6.50@7.00; good heavy, \$6.25@7.00.

Sheep—Receipts 2,500. Market steady; native muttons, \$5.50@5.75; lambs, \$7.00@8.50.

NEW YORK, April 2.—Several failures are reported in Germany this morning but conditions considered better. The strength of the stock market at present is that stocks are not affected for sale but are bid for and from good prices.

Quotations short interest was covered yesterday but a good one still remains in some stocks. The bond market is better and that is a good sign.

DENVER LIVE STOCK

DENVER, April 2.—Cattle—Receipts 100. Market strong; beef steers, \$5.50@5.80; cows and heifers, \$5.00@5.25; stockers and feeders, \$5.00@5.15; calves, \$5.00@5.15.

Hogs—Receipts 1,000. Market weak to 50 cents; bulk, \$5.00@5.05.

Sheep—Receipts 300. Market steady; yearlings, \$5.50@5.75; ewes, \$5.75@6.25; lambs, \$5.00@5.05; ewes, \$5.50@5.60.

WOOL

ST. LOUIS, April 2.—Wool steady; territory and western mediums, 21 1/2@25; fine mediums, 18 1/2@20; fine, 13 1/2@16.

LEGAL NOTICES

RELATIVE TO FIRE DEPARTMENT RELIEF AND PENSION FUND.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF COLORADO, SPECIAL FUND CREATED—HOW ADMINISTERED. There is hereby created in the City a Fire Department Relief and Pension Fund, which shall be administered by a board composed of the Commissioner of Public Safety and four members of the Fire Department under such rules and regulations as may be approved by the council. Said board shall be designated "The Firemen's Relief and Pension Board."

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Section 1. ELECTION OF MEMBERS. Four members of the Fire Department shall be elected annually to said board by the members of the Fire Department, such election to be in such manner as may be prescribed by the rules of the board, approved by the Council. The Commissioner of Public Safety shall have the right to veto any member of the board elected by the Firemen.

Section 2. TRUSTEE OF FUNDS. LIABILITY. The said board shall be the trustee of all moneys and securities and other property belonging to the said fund and for its rightful acts and omissions, be such trustee, the members thereof shall be jointly and severally liable.

Section 3. PRESIDENT-SECRETARY. The Commissioner of Public Safety shall be president of said board, and the Board shall select a Secretary, who shall be a member of said board and keep a full record of the proceedings of the board.

Section 4. ADOPTED RULES TO BE OBSERVED BY THE BOARD. The board shall adopt suitable rules for its government and the administration of its trust, which said rules shall become effective when approved by the Council.

Section 5. CITY TREASURER (CUSTODIAN). The Treasurer of the City shall be the custodian of all funds, securities and other property belonging to said fund, and shall be liable upon his official bond for the safekeeping of the same.

Section 6. MONEY DRAWN ON WARRANTS ISSUED BY AUDITOR. The Treasurer shall hold all securities and other property belonging to said fund, and shall deliver the same to the Auditor of the City upon warrants issued by the Auditor, and the Auditor shall pay out the money in said warrants on said fund upon vouchers duly authenticated by the signature of the President of said board attested by the Secretary thereof.

Section 7. WHO MAY BE RECEIVED AS A MEMBER OF THE BOARD. Any officer, member or employee of said department who has been in the service of the Fire Department for the City for twenty years or more, or is sixty years of age, may make application to be relieved from service and the board shall, upon application, and instead of his salary from the department, there shall be paid monthly from said fund to the applicant an amount equal to one-half the average monthly salary he has received during the year next before the time of filing said application. The board may, in its discretion, retire any such officer, member or employee on the terms aforesaid, and he shall be deemed to have retired on the date of his retirement, and shall be entitled to the same benefits as those aforesaid without application for relief from service having been made. Any member shall have benefit under this ordinance of all the time he has served in the department whether it be continuous or not.

Section 8. FUNDING EXPENSES. Upon the death of a member of this department the Board shall appropriate a sum not to exceed \$100.00 to the widow or family of such deceased member for funeral expenses.

Section 9. BENEFITS PROVIDED WHEN FUND INSUFFICIENT TO PAY IN FULL. If at any time the money in the fund is insufficient to the credit of said fund to make the monthly payments accruing hereunder, then the beneficiaries shall equally pro rate until such time as the condition of the fund shall be such that the full amount can be paid.

Section 10. GIFTS AND DONATIONS. Any gifts and donations which may be made to said fund, and the receipts from entertainments given by or under the auspices of the Fire Department, proceeds, fees, proceeds or gifts and donations, that may be paid or given on account of extraordinary service of any officer, member or employee of said department shall be paid into said fund.

Section 11. HOW PAID INTO SAID FUND. All moneys that may be paid into said fund shall be paid into the relief fund of the State pursuant to any law now or hereafter enacted.

Section 12. MONIES NOT TRANSFERRED TO GENERAL FUND. Monies remaining in the fund at the close of the fiscal year in said relief fund shall not be transferred to any other fund.

Section 13. FUNDS—HOW INVESTED. The board of trustees shall have the power to draw such funds as are credited to the relief fund of the Fire Department from the provision of this ordinance, from the Treasurer, and may invest the same or any part thereof in the name of the Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund, in interest-bearing bonds of the United States of the State of Colorado, or any County or municipal corporation of the State, or in School District Bonds. All such securities shall be deposited with the City Treasurer and the interest received from the investments of same shall be credited to said fund.

Section 14. WHO SHALL RECEIVE BENEFITS. If any person shall be entitled to the benefits of any of the provisions hereof unless he now be or hereafter become a member or employee of the Fire Department of the City, in the classified service of the City, he shall be entitled to the benefits of this ordinance, from the Treasurer, and may invest the same or any part thereof in the name of the Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund, in interest-bearing bonds of the United States of the State of Colorado, or any County or municipal corporation of the State, or in School District Bonds. All such securities shall be deposited with the City Treasurer and the interest received from the investments of same shall be credited to said fund.

Section 15. SICK BENEFITS. Any member of the Fire Department who is unable to perform his duties or employment in said department on account of injury or sickness and who is laid off on half pay on account of such injury or sickness shall receive above provided, for such time only as he is laid off and receives half pay from the City.

Wants

WANTED Male Help
WELL ESTABLISHED MANUFACTURING CORPORATION DESIRES LOCAL SALES REPRESENTATIVE. BRIGHT, YOUNG, AGGRESSIVE MAN. WELL ACQUAINTED. PREFERRED. STRAIGHT SALARIED BASIS. EXCELLENT PROSPECTS FOR ADVANCEMENT. SATISFACTORY REFERENCES REQUIRED. ADDRESS BOX M-37, CARE GAZETTE.

YOUNG MAN BE A BARBER—teach you quickly, cheaply, thoroughly, and furnish tools. I give you also a visit and see how you like the receipts. Write me for catalogue. A. B. Moler, President Moler College, Denver, Colo.

WANTED—For a month of six weeks, to deliver Telephone Directories there. See Mills, 118 N. Nevada, after 6:30 tonight. Phone Main 782.

WANTED—For a month of six weeks, good all-around stenographer, principally letter writing, no office work. Address at once, M-71, Gazette.

TWO young men to work on trains—news agents; must come well recommended and with \$10 security. Barka, 164 Bros. News Co., 429 E. Pikes Peak.

WANTED—Painters and carpenters to exchange work for desirable lots. Part cash paid. The Hastings-Allen Co., 110 N. Telson.

WANTED—Experienced cylinder press feeder, large machine; card man only. Out West Printing Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

WANTED—Experienced collectors, no other need apply. 322 S. Wabash, after 6 p. m.

WANTED—Several good ranch hands. Free Employment Office, 126 S. Nevada.

WANTED—Would exchange rent of furnished rooms for painting and kalsomining. 165 S. Prospect, Ph. 1369.

CARPENTER—Work wanted in exchange for merchandise. 216 N. Telson.

WANTED—Common labor in exchange for mules. 518 N. Telson.

WOULD—exchange rent of furnished 3-room house for labor. M-26, Gaz.

WANTED Female Help
EMPLOYMENT BUREAU—First National Bank Bldg. Mrs. Rhind, Phone Main 1405.

MRS. HENDERSON, 122 E. Kiowa, furnishes experienced help, with references, both male and female.

EXPERIENCED white girl for general housework; must be good cook. Call mornings 1414 S. Telson.

FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE
Furnishes help and position; no charges. 326 S. Nevada. Phone Main 639.

WANTED Situations
GOOD cook and housekeeper, fond of children, would like position as housekeeper for widow with children. Call afternoons at 230 East Huertano.

WANT position as chauffeur; good driver; recommend for past 3 years; no objection to lawn house work; for quick interview, address Steve Shelton, General Delivery.

COLORADO woman, general work, day or small boarding house, reference. Phone 3596 J.

SWISS girl, speaks French and German fluently, as nurse or nursery governess; good references. S. Moler, General Delivery, Denver.

WOMAN wants to do cleaning, best city references. Address H. L. Bennett, 12 S. Corona.

POSITION of any kind wanted by young man, references. P. O. Box 553, City.

RELIABLE woman wants housekeeping position; will leave city. E. 34 E. Pikes Peak.

Position by first-class cook, references. Main 1422.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER
429 Hagerman Building.

WANTED—Care of small child. White M-66, Gazette.

COMPETENT housekeeper wants a position. Address M-55, Gazette.

WANTED Miscellaneous
WANTED—A typewriter, will exchange a new field glass with best chromatic lenses; also some cash. Apply to Dr. C. L. Lome, 20 S. Telson St., upstairs.

BOTTLES AND JUNK
Highest prices paid, also second-hand clothing and furniture bought. Phone 3288.

HIGHEST price paid ladies' and gents' left-off clothes. Phone 304, 22 E. Huertano.

SAFETY blades sharpened. Sun Drug Co. and Pender's cigar store.

HIGHEST prices for 2nd-hand clothing, shoes. 18 E. Huertano. Ph. 535.

ASH pits cleaned, package mailed, job work done. Phone Main 1994.

STORAGE & TRANSFER
REMEMBER—the name, SMITH, when you have fine furniture to move or prepare for storage. Every business excels in some particular line, this is the work; we are prepared to please the most exacting. Phone 100, SMITH'S STORAGE AND TRANSFER CO.

STORAGE MILLER, he stores your goods right 107 S. Nevada.

CARPET CLEANING
VACUUM CARPET CLEANING CO. makes your carpets look like new. No steaming to injure dyes. No beating to rub seams.

AGENCY FOR A. H. WHITE FLUFF RUGS
CLYDE A. ROBERTS
PHONE M. 276, 543 W. HUERTANO.

CALL the Sanitary when you want carpets cleaned, laid, remodeled and bound. All work called for and delivered. Telephone 377, S. D. White, Prop. E. A. Forbes, Mgr.

FOR RENT HOUSES

Furnished
LIVE IN MANITOU

Lean one of our completely furnished bungalows, in the heart of Manitou; best central location; clean, sanitary, strictly modern; and at reasonable rates. Get off the car at soda springs and apply on grounds. Manitou Bungalow Co.

HOUSE TO LEASE
I will lease my 14-room, fully modern, well furnished residence to responsible party (no others need apply) for one year. Geo. W. Wigger, 292 S. Wabash.

7 ROOMS; bath and laundry; nicely and completely furnished; coal and gas; central location; good neighborhood; no children; inquire 508 E. Cache la Poudre. Ph. 2307.

MODERN tent cottages, well located for all conveniences. Especially arranged for tubercular cases. Call 3034, Colorado Bldg. Phone M. 1127.

FULLY modern, 5-room cottage, furnished or unfurnished. 1024 N. Webster. St. Apply at 525 N. Webster. Phone 3505-J.

FULLY modern, 7-room house on east line in Ivywild, \$25. Call No. 5, Cheyenne Blvd.

4 ROOM modern house, 18th St. west Main. Apply Kennecott Hotel. Phone Main 1781.

FOR 5 mp, 11-room, furnished home, modern; N. Nevada; references required. Phone Main 274.

FOR RENT—Furnished, or unfurnished, the best located 13-room house on P. P. Ave. 508 E. P. P. Ave.

6 ROOM, furnished, strictly modern, 23 Boulder Crescent. Call mornings or phone 539 after 2 p. m.

HOUSE of 2 large rooms, partly modern. Call afternoons, 528 W. Pikes Peak.

NEWLY papered 2-room cottage, also housekeeping rooms. 428 E. Platte. Phone 3511 W.

COST flat with a No. 1 S. B. sleeping porch, modern. Phone M. 551 J.

2 ROOM modern house, furnished. Inquire 1028 N. Wabash.

SMALL two-room cottage for rent. 733 E. Boulder.

4 ROOM modern house, well furnished. Apply 810 E. Platte.

2 ROOM, well-furnished tent cottages, gas and lights. 106 Cheyenne road.

2 ROOM furnished house, in rear. 815 E. Wabash.

COTTAGE of 4 rooms, modern. 1514 N. El Paso. Phone 2881.

4 ROOM, furnished house, close in. Inquire 14 S. Corona. Phone Red 284.

7 ROOM house, completely furnished (3 bedrooms), piano. Phone Main 1167.

8 ROOM house, furnished or unfurnished. 229 E. Telson. Phone 4006-J.

FOR RENT—Furnished 3-room cottage, close in. Main 1692.

POULTRY SUNDRIES

HEALTHY hens are profitable, make good brock feeders, active, vigorous and big egg producers with Peats Poultry Regulator, satisfaction guaranteed. L. M. Hunt Grain Co.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Buff Orpington eggs for setting, 50c per 15. Also a mixed lot of laying hens, cheap. Call 1028 S. Cascade Ave.

120-EGG hot-water incubator, brooder, baby chicks. White Wyandotte fertile eggs. Call after 3 p. m. 515 E. Yampa.

VIGOROUS, egg-laying strain, S. C. R. I. Reds, 50c per setting. 1811 N. Nevada. Phone 3807-J.

EGGS for setting, W. Orpington, W. Leghorn, B. B. Red, Rhode Island, E. St. Vrain.

THOROUGH bred Rhode Island Red, for hot eggs. W. Roberts, 1138 N. Pine.

FOR SALE—Incubator, 250-egg Cyphers, 1/2 price. Clark, 817 E. San Miguel.

FOR SALE—About 5 doz. pure White Leghorn hens. 1110 N. Cooper.

AUTOMOBILES

TRADE
We have some very rare bargains in used cars. Call and see them at The G. W. Blake Auto Co.

\$265.00
Buy a good four-cylinder auto, fully equipped and in good shape. Write M-33, Gazette.

5 ACRES, 1 1/2 miles out of Canon City, under ditch, ready to plant for good, 5-passenger auto. 610 S. Telson.

WILL TRADE—horse for automobile. See J. M. Buxter, Cheyenne hotel. Phone 324.

MISCELLANEOUS

WALL PAPER, paper hanging, cheap, neat and best in town. Michael. Phone Main 723, 1227 P. Boulder St.

PAINTING & PAPERING
D. WALDEN—Painting and calendering, first-class work, reasonable. Phone 1249 3/4.

GEO. H. RUHLER, contractor, Painting, paper hanging, kalsomining; references. Phone Main 2504.

FOR kalsomining, paper hanging and painting, telephone Main 4038-J.

HOUSE MOVERS

WE will move your buildings or rent you tools to do your moving and raising. M. 1271, 119 N. Telson. Block wood and kindling.

Massage and Manicure

MME. J. SCHRADE, scientific massage parlors, Swedish movements, electric vibration. 311-2 Hagerman Bldg.

BATHS

MOOREFIELD'S sulphur bath, 75c, 85c, 21c, 10c. M. 1066, 424 N. Telson.

FOR RENT HOUSES

Unfurnished
FOR RENT, UNFURNISHED

2 ROOMS, modern except heat, suitable for rooming house. \$50.00. 4 rooms, modern ex. heat, close in, good location, on-car line, east. 15.00. 6 rooms, mod. ex. heat, on-car line, south. 12.00. 4 rooms, mod. ex. heat, northeast. 15.00.

H. A. SCURR
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance, 20 S. Telson St.

THE GLADSTONE
Apartment of 4 rooms, sleeping porch, steam heat, hot water, janitor service. See janitor. Phone 2324, 40 S. Boulder.

FIVE rooms, fully modern, hot water heat, large lot, chicken yard and garden; fenced, range and gas. 1418 N. Wabash. Inquire A. Baylis, Colo. college.

8 W. CORNER Telson and Columbia; 6 rooms, well light and first-class sleeping porch; \$30.00 month. H. M. Garry. Phone M. 580.

2 ROOMS, modern, 1625 N. Forest, big yard, bath, inquire L. H. Rouse. Phone Main 726.

THE BARTON—3-room, mod. apartment vacant today. Inquire 116 N. Wabash.

6 ROOM apartment, 30 E. Dale. Phone Main 2271.

5 ROOM unfurnished house, modern. Apply 243 N. Institute.

LATONIA apartment of 4 rooms. See janitor or phone 745.

4 ROOM modern flat, porch, coal and gas range. 314 E. Monument.

6 ROOM cottage, modern except heat. 418 E. Platte. Apply Wm. Clark.

1601 S. CASCADE—New modern 5-room cottage, gas and fireplace, rent cheap.

FOR RENT—6-room modern house, 311 E. Telson. Phone Main 3580 W.

4 ROOM apartment, modern, ground floor. Call 842 E. Platte. Phone 1549.

7 ROOM house, close in, not modern, cheap. Phone M. 1140.

2 ROOM cottage, water inside, lights; in good condition. 710 N. Wabash.

CLAIRVOYANTS

MOVED—Mrs. Sampson, noted psychic, has removed from 1134 E. Pikes Peak to 107 S. Telson (opposite). Readings daily, meetings Sunday and Tuesday evenings, 8 o'clock sharp.

SPIRITUAL meeting, Sun. evenings, 8 o'clock, National hotel, Colo. City. Mrs. Wheeler. Address on all matters, especially mining. Hours, 1 to 5 p. m. Sundays by appointment.

FOR RENT OFFICES

FOR RENT—Desk room in pleasant office. Inquire room 3, Independence Building.

FOR RENT—Office rooms, single or on suite. Gazette Building. Apply Gazette Business Office.

FOR RENT—Offices in Barnes building, 114 E. Pikes Peak Ave.

DRESSMAKING

EKROTH PIAN. Dressmaking, parlors, 405 DeGraff Building. Phone 1588.

DRESSMAKING—Prices reasonable. 21 S. Weber. Red 173. Mrs. Darling.

SEWING by the day. Mrs. Nichols. Phone 3780-W. 718 N. Nevada.

EXPERIENCED New York dressmaker, by day or at home. 604 N. Walnut.

FOR SALE LUMBER

FOR SALE—Lumber and mill work. 200 DeGraff Bldg. 1st floor. Best way for you. Telephone Main 102.

For Sale or Exchange

1 MATCH spades, any state. List your exchange with me. 1114 North York while. E. J. Seaman (Exchange Speculator), First National Bank Bldg.

FOR SALE—On trade, top delivery and open spring wagon for buggy. Call Park Bakery, 214 N. Telson St.

160 ACRES, Arkansas, valley, land, clean, good water right for clearing property. Harden, 110 N. Telson.

LARGE, nearly new soda fountain, complete. P. O. Box 134, Manitou, Colo.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

LARGE mare and horse, \$15.00; pair, 2-year-old, horse, \$15.00; two good work horses, \$140.00; good mare and horse, \$225.00; harness and wagon, 605 W. Huertano.

FOR SALE—Good mare; weighs between 1200 and 1300 lbs. 112 N. El Paso.

FOR SALE—Good young driving horse, abt. 1,000 lbs. 427 Colo. Ave. Colo. City.

WANTED—Horse for its keep, might pay small rental. Write M-33, Gaz.

FIVE teams for sale, 603 W. Huertano. Phone Main 722.

FOR RENT Miscellaneous

10,000 FEET of hand lumber, 12-inch boards and dimension stuff, cheap. Address: M-70, Gazette.

BUSINESS CHANCES

FOR SALE—On account of poor health, I will sell one of the best-paying cash businesses in the city, or might take a partner. Profits over \$5,000 per year; \$5,000 cash, balance on time. Price \$5,500. No commissions. A fine business for partners. P. O. Box 718.

FOR SALE—A good, licensed drug store at a very reasonable price. Address M-65, Gazette.

BAKERY for rent. Apply to Knowles, Institute and Cache la Poudre St.

ESTABLISHED bicycle shop for sale, 314 N. Weber St.

ROOMING house for sale on account of ill health. 409 N. Telson.

Cleaning and Pressing

403 S. Telson. Phone 1577.

FOR RENT ROOMS

Furnished
THE SAVOY

Elephant rooms, single or on suite, with or without bath, gas, and garage; fine grounds; only two blocks north of Antlers hotel. 14 W. Bijou.

NICE sunny rooms on second floor, sleeping porch; housekeeping rooms on third floor. 611 N. Cascade. Phone 2436.

THE La Court rooms, 301 South Telson St. We have a few rooms, steam heat, hot and cold water, at reasonable rates. Mrs. P. Van Horn.

TWO large, sunny rooms, on suite, first floor, gas and coal ranges. 13 E. Wabash.

FIRST floor, rooms, suitable for offices; also rooms on second floor. Hadden Hall, opposite postoffice.

LOVELY 2d and 4th floor rooms, housekeeping, or otherwise. 528 N. Weber. Phone 3505-J.

3 ROOMS for housekeeping, 15 month. 518 N. Nevada.

TWO or four-room flat, modern; heat, light furnished; north. Phone 2183.

LARGE front room, with above, close in. 36 W. Bijou.

816 E. ST. VRAIN—Warm, sunny rooms; modern house; no invalids.

NICELY furnished, 2-room apartment, modern. 422 E. Pikes Peak.

ONE nice, light housekeeping room. 516 N. Telson. Phone 3505-J.

FOR SALE Miscellaneous

LAWN mower, 15-hp. machine, at great bargain. 43 ft. 4-in. hose, spading fork, mowing tool, 34 ft. 18-in. rabbit wire, mop bucket and ringer, crocks, fruit basket, lady's glove, frame, saw, square, claw shovel, etc. 214 N. Nevada.

SINGER sewing machines, new. Sold on terms, \$2.00 per month, rent, \$2.00 per month. 15-hp. machine, at great bargain. All makes repaired. Singer Sewing Machine Co., 14 E. Cornhill, Mgr. 219 N. Telson. Phone Black 15.

FOUR-GAL Jersey cow, corn blinder, mowing machine, spading deep-tillage machine, 300 pounds cut muffs, 3,000-pound muffs, partly broken. Good 37 repaired. Duroc Jersey hogs. Phone M. 814 or 274.

ALL KINDS of fruit, shade and ornamental trees at eastern prices. Home-grown shrubs, shrubs and vines. Halls, 355 E. Las Vegas.

BRAND NEW sewing machines with modern attachments, for rent at 25c per week. 15-hp. machine, at great bargain. White Sewing Machine Co., 167 E. Versado St. Phone Main 2860.

SEWING machines, all makes, \$5 and up, rented, \$1.50 per month, charge for delivery, cleared, and adjusted. S. J. Guaranteed. Chase Sewing Machine Co., 265 S. Telson. Phone 2071.

BEST installing machinery for modern motorcycle, bicycle, repairing. Work guaranteed. Fine bicycles and supplies; free air. 123 E. Kiowa.

MOTORCYCLE FOR SALE—A practically new 1912 4-horsepower, single-cylinder, with free engine, cheap for cash. The G. W. Blake Auto Co.

ALPACA fur, heavy, heavy fur, wabans, driving horse. Wanted. Spray pump, young oxen. 222 Cheyenne, Col. Maple, Ivywild. Ph. 1037.

ASSORTMENT shade and fruit trees, shrubs, etc. Inexpensive. 106 W. Cheyenne road.

COMPLETE set Encyclopaedia Britannica, cheap. Phone Hyland 71.

NEW Ohio maple syrup, none better, order on approval, \$1.85 gal. 318 N. Nevada Ave.

FOR SALE—Young Cuban talking parrot, and cage, small refrigerator, other articles. Call at 129 N. Pine.

16 HEAD of fresh cows and springers. Vergeron Bros., Box 622, Colorado Springs. Ranch near Napoleon creek.

FINE wood, \$3.50 per load; split kindling, \$1.50 per wagon load; 5 large sacks kindling. 31. Phone 2141.

FOR SALE—Cheap 1-ton rapid delivery truck, for cash only. Inquire 717 N. Weber.

FOR SALE—Box's wheel, Yale 2 1/2 inch frame, coasted brake. 706 W. Pikes Peak.

FOR SALE

Old Grist Mill Dog Bread

It's very nutritious and highly recommended by leading dog fanciers. Prize winners at the shows, where condition counts so much, are invariably fed on Old Grist Mill Dog Bread.

If your dog is not thriving, try him on this splendid dog bread, which is made from Old Grist Mill Health Flour, beef, bone meal, rice and vegetables. It will bring him back to condition.

In bulk, 1 lb. 3 lbs. for 25c.
In packages, 25c. Puppy Bread 10c and 25c.

Burgess

PHONE MAIN EIGHTY-THREE
112-114 N. TEJON ST.

POLARIS

119 S. TEJON

Splendid opportunities to economize in
SUITS, COATS and DRESSES

Come in and try them on.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Forecast Colorado—Light rains and snows any colder. Thursday, Friday fair.

The following meteorological record is furnished by the Colorado college weather bureau for the 24 hours ending at 6 p. m.:

Temperature at 6 a. m.	41
Temperature at 12 m.	61
Temperature at 6 p. m.	47
Maximum temperature	61
Minimum temperature	33
Mean temperature	50
Max. bar. pressure, inches	29.7
Min. bar. pressure, inches	29.2
Mean velocity of wind per hour	2.5
Max. velocity of wind per hour	30
Relative humidity at noon	14
Dew point at noon	14
Precipitation in inches	0

CITY BRIEFS

FOR quick service, call Quick Delivery. Phone Main 2000 and 3000. Adv.

DR. DANIEL J. SCULLY has removed his office to No. 2 North Cascade avenue. Telephone Main 14. Adv.

FOR SALE—A good licensed drug store at a very reasonable price. Address M. G. Gazette. Adv.

MARRIAGE LICENSE—A marriage license was issued to Daniel K. Watson, 46, and Mrs. Mary Louise, 44, both of Colorado Springs.

BOOSTER MEETING—The Colorado Springs Boosters' association will meet tonight in its rooms in the old Chamber of Commerce building.

THE ONLY FIREPROOF GARAGE—This city charges the same or less for storage, repairs, supplies and valuations. Call and see. The G. W. Blake Auto Co. Adv.

A MISUNDERSTANDING seems to prevail regarding the Ford agency and our advertising department. We are most assuredly continuing to sell Ford automobiles and to advertise them. G. W. Blake Auto Co. Adv.

BIRTH—Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Fletcher of 28 East Platte avenue are parents of a son, born last Sunday. Mr. Fletcher is president and manager of the Pike's Peak Transfer and Storage Co.

LECTURE TONIGHT—Professor C. J. H. Tont of Abbotford, British Columbia will lecture in Perkins hall this evening at 8:15 o'clock on "The Pictographic Scripts of the Ancients and Their Relation to Our Own Phonetic Symbols." The lecture will be illustrated with stereopticon views showing how writing has developed from the day of the cave dwellers up to our present alphabet. The lecture is open to all without charge.

HUEBNER ILL—Guido C. Huebner of Kansas City, who has been clarinet soloist for the Aldland band for several summers, is ill at the Lennox hotel. His physician ordered him to come to Colorado. It is believed

that he will be recovered in time to play with the band.

DUNNING OUT—SOON—Manager W. S. Dunning of the Antlers hotel, who has been ill of pneumonia for some time, is much better. It is expected that he will be able to be out in a week or 10 days.

SERIES of four Domestic Science lectures at Cliff House, Manitou, on Sat., Mon. and Tues. by Mrs. Chas. B. McCoy, member National Federation Women's clubs, for benefit St. Andrews choir. 50 cents for the four lectures. Adv.

RISSEY ILL—James P. Rissey is suffering from an attack of pneumonia. He is at Bethel hospital.

WYLEY BROS., Undertakers and Embalmers, 18 E. Kiowa, Phone 229. Adv.

Demonstration today at Dwinell Hardware store on Chis-Namel Ready-to-use Graining, Staining and Varnishing process. Also for painting for spring house cleaning. We teach you to be come an expert in five minutes. Adv.

MISS RANDALL RECOVERING CONSCIOUSNESS GRADUALLY

Mrs. Pearl Randall, the 16-year-old girl, who is at St. Francis hospital as the result of injuries sustained Sunday afternoon in a motorcycle accident, is gradually becoming more and more nearly conscious. The physicians say that they will be unable to tell how badly she is injured until she becomes conscious.

Colorado City DEPARTMENT

RECTORY ROBBED OF \$14

Fourteen dollars, together with the collections for last Sunday morning at the church of the Good Shepherd, were stolen from the rectory of the church Sunday night while the Rev. V. D. Penley and family were absent. The money was in a tin box on the top of the library shelf. The key of the house had been left under some papers on the porch and the thieves who, for this reason, are thought to be boys more or less familiar with the place, used it to gain entrance to the house. This is the third time since the Rev. Mr. Penley has occupied the rectory that it has been robbed.

HEED THE COUGH THAT
HANGS ON

The seeds of consumption may be in luck, and a cough that hangs on weakens your system and lowers your vital resistance to disease. Take Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. It stops the cough, heals the inflamed membranes, and strengthens the lungs. Dr. D. Rountree, Stillmore, Ga., says: "My Grannie left me with a deep-seated, hacking and painful cough, from which I could get no relief until I took Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. It completely cured me." Refuse substitutes. Robinson Drug Co. Adv.

Have your prescriptions and
recipes filled by graduate
pharmacists at

Opera House Drug Co.
2 Phone, Main 491-492

Spring Is Here

The cold winter is past and you can safely put your furs away. But protect them from injury by using moth balls. Then they will come out in the fall nice and whole.

F. L. Gutmann
Remember, We Sell No Liquors
Telephones 311 and 312
Corner Tejon and Bijou
Prescription Drugist

YOU CAN DO BETTER AT

Make
Daniels'
store
your home
store.

The Old Daniels
THE STORE FOR ALL THE PEOPLE

You get
good
goods
at
Daniels'.

SPECIAL FOR THURSDAY

\$16.50 Collapsible Go-Cart	\$11.25
30.00 Spanish Leather Rocker	21.50
16.50 Mahogany Parlor Cabinet	9.75
15.00 Fumed Oak Morris Chair	9.50
3.75 Macey Sectional Cases, all sizes. Finish: Quartered Oak, Fumed Oak or Early English	2.75
3.50 Wicker Rocker	2.65

We have now on display a new line of Brass Reading Lamps and Electric Domes. Complete line of Buck's Ranges for gas, coal or wood at Daniels.

Daniels' way makes it easy to pay.

The Old Daniels
Successor to
Tucker Furniture Co.
106-8 N. Tejon St.
Phone M. 645.

You will like trading at DANIELS'.

20 lbs. Fine Granulated Sugar \$1.00

With a \$1.00 Grocery Order

5 lbs. Fresh Clean Spinach	25c	4 CANS STANDARD CORN
3 boxes Black Swan Matches	10c	25c
5 lbs. Bulk Starch	25c	
5 lbs. Broken Rice	25c	

25 LBS. FINE GRANULATED SUGAR \$1.00
With a \$5.00 Retail Grocery Order

W. H. FOSTER

24 N. TEJON. PHONES MAIN 260-261

Save One Day COLORADO MIDLAND R'Y

Will Reinstates Its

Double Daily Train Service Sunday, April 6th

Trains westbound will leave Colorado Springs at 12:05 p. m. and 5:45 p. m. Eastbound will arrive 5:05 a. m. and 5:30 p. m. By using the night trains you can visit any Western Slope point and be away only

ONE BUSINESS DAY

If you want to see the scenery, take the day trains and see the BEST SCENIC LINE Through Standard Pullman on the night train to Leadville and Grand Junction. Through Observation Pullman on the day train to Ogden and Salt Lake City. Tickets and information, 121 E. Pike's Peak Ave. Phone Main 376.

N. L. DREW,
General Agent.



H. E. GARDNER,
City Passenger Agent.

One Month of
Colonist Rate
\$30.00
California, Arizona,
Oregon and Washington
MARCH 15 TO APRIL 15



Tourist Sleeper Rate \$4.50.
C. C. HOYT, C. P. A.
118 East Pike's Peak Ave.

GRAND OPERA at DENVER

Round Trip \$3.00
Rate

April 10th & 11th

LIMIT APRIL 14



118 E. Pike's Peak Ave.
C. C. HOYT,
C. P. A.

You Get Results From Gazette Wants

GIDDINGS BROS

An Extensive Showing of Spring Rugs, Carpets and Draperies

Beyond Usefulness, There Is Charm! Today's demands are for the blending of utility and beauty. It is not enough that household goods be useful. They must also possess the charm of design and finish. They must be ideas creations. In our stocks you will find that, irrespective of price, we have searched the markets and found those things that delight most, including costly and the least costly. Our stocks of rugs, carpets and draperies are larger than of any previous season and surely the largest ever shown in Colorado Springs. You are cordially invited to come in and inspect the stock. 3rd floor.

SEE THE WINDOW DISPLAY

Oriental Rugs

Largest stock of Oriental rugs we have ever shown in both room size and small, including Beloochistan, Mahals, Irans and Mossouls, in a wonderful variety of colorings and the most handsome patterns ever manufactured.

Domestic Rugs

In this section we are showing a variety of patterns in such delightful colorings that will be bound to please any taste. Included are the well-known Bigelow and Whittall rugs, which are the standard of American made rugs, represented in Wiltons, Axminsters, Body Brussels and Tapestry Brussels. Prices on sizes 9x12 \$16.00 to \$60.00. Other sizes priced in proportion.

Carpet by the Yard

We are showing an extensive line of carpets by the yard, to be made up into rugs or to cover the entire floor.

Bigelow Electra Rugs

For this week we are making special prices on Bigelow Electra rugs. Prices as follows, according to sizes:

11 ft. 3 in. by 12 ft.; regular \$35.00, for	\$29.00
9 by 12 ft.; regular \$25.00 for	\$21.00
8 ft. 3 in. by 10 ft. 6 in.; regular \$22.50, for	\$19.00
6 ft. by 9 ft.; regular \$16.50, for	\$13.50
4 ft. 6 in. by 7 ft. 6 in.; regular \$11.00, for	\$9.00
36 in. by 72 in.; regular \$4.50, for	\$3.50
27 in. by 60 in.; regular \$3.00, for	\$2.35

Handsome Draperies Make the Home Attractive

There is nothing more attractive, inviting and comforting than an attractive home or room. Our stock of the new spring and summer draperies is now complete. Drapery goods for portieres and overdrapes that will give an attractive "finish" to a room, in light and medium weight.

May Our Upholstering Department Be of Service to You?

We are better equipped than ever to take care of your needs. Any time you have work of this kind to be done let us make you a price.

I Cure Piles

Permanently, by simple local treatments. No knife, no chloroform, no danger. Thousands of cured patients in all parts of Colorado. Established 15 years. Free 66-page book will give particulars. Call or write for it.

DR. J. F. BOWERS

BARTH BLOCK
DENVER, COLO.

For Cut Flowers call CRUMP

Phone 502 511 E. Columbia

Modern conditions of life are creating a world-wide demand for more modern Plumbing and Heating, better sanitation, more artistic fixtures and devices—a demand for work that shows greater skill, for work that will stand a longer test of years. This is what I endeavor to give my patrons.

F. E. BUMSTEAD
Plumbing and Heating
414 E. Dale St. Phone Main 597

OF INTEREST

to piano buyers. We have a complete line and can suit you in price and quality.

KNIGHT-CAMPBELL MUSIC CO.
122 North Tejon

THE GAZETTE DELIVERED TO
YOUR HOME FOR
60¢ A MONTH

The Gazette Delivered for 60c per Month

WANTED
\$20,000 at 7%

10,000 Acre Tract
Stanton County, Kansas

The Bennett-Shellenberger Realty Company
REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE AND LOANS
5 PIKES PEAK AVENUE

Established in 1871, With the To

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